TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives	for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council adopted. (Pa	age 1 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM
	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information
Model #: Coho2012, Chinook1020	Model #: Coho2013, Chinook1120	Model #: Coho2014, Chinook1220
 Overall non-Indian TAC: 60,000 Chinook and 35,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 30,000 Chinook and 5,600 marked coho. Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries. 	 Overall non-Indian TAC: 45,000 Chinook and 25,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 22,875 Chinook and 2,500 marked coho. Trade: Commercial troll traded 1,500 marked coho to the recreational fishery for 375 Chinook. Same as Alternative 1 	Closed
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon May 6 through the earlier of June 28, or 20,000 Chinook. No more than 7,390 of which may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, and no more than 5,450 of which may be caught in the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8). Open seven days per week (C.1). In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon • May 6 through the earlier of June 30, or 11,500 Chinook. No more than 4,250 of which may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, and no more than 3,140 of which may be caught in the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8). During May 6-12 the following applies: In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 100 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.1, C.6). In the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Pt., the landing and possession limit is 200 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.1, C.6). In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon Closed
In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).	In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 100 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.1, C.6).	
(Continued next page)	(Continued next page)	(Continued next page)

	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (continued)	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (continued) During May 15-June 30 the following applies:	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (continued)
	Open five days per week (FriTue.) (C.1).	
	In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 50 Chinook per vessel per open period (FriTue.) (C.1, C.6).	
	In the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Pt., the landing and possession limit is 200 Chinook per open period (FriTue.) (C.1, C.6).	
	In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 50 Chinook per vessel per open period (FriTue.) (C.1, C.6).	
All salmon, except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size imit of 28 inches total length (B). See compliance equirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions C.2, C.3).	For all open periods (May 6-June 30): All salmon, except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	
When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of any of the individual Chinook subarea guidelines have been landed, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded.	When it is projected that approximately 50% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 50% of any of the individual Chinook subarea guidelines have been landed, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded.	
n 2021, the season will open May 1 for all salmon except scho consistent with preseason regulations as described or this area and subareas for May 6-June 30, 2020, including subarea salmon guidelines and weekly vessel smits. These regulations would apply from the opening of the fishery on May 1, 2021, until modified following Council eview at its March and/or April 2021 meetings. Catch during this opening will be counted towards quotas set for this area and subareas at the April 2021 meeting.	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	

TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives for	non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries - Council adopted. (Page	3 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM
	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon July 1 through the earlier of September 30, or 10,000 Chinook or 5,600 coho (C.8).	 U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon July 3 through the earlier of September 29, or 11,375 Chinook or 2,500 coho (C.8). 	U.S./Canada Border to Cape FalconClosed
Open seven days per week. All salmon. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Open five days per week (FriTue.). All salmon. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	
In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).		
In the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Pt., the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).		
In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).		
Landing and possession limit of 20 marked coho per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1).	Landing and possession limit of 10 marked coho per vessel per open period (FriTue.) (C.1).	

For all commercial troll fisheries north of Cape Falcon:

Mandatory closed areas include: Salmon troll Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery, and Columbia Control Zones, and beginning August 10, the Grays Harbor Control Zone (C.5). Vessels must land and deliver their salmon within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery.

Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon <u>north</u> of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver all species of fish in a Washington port and must possess a Washington troll and/or salmon delivery license. Vessels may not land fish east of the Sekiu River or east of the Megler-Astoria bridge. <u>For delivery to Washington ports south of Leadbetter Point</u>, vessels must notify the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife at 360-249-1215 prior to crossing the Leadbetter Point line with area fished, total Chinook, coho, and halibut catch aboard, and destination with approximate time of delivery. During any single trip, only one side of the Leadbetter Point line may be fished (C.11).

Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing <u>south</u> of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver all species of fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land all species of fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon to notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by either calling 541-867-0300 ext. 271 or sending notification via e-mail to nfalcon.trollreport@state.or.us. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).

Vessels in possession of salmon <u>north of the Queets River</u> may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook, coho, and halibut catch aboard and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook, coho, and halibut catch aboard, and destination (C.11).

TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council adopted. (Page 4 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM				
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon		
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information		
 Sacramento River fall Chinook spawning escapement of 228,346 hatchery and natural area adults. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of 51.7%. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 1,291 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. Klamath tribal allocation: 8,606 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. CA/OR share of Klamath River fall Chinook commercial ocean harvest: 60% / 40%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the California Fish and Game Commission. 	 Sacramento River fall Chinook spawning escapement of 222,636 hatchery and natural area adults. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of 52.9%. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 1,285 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. Klamath tribal allocation: 8,568 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. CA/OR share of Klamath River fall Chinook commercial ocean harvest: 61% / 39%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the California Fish and Game Commission 	 Sacramento River fall Chinook spawning escapement of 234,075 hatchery and natural area adults. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of 50.5%. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 801 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. Klamath tribal allocation: 5,342 adult Klamath River fall Chinook. CA/OR share of Klamath River fall Chinook commercial ocean harvest: 58% / 42%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the California Fish and Game Commission 		
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.		
 April 15-30; May 6-31; June 6-30; July 6-31; August 1-24; September 1-October 31 (C.9.a). 	 April 15-30; May 1-26; June 6-30; July 6-31; August 1-25; September 1-October 31 (C.9.a). 	 May 6-31; June 6-30; July 6-31; August 1-6; August 7-18 only open from Cape Falcon to the south end of Heceta Bank (43°58′00" N lat.). Closed from the south end of Heceta Bank to Humbug Mt. September 1-30 (C.9.a). 		
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B, C.1). All vessels fishing in the area must land their salmon in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative	Same as Alternative 1		
Beginning September 1, no more than 75 Chinook allowed per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
In 2021, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B, C.1). Gear and other restrictions same as in 2020 (C.2, C.3, C.4). This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2021 meetings (C.8).	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	In 2021, same as Alternative 1		

TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives for	· · · · ·	e 5 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM		
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
 Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) April 15-30; 	Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) • April 15-30;	Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ)May 6-31 (C.9.a).		
 May 6 through the earlier of May 31, or a 500 Chinook quota; June 6 through the earlier of June 30, or a 700 Chinook quota; 	 May 1-26; June 6 through the earlier of June 30, or a 500 Chinook quota (C.9.a). 			
• July 6 through the earlier of July 31, or a 300 Chinook quota (C.9.a).				
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B, C.1). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Prior to May 1, all salmon caught in this area must be landed and delivered in the State of Oregon.	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
May 6-July 31 weekly landing and possession limit of 40 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.). Any remaining portion of Chinook quotas may be transferred inseason on an impact neutral basis to the next open quota period (C.8.b).	June 6-30 weekly landing and possession limit of 40 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.).	Same as Alternative 1		
All vessels fishing in this area during May, June, and July, must land and deliver all salmon within this area or into Port Orford within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery and prior to fishing outside of this area.	All vessels fishing in this area during June must land and deliver all salmon within this area or into Port Orford within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery and prior to fishing outside of this area	Same as Alternative 1		
For all quota managed seasons (May, June, and July), Oregon state regulations require fishers to notify ODFW within one hour of landing and prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 252 or sending notification via e-mail to kmzor.trollreport@state.or.us, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.	For all June quota managed season, Oregon state regulations require fishers to notify ODFW within one hour of landing and prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 252 or sending notification via e-mail to kmzor.trollreport@state.or.us, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.			
In 2021, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B; C.1). Gear restrictions same as in 2020 (C.2; C.3; C.4). This season would open without quota or weekly landing limits unless modified following Council review at its March 2021 meeting (C.8).	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	In 2021, same as Alternative 1		

TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives for	non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries - Council adopted. (Page 6 c	of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM	
	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS		
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ) Closed (C.9.b).	 OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ) June 1 through the earlier of June 30, or a 1,500 Chinook quota; July 1 through the earlier of July 30, or a 1,250 Chinook quota; August 1 through the earlier of August 29, or a 1,000 Chinook quota (C.9.b). 	OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ) Closed (C.9.b).	
	Landing and possession limit of 20 Chinook per vessel per day (C.8.f).		
	Open five days per week (FriTue.). All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B, C.1).		
	Any remaining portion of Chinook quotas may be transferred inseason on an impact neutral basis to the next open quota period (C.8.b).		
	All fish caught in this area must be landed within the area, within 24 hours of any closure of the fishery, and prior to fishing outside the area (C.10). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed (C.5.e). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith and Klamath rivers.		
In 2021, the season will open May 1 through the earlier of May 31, or a 3,000 Chinook quota. Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length. Compliance requirements, open periods, gear restrictions and definitions, and landing and possession limits the same as 2020 Alternative II. Klamath Control Zone closed (C.5.e). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith and Klamath rivers. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March or April 2021 meetings.	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	
Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.	Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.	Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.	

