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2021 Trawl Rationalization (TRat) Compliance Summary

NOAA Office of Law Enforcement West Coast Division

March 2022

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The Pacific Coast Groundfish Trawl Catch Share Program, also called the Trawl Rationalization (TRat) Program, consists of an Individual Fishing Quota (IFQ) Program for the shorebased trawl fleet, and cooperative programs for the at-sea mothership and catcher/processor trawl fleets. NOAA Office of Law Enforcement (OLE) West Coast Division (WCD) conducted a review of permit and law enforcement data for calendar year 2021 to summarize compliance statistics for both the shorebased nonwhiting IFQ (Table 1) and shorebased and at-sea cooperative IFQ whiting (Table 2) TRat programs. The 2021 TRat Compliance Summary is the first year that statistics for the whiting and nonwhiting sectors are reported separately. Future reports will continue this separation of sectors and include previous years' data for comparison. Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission (PSMFC) information included in this report provide additional TRat statistics pertaining to participation and landing rates among the different fishery sectors over the past three years (Tables 3-5). Data submitted by the United States Coast Guard Districts 11 and 13 (USCG-D11/D13) offer a snapshot of their West Coast Living Marine Resources (LMR) and general living marine resource enforcement effort over the same time period (Table 6).

Compliance review of the shorebased groundfish IFQ (nonwhiting) and whiting trawl sectors was implemented through separate searches of NOAA's Pacific Coast Fisheries Permit System and OLE's case management system (CMS) databases to identify commercial fishing vessels and fish processors registered with a West Coast Groundfish Limited Entry Permit (LEP) that were also connected to a recorded enforcement incident in 2021. Each of the enforcement incidents were then examined to 1) determine which sector the vessel or processor was participating in, and 2) assess the disposition of the action(s) subsequently taken.

The compliance rate is calculated as the ratio of the number of incidents that *did not* result in enforcement actions beyond compliance assistance (i.e., written warning, notice of violation and assessment (NOVA), summary settlement, settlement agreement), to the total number of incidents investigated by OLE. Analysis of the 73 enforcement incidents associated with the shorebased groundfish IFQ trawl fishery in 2021 yielded an 88% compliance rate for the nonwhiting trawl sector; and a 75% compliance rate for first receiver sites. The top five categories of all groundfish LEP regulation violations investigated were: 1) *Vessel Monitoring System (VMS)*: 16; 2) *Observer-Impede/Interfere/Resist/Oppose*: 8; 3) *Fishing in Deficit*: 8; 4) *Economic Data Collection (EDC) Form Not Submitted*: 4; 5) *Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements*: 3.

For the groundfish LEP whiting assignment trawl fleet that includes catcher vessels delivering to both mothership and shorebased IFQ first receiver sites, mothership vessels, and catcher processor vessels, 15 enforcement incidents were identified in the OLE CMS; all of which were attributed to west coast catcher vessels. Complaints and investigations associated with mothership and catcher processer vessels were connected to incidents occurring in Alaska waters, which were therefore not included in this report. The 2021 compliance rate for the whiting catcher vessel fleet is 87%. The top five regulation violations investigated, one in each category, were: *Observer - Impede/Retain Prohibited Species, Closed Area, Permit Not On Board, Fishing In Deficit*, and *VMS Issue*.



Table 1. 2021 Trawl Rationalization (TRat) Compliance Statistics - NONWHITING

Groundfish Limitied Entry Permit (LEP)	GroundfishTrawlers	First Receiver Sites
PERMITS		
General Groundfish	134	29
Groundfish and Whiting		13
Whiting-Only		1
CONTACTS		
Complaints / Referrals	21	7
Investigations / Audits	32	5
Dockside Boardings	20	
INCIDENTS		
Non-Whiting Enforcement Incidents	73	12
ACTIONS		
No Violation / Nolle Prossed	29	5
Compliance Assistance	35	4
Written Warning	1	
Summary Settlement	2	1
Settlement Agreement		1
Ongoing Investigation	6	1
VIOLATIONS		
Vessel Monitoring System (VMS) Issue	16	
Observer-Impede / Interfere/Resist / Oppose	8	
Fishing in Deficit	8	
Economic Data Collection (EDC) Form Not Submitted		4
Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements	3	
Permit	3	
Declaration Issue	2	
Retention of Prohibited Species	2	
Noncompliant Discard	1	
Sablefish Overage	1	
Catch Monitor Not Present During Offload		1
Observer - Sexual Harassment		1
Current First Receiver Site License (FRSL) Not Posted		1
COMPLIANCE	RATE	
Non-Whiting Enforcement Incidents	73	12
No Violation / Nolle Prossed	29	5
Compliance Assistance	35	4
	88%	75%



