	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS		
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	
 Overall non-Indian TAC: 65,000 Chinook and 210,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Recreational TAC: 32,500 Chinook and 176,400 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked. Various daily limits and species combinations of one and two salmon will be considered. Including one fish, two fish only, one of which may be a Chinook, and two fish only one of which may be a coho. Trade: No Area 4B add-on fishery. Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of 45,000 marked coho in August and September. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries. 	 Overall non-Indian TAC: 60,000 Chinook and 185,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Recreational TAC: 30,000 Chinook and 155,400 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked. Same as Alternative 1. Trade: Same as Alternative 1. Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of 55,000 marked coho in August and September. Same as Alternative 1. 	 Overall non-Indian TAC: 53,000 Chinook and 160,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Recreational TAC: 26,500 Chinook and 134,400 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked. Same as Alternative 1. Trade: Same as Alternative 1. Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of 65,000 marked coho in August and September. Same as Alternative I. 	
 U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay) June 18 through earlier of September 30, or 18,350 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 7,350 Chinook (C.5). Open seven days per week. All salmon, except no chum beginning August 1; two salmon per day. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.a) during Council managed ocean fishery. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	 U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay) June 25 through earlier of September 30, or 16,160 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 6,790 Chinook (C.5). Same as Alternative 1 Same as Alternative 1 	 U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay) June 18 through earlier of September 18, or 13,980 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 6,000 Chinook (C.5). Same as Alternative 1 Same as Alternative 1 	

A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
 Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea) June 18 through earlier of September 30, or 4,590 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 1,225 Chinook (C.5). 	June 25 through earlier of September 30, or 4,040 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline marked	 Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea) June 18 through earlier of September 18, or 3,490 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 1,100 Chinook (C.5). 		
Open seven days per week. All salmon, except no chum beginning August 1; two salmon per day. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
 October 1 through earlier of October 9, or 125 Chinook quota (C.5) in the area north of 47°50'00 N. lat. and south of 48°00'00" N. lat. 				
Open seven days per week. Chinook only, 1 chinook per day 1 (C.1).				
 Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea) June 18 through earlier of September 30, or 65,260 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 14,530 Chinook (C.5). 	 Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea) June 25 through earlier of September 30, or 57,500 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 13,410 Chinook (C.5). 	 Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea) June 26 through earlier of September 18, or 49,730 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline o 11,840 Chinook (C.5). 		
Open seven days per week. All salmon; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).	Same as Alternative 1	Open five days per week (Sun.–Thurs.). All salmon; tw salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipo fin clip (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).		
See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Grays Harbor Control Zone closed beginning August 8 (C.4.b). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		

TABLE 2. 2022 Recreational management Alternatives for	non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council Adopted. (Page	e 3 of 9) Monday, March 14, 2022,12:30 PM	
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS			
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
 Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea) June 18 through earlier of September 30, or 88,200 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 9,270 Chinook (C.5). 	 Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea) June 25 through earlier of September 30, or 77,700 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 8,560 Chinook (C.5). Same as Alternative 1 	 Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea) June 26 through earlier of September 18, or 67,200 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 7,560 Chinook (C.5). Same as Alternative 1 	
Open seven days per week. All salmon; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).	Same as Alternative 1		
Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.c). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1	

