

FISHERIES

Northwest Fisheries Science Center

SHORTSPINE THORNATEAD (Sebastolobus alascanus)

2023 Pre-Assessment Workshop

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Shortspine Thornyhead (Sebastolobus alascanus)

- West Coast of US (Baja to Bering Sea); 20-1500 m depth range
- Tend to settle 100-400 m \rightarrow ontogenetic movement to greater depths
- Long lived species (max age ~100 years)
- Historically caught alongside Dover Sole and Sablefish
- · Last assessed in 2013; original benchmark in 2005





2013 Research and Data Needs

- Additional research into ageing methods and maturity
- A comprehensive catch reconstruction pre-1981
- Exploration of simpler assessment methods



Data Overview



Fisheries Dependent Data



Fishery Dependent Data

| Туре | Source | Abbrev. |
|----------|---|----------------------------------|
| Landings | Pacific Fisheries Information Network State Reconstructions | PacFIN |
| Discards | West Coast Groundfish Observer Program Enhanced Data Collection Project Pikitch et al., 1988 Groundfish Expanded Mortality Multiyear | WCGOP EDCP Pikitch GEMM |
| Lengths | PacFIN for landings, WCGOP and Pikitch for discards | |
| Ages | None Available | State AMOSPHERE |

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Landings Data Overview

Landings Data

- Historical data from California, Oregon, and Washington (1900 1981)
- Recent data from PacFIN (1981 2023)

2013 assessment fleet structure:

- 1. **'NTrawl'** = OR/WA trawl
- 2. **'NOther'** = OR/WA non-trawl
- 3. **'STrawl' = CA trawl**
- 4. **'SOther'** = CA non-trawl



Catch comparison with 2013 assessment



Large agreement between 2013 and 2023 catch estimates *except:*

- Additional early catches
 in North
- Reduced early catches in South



Full catch time series



Estimating unidentified thornyhead catch



Proportion Shortspine in Identified Thornyhead Catch





Proportion_Shortspine = Shortspine / (Shortspine + Longspine)

2013 assessment used coastwide proportion

We recommend using state and gear-specific proportions



Estimating unidentified thornyhead catch



Estimated_Shortspine = Proportion_Shortspine * Unidentified_thornhead

Very little catch is unidentified

Transitioning from coastwide to state/ gear-specific proportion is a minor change



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Fishery Length Compositions



Vertical lines represent the median length for each fleet across all years





Discards

Discard rates (%) + Length distributions (L)

| | 2005 | 2013 | 2023 |
|---------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Pikitch | 1980s-1990s | 1985-1987 | New estimates (J. Wallace) |
| (N) | % | <mark>%</mark> + L | % + L |
| EDCP | 1995-1999 | 1995-1999 | New estimates |
| (N) | % | % | % |
| WCGOP | 2002-2003 | 2002-2011 | 2002-2021 |
| (N+S) | % | % + L | % + L |



Discards Rates





Discard Weights and Lengths



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Total Discards





Aggregated Landing and Discard Lengths



MAA

Fisheries Independent Data



Fisheries Independent Surveys

- . AFSC Triennial Shelf Survey
- . AFSC Slope Survey
- . NWFSC Slope Survey
- . NWFSC Combo Survey

(1980-2004, 1977 removed) (1997-2001) (1998-2002) (2003-2022, no 2020)





Survey Strata

| Survey | Strata Definitions | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| AFSC Slope | 2 strata: 32.0-49.0°N: 150-500 m, 500-1280 m | | | |
| NWFSC Combo | 7 strata | | | |
| (West Coast | 32.0-34.5°N: 183-550 m, 550-1280 m | | | |
| Groundfish Bottom | 34.5-40.5°N: 183-550 m, 550-1280 m | | | |
| Trawi Surveyj | 40.5-49.0°N: 100-183 m, 183-550 m, 550-1280 m | | | |
| | The depth breaks at 183 m and 550 m are associated with changes in sampling intensity of the survey and are recommended to be used. | | | |
| NWFSC Slope | 6 strata | | | |
| | 32.0-40.5°N: 55-500m, 550-1280m | | | |
| | 40.5-43.0°N: 55-550m, 550-1280m | | | |
| | 43.0-49.0 N: 55-550m, 550-1280m | | | |
| AFSC Triennial 1 | 1 stratum: <=366 m | | | |
| AFSC Triennial 2 | 1 stratum: 366-500 m | | | |