Table 2. 2021 TRat Compliance Statistics - WHITING

Groundfish Whiting Assignment LEP Permits	Catcher Vessels*	Mothership Vessels	Catcher Processor Vessels
PERMITS			
Whiting Assignment / Endorsement	33	6	10
CONTACTS		(Operated only i	n Alaska in 2021)
Complaints / Referrals	2		
Investigations	2	No Co	ontacts
Dockside Boardings	11		
INCIDENTS			
Enforcement Incidents	15	No Inc	cidents
ACTIONS			
No Violation / Nolle Prossed	11		
Compliance Assistance	2	No Actions	
Summary Settlement	1		
Ongoing Investigation	1		
VIOLATIONS			
Observer-Impede / Retain Prohibited Species	1	No Violations	
Closed Area	1		
Permit Not On Board	1		
Fishing In Deficit	1		
Vessel Monitoring System (VMS) Issue	1		
COMPLIANCE RATE			
Enforcement Incidents	15		
No Violation / Nolle Prossed	42		
Compliance Assistance	- 13 9		
	87%	N	/A

*Vessels delivering to both mothership and shorebased IFQ first receiver sites.

Table 3. TRat Participation

ALL SHOREBASED SECTORS			
	Vessels	Landings*	
2021	78	2,101	
2020	82	2,252	
2019	93	2,476	

Shorebased IFQ Whiting

	Vessels	Landings*
2021	25	1,023
2020	28	1,243
2019	27	1,242

Shorebased IFQ Trawl

	Vessels	Landings*
2021	63	977
2020	65	890
2019	68	1,094

Shorebased IFQ Fixed Gear

	Vessels	Landings*
2021	9	102
2020	10	119
2019	16	140

*Landings = Individual Fish Tickets



Mothership Catcher Vessels

	Vessels	Trips**
2021	17	27
2020	15	21
2019	19	26

Catcher Processor Vessels

	Vessels	Trips**	Hauls
2021	10	18	1,514
2020	10	19	1,502
2019	9	16	1,938

**Trips = Unique Seasons (i.e., spring & fall)

Table 4. TRat Electronic Monitoring Participation

ALL SHOREBASED SECTORS			
	Vessels	Trips	
2021	42	1,361	
2020	44	1,599	
2019	42	1,524	

Shorebased IFQ Whiting

	Vessels	Trips
2021	25	984
2020	27	1,215
2019	25	1,141

Shorebased IFQ Trawl

	Vessels	Trips
2021	11	154
2020	9	154
2019	10	187

Shorebased IFQ Fixed Gear

	Vessels	Trips
2021	7	80
2020	8	105
2019	7	95



Mothership Catcher Vessels

	Vessels	Trips*
2021	16	25
2020	13	18
2019	17	24

*Trips = Unique Seasons (i.e., spring & fall)

A	ccounts		CHARLON ALLOR	9		
	Quota Share	PacFIN				
2021	166		THERIES COMMISSION			
2020	168	E-Tickets				
2019	182	Total Landings California Oregon Washington		Washington		
	Vessel	2021	2,102	404	1,305	393
2021	144	2020	2,252	360	1,546	346
2020	157	2019	2,476	373	1,697	406
2019	157					
	E-Ticket Transmission Rate					
L	icenses			≤	48 Hours	
	First Receiver Sites		2021		98.0%	
2021	43		2020		98.1%	
2020	43		2019		98.8%	
2019	44					

Table 5. TRat Accounts / Licenses / E-Tickets

Table 6. United States Coast Guard (D11/D13) TRat Enforcement

Commercial Groundfish Vessel Boardings		
	Boardings	Trawlers
2021	66	3
2020	58	9
2019	81	8

TRat Related Violations

	Violations	Trawlers
2021	0	0
2020	2	2
2019	4	0



Combined Boat, Cutter, and Aircraft Resources

	Hours*
2021	18,337
2020	12,133
2019	10,719