A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon		
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information		
1. Sacramento River fall Chinook spawning escapement of 199,881 hatchery and natural area adults.	1. Sacramento River fall Chinook spawning escapement of 199,662 hatchery and natural area adults.	1. Sacramento River fall Chinook spawning escapement of 197,756 hatchery and natural area adults.		
2. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of 49.6%.	2. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of 49.6%.	2. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of 50.1%.		
 Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 2,152 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. 	3. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 2,125 adult Klamath River fall Chinook.	3. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation 2,546 adult Klamath River fall Chinook.		
 Klamath tribal allocation: 9,415 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. 	4. Klamath tribal allocation: 9,375 adult Klamath River fall Chinook.	4. Klamath tribal allocation: 9,224 adult Klamath River fa Chinook.		
 Overall recreational coho TAC: 100,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked), and 20,000 coho in the non-mark-selective coho fishery. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the CFGC. 	 Overall recreational coho TAC: 97,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked), and 18,000 coho in the non-mark-selective coho fishery. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the CFGC. 	 Overall recreational coho TAC: 95,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked), and 17,000 coho in the non-mark-selective coho fishery. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the CFGC. 		
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. • March 15-May 15; • May 16-October 31 (C.6).	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.Same as Alternative 1	 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. March 15-May 15; May 16-July 31; September 1-October 31 (C.6) 		
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, except as provided below during the all-salmon mark- selective coho fishery and the non-mark-selective coho fishery (C.5), two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
In 2023, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2022 (C.2, C.3). This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2023 meeting.	In 2023, same as Alternative 1	In 2023, same as Alternative 1		

	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
 Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border. All-salmon mark-selective coho fishery: June 18 through the earlier of August 21, or 100,000 marked coho quota (C.6). 	 Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border. All-salmon mark-selective coho fishery: June 25 through the earlier of August 21, or 97,000 marked coho quota (C.6). 	 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. All-salmon mark-selective coho fishery: June 25 through the earlier of August 31, or 95,000 marked coho quota (C.6).
Open seven days per week. All salmon, two salmon per day. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See minimum size limits (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1	Open seven days per week. All salmon through July 31, then all salmon, EXCEPT closed to Chinook retention in August. Two salmon per day. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See minimum size limits (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).
Any remainder of the mark-selective coho quota may be transferred inseason on an impact neutral basis to the non-selective coho quota from Cape Falcon to Humbug Mountain (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1
 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. Non-mark-selective coho fishery: September 3 through the earlier of September 30, or 20,000 non-mark-selective coho quota (C.6). Open days may be modified inseason. 	 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. Non-mark-selective coho fishery: September 6 through the earlier of September 30, or 18,000 non-mark-selective coho quota (C.6). Open days may be modified inseason. 	 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. Non-mark-selective coho fishery: September 10 through the earlier of September 30, or 17,000 non-mark-selective coho quota (C.6). Open days may be modified inseason.
Open seven days per week. All salmon, two salmon per day (C.1). See minimum size limits (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1
Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) May 21-June 27 (C.6). 	 Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) July 1-August 19 (C.6). 	 Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) June 25-July 31 (C.6).
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, except as listed above for the mark-selective coho fishery From Cape Falcon to the OR/CA Border (June 18-August 21). Two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, except as listed above for the mark-selective coho fishery from Cape Falcon to the OR/CA Border (June 25-August 21). Two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho. Two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).

TABLE 2. 2022 Recreational management Alternatives for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council Adopted. (Page 6 of 9) Monday, March 14, 2022, 12:30 PM				
	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS ALTERNATIVE II			
ALTERNATIVE I		ALTERNATIVE III		
OR/CA Border to latitude 40°10' N. (California KMZ)	OR/CA Border to latitude 40°10' N. (California KMZ)	OR/CA Border to latitude 40°10' N. (California KMZ)		
• May 1-May 15;	• May 1-15;	• July 1-24 (C.6).		
• May 16-31;	• May 16-31;			
 August 1-September 5 (C.6). 	• July 1- 4;			
	• August 1-31 (C.6).	Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two		
		salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches		
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two	Same as Alternative 1	total length (B). See gear restrictions and		
salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20		definitions (C.2, C.3).		
inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and				
definitions (C.2, C.3).		Same as Alternative 1		
Klemeth Central Zene eleged in August (C.4.a). See	O and a Alternative A			
Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.e). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent	Same as Alternative 1			
to the Smith, Eel, and Klamath Rivers.		In 2023, same as Alternative 1		
to the Smith, Eel, and Klamath Rivers.		III 2023, Same as Alternative T		
In 2023, season opens May 1 for all salmon except coho,	In 2023, same as Alternative 1			
two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of	In 2023, same as Alternative T			
20 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions				
as in 2022 (C.2, C.3). This opening could be modified				
following Council review at its March or April 2023 meeting.				
Latitude 40°10' N. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)	Latitude 40°10' N. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)	Latitude 40°10' N. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)		
• May 1-15;	 May 1-15; 	 May 1-September 30 (C.6). 		
• May 1-13, • May 16-31;	 May 1-15, May 16-July 4; 			
 May 10-31, July 1-November 13 (C.6). 				
• July 1-November 13 (C.6).	• July 22-October 31 (C.6).			
		Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two		
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two	Same as Alternative 1	salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches		
salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20		total length (B). See gear restrictions and		
inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and		definitions (C.2, C.3).		
definitions (C.2, C.3).				
In 2023, season opens April 1 for all salmon except coho,	In 2023, same as Alternative 1	In 2023, same as Alternative 1		
two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of	· ·			
20 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions				
as in 2022 (C.2, C.3). This opening could be modified				
following Council review at its March 2023 meeting.				
ç ő				

