

Agenda Item E.1.b REVISED Supplemental NMFS Report 1 April 2024

Inflation Reduction Act: Pacific Salmon Science

Fisheries Science Center Activities Agenda Item E.1.b April 6, 2024

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Pacific Salmon Overview

Why is this important?

Pacific salmon are at risk from various complex, interconnected factors. Recovering populations will yield a wealth of social, cultural, and ecosystem benefits.

We know a lot about salmon already because of our decades of previous science and recovery work.

IRA funding provides an opportunity to **leverage our knowledge and expertise** in new and transformative ways to support improved salmon management decisions.

What is the purpose?

Invest in science that will meaningfully advance salmon recovery in a changing climate.





IRA Enables Transformative Investments

Implementing science and research prioritized in the NWFSC Strategy for Salmon Recovery Science and SWFSC Strategy for Pacific Salmon Recovery.

(<u>https://media.fisheries.noaa.gov/2023-05/SRSS-Public-FINAL-508-1-.pdf</u>) (<u>https://swfsc-publications.fisheries.noaa.gov/publications/CR/2023/2023SWFSC2.pdf</u>)

- Utilize advanced technologies to measure salmon predators and environmental conditions
- Develop robust population models to support informed salmon management decisions in a changing climate
- Partner with Tribes, Federal and State Agencies, and Universities
- Fund scientific research and analyses at the NWFSC and SWFSC that will produce tools to inform salmon management
- Boost salmon habitat restoration actions managed by the WCRO's PCSRF program



Science investments to hasten Pacific Salmon recovery



- Restoration / Reintroduction / Recovery Techniques
- Habitat Stressors in Freshwater / Estuary
- Ocean / Nearshore Ecology
- Integrated Model
 Development

- Protect and restore habitat
- Fish passage
- Fisheries management
- Conservation hatcheries
- Reintroduction
- Disease and pollution prevention
- Predator management

- Determinations of genetic variability necessary to accommodate recovery efforts
 - Incorporation of quantitative thresholds (toxicity, thiamine, water temperature) into recovery planning
- Indicators of primary producers and measures of predation
 - Generalized life cycle modeling framework

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Major Initiatives

| Pacific Salmon IRA Funds: \$42M Total (\$15M WCR, \$16.2M NWFSC, \$10.8M SWFSC) | | | | | |
|---|--|--|------|--|--|
| Salmon Habitat Restoration | Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery Fund (PCSRF) | Salmon habitat restoration and reconnection actions by State and Tribal partners | | | |
| West Coast Salmon Science | Restoration, Reintroduction, and Recovery Techniques | Present and future habitat quality, reintroduction effectiveness, adaptive capacity of salmonids | | | |
| and Research | Habitat Stressors in Freshwater and Estuary Environments | Urban stormwater effects, resilience under climate change, habitat stressors | | | |
| | Ocean and Nearshore Ecology | Indicators of marine survival, predation rates, coastal ecology, lower trophic level energetics | | | |
| | Integrated Model Development and Application | Life cycle model development, generalized models, integrative modeling, recovery strategy evaluation | | | |
| | Cross-project support | FTE labor, supplies & equipment, and travel across projects and research themes | \$3M | | |



Restoration, Reintroduction, & Recovery Techniques (\$6M)

Goal: Build the understanding and tools needed to make decisions related to salmon habitat and hatcheries as the climate changes.

Expected Impact: Science-based indicators that facilitate sound conservation and management decisions; strategies to enhance success of reintroductions and improve conservation and traditional hatcheries.

Execution Progress: Finalizing contract with Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (\$100K, salmon genotyping). Grant application from UCSC received.

| Planned Funding | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | Total |
| \$2.1 | \$3.5M | \$0.2M | \$0.2M | \$6M |



Habitat Stressors in Freshwater and Estuary Environments (\$3M)

Goal: Improved understanding of water quality threats to salmon in freshwater and estuarine habitats. Expanded use of water quality data in salmon management decisions.

Expected Impact: Use of toxicity thresholds in salmon management decisions; Better understanding of the impacts of combined habitat stressors (e.g., thiamine deficiency, elevated water temperature) on salmon.

Execution Progress: CI grant to UCSC (\$1.4M with CIMEAS) in review. Funds obligated to equipment purchases (\$250K), postdocs through ORISE, new research partnership with Western WA University.

| Planned Funding | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | Total |
| \$1.5 | \$1.1M | \$0.2M | \$0.2M | \$3M |



Ocean and Nearshore Ecology (\$7M)

Goal: Provide more accurate measurements of both ocean conditions and predation rates of outmigrating salmonids. Updated rates will improve model accuracy and confidence in management decisions.

Expected Impact: Ocean productivity indicators that improve predictions of salmon survival and growth; Quantification of pinniped and avian predation rates; New indicators of primary production and lower trophic level energetics that improve ecosystem assessments.

Execution Progress: Funds obligated/committed to WDFW grant (\$1M) and equipment purchases (\$200K). CI grant to CINAR passed NEPA review. CI grants (CIMEAS, CIMERS) in review. Purchasing advanced tech for measuring ocean conditions and salmon predation.

| Planned Funding | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | Total |
| \$2.1 | \$4.2M | \$0.4M | \$0.3M | \$7M |



Integrated Model Development and Application (\$8M)

Goal: Develop a generalized modeling framework that will help us understand environmental interactions and alternative management strategies.

Expected Impacts: Improved confidence in management decisions supported by life cycle models; Robust recovery strategy evaluations; Modeling tools transferable to multiple salmon species and for use by tribal, state, and federal managers.

Execution Progress: Cooperative Institute (CI) grants (\$3.3M to CIMEAS, \$275K to CICOES) in review. Cross-center modeling workshop scheduled for late April.

| Planned Funding | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | Total |
| \$2.1 | \$4.1M | \$1.6M | \$0.2M | \$8M |





COEQWAL Project Goals

- 1. Produce an extensive **library of water allocation scenarios** that emerge from a wide range of projected future climates and alternative water management decisions, developed through inclusive processes.
- 2. Explore the consequences of alternative scenarios for people, the economy, and the environment. Will specifically consider how scenarios will affect Delta salinity management, **salmon population recovery**, and drinking water access for disadvantaged communities through focal use cases.
- 3. Co-develop state-of-the-art data visualization tools designed for accessibility, transparency, and longevity.
- 4. Employ participatory methods that build and strengthen social and professional networks among researchers and community partners and to promote shared learning and trust.





Major Initiative, in a nutshell

We're using the Pacific Salmon IRA funds to advance:

- Science that puts salmon and their recovery in the context of their ecosystem
 - o food web
 - o chemical milieu
 - habitats they find themselves in
 - o climate status
 - intersections with people, including tribal peoples

• New and existing analytical tools that

- integrate, *in repeatable ways*, data and information
- o deliver output that can feed into management systems
- o help managers make hard decisions