2013 and 2023 strata definitions are identical

Investigate strata definitions for the AFSC Triennial survey:

- Single index
- Removed all together



Survey Indices



Point + error bars = design-based index

Line + ribbon = sdmTMB model index

Combine Triennial 1/2 surveys for model-based indices



Geostatistical Survey Indices



Two possible error structures

Explore as a sensitivity analysis alongside design-based indices



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Shortspine Thornyhead Survey Length Compositions



Unsexed fish <16cm in length assumed to be immature? Apply a 50:50 sex ratio?

All surveys have roughly the same length compositions, and similar to fishery comps

Biological Information



Growth uncertainty

No validated ageing method for thornyheads

Relying on research data sets from the 1990s

Kline fish appear to grow faster and to larger sizes:

- Growing faster in central CA?
- Ageing error/bias?

| | Source | Region | Years | Details | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Butler et al. 1995 | OR and northern CA | 1978-87, 1988, 1990 | N=1,023; Sexed; Fork length; Two age readers | | |
| | Kline 1996 | Central CA | 1991 | N=319; Unsexed; Total length; One age reader | | |
| | | | | | | |



New growth curves for 2023 assessment

Unable to reproduce 2005/2013 assessment growth curves (based on Kline 1996)

Propose using Butler data for 2023

• Sex-specific data, higher N, two age readers

2023 analysis: Sex-specific Schnute growth curves with lognormal error distribution fit to Butler data



Growth sensitivities

Sensitivity analysis (shaded areas):

- +25% and -10% on lengths at age-2 and age-100
- Upper bound of sensitivity accounts for Kline data
- 2005 and 2013 assessments used +/-10% on length-at-age 100



Maturity

2005/2013 assessment used Pearson and Gunderson (2003)

2013 sensitivity based on observed proportions mature (samples collected during 2011/2012 surveys)



New maturity data may be available later in March (M. Head, NOAA)

Figure from 2013 assessment, sample sizes reported in the blue circles



Maturity

- Base model in 2005/2013 assessments used Pearson and Gunderson (2003)
- 2013 sensitivity based on observed proportions mature (samples collected during 2011/2012 surveys)

Figures from 2013 assessment:



Maturity

 New histological maturity data from WCGBTS (M. Head, NOAA) to be analyzed for 2023 assessment





Fecundity

2013 assessment assumed spawning biomass equivalent to spawning output (i.e., spawning output proportional to body weight)

2023: Use fecundity-at- length information

- Cooper et al. 2005
- Alaska and West Coast (no regional difference)
- 56 samples
- accounts for greater relative fecundity of large females

Shortspine thornyhead fecundity-at-length Source: Cooper et al. 2005





Natural Mortality

2005: *M* fixed at 0.05 2013: *M* fixed at 0.0505

2023: *M* fixed at 0.054 (Hamel and Cope 2022)

- Age_{max} = 100
- $M = 0.054 = 5.40 / \text{Age}_{\text{max}}$
- Explore estimating *M* in the model



Model Information



Model Information

$2013: SS v3.24.0 \rightarrow 2023: SS v3.30.21$





Summary of 2023 Data Changes

- Historical state-level catch reconstructions
- Gear/state specific SST:LST proportions
- Geostatistical model-based abundance indices
 Single Triennial Survey index

• New growth and maturity curves



2013 Research and Data Needs

- Additional research into ageing and maturity
 - New maturity data, update growth
- A comprehensive catch reconstruction pre-1981
 - Historical state data rather than based on sablefish catch
- Exploration of simpler assessment methods
 - Explore simplified fleet structure
 - Explore removal of older survey data
 - Explore utility of design-based indices



Thank you

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