

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009. (Page 1 of 7)		
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS		
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information
1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 58,000 Chinook and an impact equivalent quota of 225,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). 2. Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 20,000 Chinook and 36,000 marked coho. 3. Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting 4. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 45,000 Chinook and an impact equivalent quota of 225,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). 2. Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 22,500 Chinook and an impact equivalent quota of 36,000 marked coho. 3. Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting 4. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 20,000 Chinook and an impact equivalent quota of 200,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). 2. Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 10,000 Chinook and 32,000 marked coho. 3. Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting 4. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.
<b>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May 2 through earlier of June 30 or 13,400 Chinook quota.</li> </ul> Saturday through Tuesday with a landing and possession limit of 75 Chinook per vessel for each open period north of Leadbetter Point or 75 Chinook south of Leadbetter Point (C.1, C.8.e). All salmon except coho (C.7). Cape Flattery, Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	<b>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May 1 through earlier of June 30 or 15,100 Chinook quota.</li> </ul> Open May 1-5, then Saturday through Tuesday thereafter, with a landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel for each open period north of Leadbetter Point or 50 Chinook south of Leadbetter Point (C.1, C.8.e). All salmon except coho. (C.7). Cape Flattery, Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	<b>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May 2 through earlier of June 30 or 6,700 Chinook quota.</li> </ul> Saturday through Tuesday with a landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel for each open period north of Leadbetter Point or 50 Chinook south of Leadbetter Point (C.1, C.8.e). All salmon except coho (C.7). Cape Flattery and Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area Control Zones closed (C.5). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).
Oregon State regulations require that fishers south of Cape Falcon, OR intending to fish within this area notify Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife before transiting the Cape Falcon, OR line (45°46'00" N. lat.) at the following number: 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land their fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).		

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009 (Page 2 of 7)		
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS		
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III
<p><b>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</b>                      The following season structure will operate subject to a 6,600 preseason Chinook guideline (C.8) or an impact equivalent quota of 36,000 marked coho (C.8.d).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>July 4-21, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 35 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per open period north of Leadbetter Point or 35 Chinook and 100 coho south of Leadbetter Point. (C.1, C.8.e).</li> <li>August 15-25, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 35 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per open period north of Leadbetter Point or 20 Chinook and 150 coho south of Leadbetter Point(C.1, C.8.e).</li> <li>August 29-September 15, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 10 Chinook and 250 coho per vessel per open period between Queets River and Leadbetter Point or 10 Chinook and 250 coho per vessel per open period south of Leadbetter Point. Closed north of Queets River (C.1, C.8.e).</li> </ul> <p>All Salmon except no chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington beginning August 1 (C.7). All coho must have a healed adipose fin clip prior to August 29 (C.8.d). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Cape Flattery, Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5).</p>	<p><b>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</b>                      The following season structure will operate subject to a 7,000 preseason Chinook guideline (C.8) or an impact equivalent quota of 36,000 marked coho (C.8.d).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>July 4-28, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 30 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per open period (C.1, C.8.e).</li> <li>August 1 through September 15 Landing and possession limit of 0 Chinook and 30 coho per vessel per open period (C.1, C.8.e). <u>Gear restricted to flashers with barbless hooks and pink hoochies less than three inches in total length or flashers with barbless bare blued hooks.</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>Cape Alava to Queets River: July 4 through September 15, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 30 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per open period (C.1, C.8.e).</li> <li>Queets River to Cape Falcon:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>July 4 through August 25, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 30 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per open period north of Leadbetter Point or 30 Chinook and 100 coho south of Leadbetter Point. (C.1, C.8.e).</li> <li>August 29 through September 15, Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 10 Chinook and 200 coho per vessel per open period north of Leadbetter Point or 10 Chinook and 200 coho south of Leadbetter Point. (C.1, C.8.e). <b>Coho mark selective regulations not in effect.</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>All Salmon except no chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington beginning August 1 (C.7). <u>All coho must have a healed adipose fin clip except August 29 through September 15 south of Queets River (C.8.d).</u> See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, and Columbia Control Zones closed; Cape Flattery control Zone closed prior to August 1(C.5).</p>	<p><b>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>July 1 through the earlier of Sept. 15 or 3,300 preseason Chinook guideline (C.8) or a 32,000 marked coho quota</li> </ul> <p>Open July 1-2, then Saturday through Tuesday thereafter, with a landing and possession limit of 35 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel for each open period north of Leadbetter Point or 25 Chinook and 200 coho south of Leadbetter Point (C.1, C.8.e). All Salmon except no chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington beginning August 1 (C.7). All coho must have a healed adipose fin clip. Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5).</p>
<p>Oregon State regulations require that fishers south of Cape Falcon, OR intending to fish within this area notify Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife before transiting the Cape Falcon, OR line (45°46'00" N. lat.) at the following number: 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. <u>Option II: August 29 through September 15 vessels may not fish in more than one of the four defined subarea during any given open period.</u> Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land their fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>		