TABLE 2. 2022 Recreational management Alternatives for r	non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council Adopted. (Page	e 7 of 9) Monday, March 14, 2022,12:30 PM	
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS			
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
 Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco) April 2-May 15 (C.6). 	 Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco) April 2-May 15 (C.6). 	 Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco) April 2-30; June 20-September 30 (C.6). 	
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1	Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	
May 16-31;July 1-November 13 (C.6).	• July 1-October 31 (C.6).		
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1		
In 2023, season opens April 1 for all salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2022 (C.2, C.3). This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2023 meeting.	In 2023, same as Alternative 1	In 2023, same as Alternative 1	
 Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey) April 2-May 15 (C.6). 	 Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey) April 2-May 15; May 16-October 2 (C.6). 	 Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey) April 2-May 15 (C.6). 	
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1	
• May 16-October 2 (C.6).		• May 16-October 2 (C.6).	
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit 20 inches total length. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).		Same as Alternative 1	
In 2023, season opens April 1 for all salmon except coho, two salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2022 (C.2, C.3). This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2023 meeting.	In 2023, same as Alternative 1	In 2023, same as Alternative 1.	
	able to a CDFW representative for sampling immediately at p employee of the CDFW, shall immediately relinquish the hea	oort of landing. Any person in possession of a salmon with a ad of the salmon to the State (California Code of Regulations Title	

TABLE 2. 2022 Recreational management Alternatives for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries - Council Adopted. (Page 8 of 9)

Area (when open)	Chinook	Coho	Pink
North of Cape Falcon (Westport and Col R)	22	16	None
North of Cape Falcon (Neah Bay and La Push)	24	16	None
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.	24	16	None
Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border	24	16	None
OR/CA Border to Pt. Arena . (Alt 1 and 2)	20	-	20
OR/CA Border to Pt. Arena . (Alt 3)	24	-	24
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (Alt. 3)	24	-	24
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. through May 15 (Alt. 1 and Alt. 2)	24	-	24
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. beginning May 16 (Alt. 1 and Alt. 2)	20	-	20
Pigeon Pt. to U.S./Mexico Border (Alt 2, and through May 15 in Alt 1 and Alt 3)	24	-	24
Pigeon Pt. to U.S./Mexico Border (beginning May 16 in Alt 1 and Alt 3)	20		20

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. <u>Compliance with Minimum Size and Other Special Restrictions</u>: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if that area is open. Salmon may be landed in an area that is closed only if they meet the minimum size or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught. Salmon may not be filleted prior to landing.

Ocean Boat Limits: Off the coast of Washington, Oregon, and California, each fisher aboard a vessel may continue to use angling gear until the combined daily limits of Chinook and coho salmon for all licensed and juvenile anglers aboard have been attained (additional state restrictions may apply).