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009. (Page 3 of 7)		
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS		
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Sacramento River Basin recreational fishery catch assumption: 65 adult Sacramento River fall Chinook.</li> <li>2. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 30,800.</li> <li>3. Klamath tribal allocation: 30,900.</li> <li>4. Overall recreational TAC: 117,000 marked coho</li> <li>5. Commercial coho TAC: 11,000 coho with no mark-selective restriction, plus impact neutral inseason transfer of surplus recreational TAC less than 110,000 prior to September 1 (C.8.f).</li> <li>6. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, or other management objectives.</li> <li>7. Fisheries may need to be implemented by emergency rule pending a decision on Sacramento River Basin fisheries from the California Fish and Game Commission.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Sacramento River Basin recreational fishery closed to salmon retention June 1 through December 31.</li> <li>2. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 30,800.</li> <li>3. Klamath tribal allocation: 30,900.</li> <li>4. Overall recreational TAC: 100,000 marked coho</li> <li>5. Commercial coho TAC: 10,000 coho with no mark-selective restriction, plus impact neutral inseason transfer of surplus recreational TAC less than 95,000 prior to September 1 (C.8.f).</li> <li>6. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, or other management objectives.</li> <li>7. Fisheries may need to be implemented by emergency rule pending a decision on Sacramento River Basin fisheries from the California Fish and Game Commission.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Sacramento River Basin recreational fishery closed to salmon retention June 1 through December 31.</li> <li>2. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 30,900.</li> <li>3. Klamath tribal allocation: 30,900.</li> <li>4. Overall recreational TAC: 70,000 marked coho</li> <li>5. Commercial coho TAC: 0.</li> <li>6. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, or other management objectives.</li> <li>7. Fisheries may need to be implemented by emergency rule pending a decision on Sacramento River Basin fisheries from the California Fish and Game Commission.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• September 1–30. All salmon with coho retention allowed through the earlier of September 30 or a coho quota of 11,000 plus any impact neutral inseason transfer from the Cape Falcon to OR/CA border recreational mark-selective coho quota prior to September 1 (C.8.f, C.9).</li> </ul> <p>Seven days per week with a landing and possession limit of 100 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per calendar week (C.1, C.8.e). All salmon, no coho mark-selective restriction (C.7). Chinook 27 inch total length minimum size (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay.</p> <p>In 2010, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 27 inch Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2010 meeting.</p>	<p><b>Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• September 1–30. All salmon with coho retention allowed through the earlier of September 30 or a coho quota of 10,000 plus any impact neutral inseason transfer from the Cape Falcon to OR/CA border recreational mark-selective coho quota prior to September 1 (C.8.f, C.9).</li> </ul> <p>Seven days per week with a landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook and 100 coho per vessel per calendar week (C.1, C.8.e). All salmon, no coho mark-selective restriction (C.7). Chinook 27 inch total length minimum size (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay.</p> <p>In 2010, same as Option I</p>	<p><b>Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• May 1 through August 31 (C.9).</li> </ul> <p>Closed, except that an experimental genetic stock identification study would be conducted with no terminal gear to test an electronic data entry and transfer system.</p>

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009. (Page 4 of 7)		
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS		
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III
<p><b>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>September 8 through earlier of September 30, or a 1,000 Chinook quota; (C.9)</li> </ul> <p>Seven days per week with a landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel per calendar week (C.1, C.8.e) All salmon except coho (C.7). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Chinook 27 inch total length minimum size limit (B). Vessels must land their fish in Port Orford, Gold Beach, or Brookings, Oregon, and within 24 hours of closure. State regulations require fishers intending to transport and deliver their catch to other locations after first landing in one of these ports notify ODFW prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.</p> <p>In 2010, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 27 inch Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2010 meeting.</p>	<p><b>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>September 8 through earlier of September 30, or a 500 Chinook quota; (C.9)</li> </ul> <p>Seven days per week with a landing and possession limit of 25 Chinook per vessel per calendar week (C.1, C.8.e) All salmon except coho (C.7). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Chinook 27 inch total length minimum size limit (B). Vessels must land their fish in Port Orford, Gold Beach, or Brookings, Oregon, and within 24 hours of closure. State regulations require fishers intending to transport and deliver their catch to other locations after first landing in one of these ports notify ODFW prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.</p> <p>In 2010, same as Option I</p>	
<p><b>OR/CA Border to U.S./Mexico Border</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Closed.</li> </ul>	<p><b>OR/CA Border to U.S./Mexico Border</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Closed.</li> </ul>	<p><b>OR/CA Border to U.S./Mexico Border</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Closed.</li> </ul>

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009. (Page 5 of 7)					
B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)					
Area (when open)	Chinook		Coho		Pink
	Total Length	Head-off	Total Length	Head-off	
North of Cape Falcon	28.0	21.5	16.0	12.0	None
Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border	27.0	21.5	16.0	12.0	None
OR/CA Border to U.S./Mexico Border	-	-	-	-	-

**C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS**

C.1. Compliance with Minimum Size or Other Special Restrictions: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if the area is open. Salmon may be landed in an area that has been closed more than 96 hours only if they meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught. Salmon may be landed in an area that has been closed less than 96 hours only if they meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the areas in which they were caught and landed.

States may require fish landing/receiving tickets be kept on board the vessel for 90 days after landing to account for all previous salmon landings.

C.2. Gear Restrictions: Salmon may be taken only by hook and line using barbless hooks.

- a. Single point, single shank, barbless hooks are required in all fisheries.
- b. Cape Falcon, Oregon, to the OR/CA border: No more than 4 spreads are allowed per line.
- c. OR/CA border to U.S./Mexico border: No more than 6 lines are allowed per vessel, and barbless circle hooks are required when fishing with bait by any means other than trolling.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

*Trolling defined:* Fishing from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions.

*Troll fishing gear defined:* One or more lines that drag hooks behind a moving fishing vessel. In that portion of the fishery management area (FMA) off Oregon and Washington, the line or lines must be affixed to the vessel and must not be intentionally disengaged from the vessel at any time during the fishing operation.

*Spread defined:* A single leader connected to an individual lure or bait.

*Circle hook defined:* A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

C.4. Transit Through Closed Areas with Salmon on Board: It is unlawful for a vessel to have troll or recreational gear in the water while transiting any area closed to fishing for a certain species of salmon, while possessing that species of salmon; however, fishing for species other than salmon is not prohibited if the area is open for such species, and no salmon are in possession.