- C.2. <u>Gear Restrictions</u>: Salmon may be taken only by hook and line using barbless hooks. All persons fishing for salmon, and all persons fishing from a boat with salmon on board must meet the gear restrictions listed below for specific areas or seasons.
 - a. U.S./Canada Border to Pt. Conception, California: No more than one rod may be used per angler; and no more than two single point, single shank, barbless hooks are required for all fishing gear.
 - b. Latitude 40°10' N., California, to Pt. Conception, California: Single point, single shank, barbless circle hooks (see gear definitions below) are required when fishing with bait by any means other than trolling, and no more than two such hooks shall be used. When angling with two hooks, the distance between the hooks must not exceed five inches when measured from the top of the eye of the top hook to the inner base of the curve of the lower hook, and both hooks must be permanently tied in place (hard tied). Circle hooks are not required when artificial lures are used without bait.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

- a. Recreational fishing gear defined: Off Oregon and Washington, angling tackle consists of a single line that must be attached to a rod and reel held by hand or closely attended; the rod and reel must be held by hand while playing a hooked fish. No person may use more than one rod and line while fishing off Oregon or Washington. Off California, the line must be attached to a rod and reel held by hand or closely attended; weights directly attached to a line may not exceed four pounds (1.8 kg). While fishing off California north of Pt. Conception, no person fishing for salmon, and no person fishing from a boat with salmon on board, may use more than one rod and line. Fishing includes any activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish.
- b. Trolling defined: Angling from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions.
- c. Circle hook defined: A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)

C.4. Control Zone Definitions:

- a. The Bonilla-Tatoosh Line: A line running from the western end of Cape Flattery to Tatoosh Island Lighthouse (48°23'30" N. lat., 124°44'12" W. long.) to the buoy adjacent to Duntze Rock (48°24'37" N. lat., 124°44'37" W. long.), then in a straight line to Bonilla Pt. (48°35'39" N. lat., 124°42'58" W. long.) on Vancouver Island, British Columbia.
- b. Grays Harbor Control Zone The area defined by a line drawn from the Westport Lighthouse (46° 53'18" N. lat., 124° 07'01" W. long.) to Buoy #2 (46° 52'42" N. lat., 124°12'42" W. long.) to Buoy #3 (46° 55'00" N. lat., 124°14'48" W. long.) to the Grays Harbor north jetty (46° 55'36" N. lat., 124°10'51" W. long.).
- c. Columbia Control Zone: An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06'50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15'09' N. lat., 124°06'16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat., 124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long. and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
- d. Stonewall Bank Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area: The area defined by the following coordinates in the order listed:

44°37.46[°] N. lat.; 124°24.92' W. long. 44°37.46[°] N. lat.; 124°23.63' W. long. 44°28.71' N. lat.; 124°21.80' W. long. 44°28.71' N. lat.; 124°24.10' W. long. 44°31.42' N. lat.; 124°25.47' W. long. and connecting back to 44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°24.92' W. long.

- e. Klamath Control Zone: The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and, on the south by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
- C.5. <u>Inseason Management</u>: Regulatory modifications may become necessary inseason to meet preseason management objectives such as quotas, harvest guidelines, and season duration. In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:
 - a. Actions could include modifications to bag limits, or days open to fishing, and extensions or reductions in areas open to fishing.
 - b. Coho may be transferred inseason among recreational subareas north of Cape Falcon to help meet the recreational season duration objectives (for each subarea) after conferring with representatives of the affected ports and the Council's SAS recreational representatives north of Cape Falcon, and if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - c. Chinook and coho may be transferred between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon if there is agreement among the representatives of the SAS, and if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - d. Fishery managers may consider inseason action modifying regulations restricting retention of unmarked (adipose fin intact) coho. To remain consistent with preseason expectations, any inseason action shall consider, if significant, the difference between observed and preseason forecasted (adipose-clipped) mark rates. Such a consideration may also include a change in bag limit of two salmon, no more than one of which may be a coho.
 - e. Marked coho remaining from the Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border. recreational mark-selective coho quota may be transferred inseason to the Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. non-mark-selective recreational fishery if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
- C.6. <u>Additional Seasons in State Territorial Waters</u>: Consistent with Council management objectives, the States of Washington, Oregon, and California may establish limited seasons in state waters. Check state regulations for details.