<p>TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009. (Page 6 of 7)</p> <p><b>C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)</b></p>
---

- C.5. Control Zone Definitions:
- a. *Cape Flattery Control Zone* - The area from Cape Flattery (48°23'00" N. lat.) to the northern boundary of the U.S. EEZ; and the area from Cape Flattery south to Cape Alava (48°10'00" N. lat.) and east of 125°05'00" W. long.
  - b. *Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area* – The area in Washington Marine Catch Area 3 from 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. and connecting back to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long.
  - c. *Columbia Control Zone* - An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06'50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15'09" N. lat., 124°06'16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat., 124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long.), and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and, on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
  - d. *Bandon High Spot Control Zone* - The area west of a line between 43°07'00" N. lat.; 124°37'00" W. long. and 42°40'30" N. lat; 124° 52'0" W. long. extending to the western edge of the exclusive economic zone (EEZ).
  - e. *Klamath Control Zone* - The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately six nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west, by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and on the south, by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately six nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
- C.6. Notification When Unsafe Conditions Prevent Compliance with Regulations: If prevented by unsafe weather conditions or mechanical problems from meeting special management area landing restrictions, vessels must notify the U.S. Coast Guard and receive acknowledgment of such notification prior to leaving the area. This notification shall include the name of the vessel, port where delivery will be made, approximate amount of salmon (by species) on board, and the estimated time of arrival.
- C.7. Incidental Halibut Harvest: During authorized periods, the operator of a vessel that has been issued an incidental halibut harvest license may retain Pacific halibut caught incidentally in Area 2A while trolling for salmon. Halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length, measured from the tip of the lower jaw with the mouth closed to the extreme end of the middle of the tail, and must be landed with the head on. License applications for incidental harvest must be obtained from the International Pacific Halibut Commission (phone: 206-634-1838). Applicants must apply prior to April 1 of each year. Incidental harvest is authorized only during May and June troll seasons and after June 30 if quota remains and if announced on the NMFS hotline (phone: 800-662-9825). ODFW and Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) will monitor landings. If the landings are projected to exceed the 29,362 pound preseason allocation or the total Area 2A non-Indian commercial halibut allocation, NMFS will take inseason action to prohibit retention of halibut in the non-Indian salmon troll fishery.

*Option I:* Beginning May 1, license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each **two** Chinook, except **one** Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than **35** halibut may be landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

*Options II and III:* Beginning May 1, license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each **two** Chinook, except **three** Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than **35** halibut may be landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

**TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options adopted by the Council for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2009. (Page 7 of 7)**

**C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)**

A "C-shaped" yelloweye rockfish conservation area is an area to be voluntarily avoided for salmon trolling. NMFS and the Council request salmon trollers voluntarily avoid this area in order to protect yelloweye rockfish. The area is defined in the Pacific Council Halibut Catch Sharing Plan in the North Coast subarea (Washington marine area 3), with the following coordinates in the order listed:

- 48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;
- 48°18' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°11' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°11' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;
- 48°04' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;
- 48°04' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°00' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°00' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;
- and connecting back to 48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.

C.8. Inseason Management: In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:

- a. Chinook remaining from the May through June non-Indian commercial troll harvest guideline north of Cape Falcon may be transferred to the July through September harvest guideline on a fishery impact equivalent basis.
- b. NMFS may transfer fish between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon on a fishery impact equivalent basis if there is agreement among the areas' representatives on the Salmon Advisory Subpanel (SAS).
- c. At the March 2009 meeting, the Council will consider inseason recommendations for special regulations for any experimental fisheries (proposals must meet Council protocol and be received in November 2008).
- d. If retention of unmarked coho is permitted in the area from the U.S./Canada border to Cape Falcon, Oregon, by inseason action, the allowable coho quota will be adjusted to ensure preseason projected mortality of critical stocks is not exceeded.
- e. Landing limits may be modified inseason to sustain season length and keep harvest within overall quotas.
- f. Marked coho remaining from the June/July through August Cape Falcon to OR/CA border recreational coho quota may be transferred to the Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. non-Indian commercial non-mark-selective all salmon fishery on a fishery impact equivalent basis.

C.9. Consistent with Council management objectives:

- a. The State of Oregon may establish additional late-season fisheries in state waters. Check state regulations for details.
- b. The State of California may establish limited fisheries in selected state waters.

C.10. For the purposes of California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG) Code, Section 8232.5, the definition of the Klamath Management Zone (KMZ) for the ocean salmon season shall be that area from Humbug Mt., Oregon, to Horse Mt., California.