A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II ALTERNATIVE III ALTERNATIVE III			
 Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg) August 1-28; September 1-30 (C.9.b). 	Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg) • September 1-30 (C.9.b).	Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg) • September 1-30 (C.9.b).		
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). All salmon must be landed in California and north of Point Arena (C.6).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length through August, then 27 inches total length thereafter (B, C.1).	Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B, C.1).	Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B, C.1).		
All salmon caught in the area prior to September 1 must be landed and off-loaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6).				
In 2021, the season will open April 15 for all salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length. Gear restrictions same as in 2020. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March or April 2021 meetings.	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	In 2021, same as Alternative 1		
When the fishery is closed between the OR/CA border and Hu	Imbug Mountain and open to the south, vessels with fish on board if such vessels first notify the Chetco River Coast Guard Station timated time of arrival (C.6).			

TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives	for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council adopted. (Pa	age 8 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM		
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (San Francisco)	Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (San Francisco)	Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (San Francisco)		
May 7-29;	May 6-28;	May 6-31;		
• June 10-30;	• June 4-30;	• June 12-30;		
• July 15-28;	• July 11-22;	August 1-20;		
 August 1-28; 	August 1-28;	• September 1-30 (C.9.b).		
 September 1-30 (C.9.b). 	• September 1-30 (C.9.b).			
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length through August, then 26 inches thereafter (B, C.1). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). All salmon must be landed in California.	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
All salmon caught in the area prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). During September, all salmon must be landed south of Point Arena (C.6).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1		
	When the CA KMZ fishery is open, all fish caught in the area must be landed south of Horse Mountain until the CA KMZ fishery has been closed for at least 48 hours (C.6).			
In 2021, the season will open May 1 for all salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length. Gear restrictions same as in 2020. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March or April 2021 meetings.	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	In 2021, same as Alternative 1		
Point Reyes to Point San Pedro (Fall Area Target Zone) October 1-2, 5-9, 12-15. Open five days per week (MonFri.). All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 26 inches total length (B, C.1). All salmon caught in this area must be landed between Point Arena and Pigeon Point (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Point Reyes to Point San Pedro (Fall Area Target Zone) Same as Alternative 1	Point Reyes to Point San Pedro (Fall Area Target Zone) Same as Alternative 1		

	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS		
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)	Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)	Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)	
May 1-29;	May 1-28;	• May 1-28;	
June 10-30;	• June 1-30;	• June 1-30;	
July 15-28;	• July 11-22;	• July 12-31;	
August 1-28 (C.9.b).	August 1-28 (C.9.b).	• August 1-28 (C.9.b).	
Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B, C.1). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). All salmon must be anded in California.	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1	
	When the CA KMZ fishery is open, all fish caught in the area must be landed south of Horse Mountain until the CA KMZ fishery has been closed for at least 48 hours (C.6).		
All salmon caught in the area prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 80 (C.6).	Same as Alternative 1	Same as Alternative 1	
n 2021, the season will open May 1 for all salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length. Gear restrictions same as in 2020. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March or April 2021 meeting.	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	

California State regulations require all salmon be made available to a CDFW representative for sampling immediately at port of landing. Any person in possession of a salmon with a missing adipose fin, upon request by an authorized agent or employee of the CDFW, shall immediately relinquish the head of the salmon to the State (California Fish and Game Code §8226).

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)

	Chir	nook	Coho)	
Area (when open)	Total Length	Head-off	Total Length	Head-off	Pink
North of Cape Falcon	28	21.5	16	12	None
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.	28	21.5	-	-	None
Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border	28	21.5	-	-	None
OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (Alt. II)	28	21.5	-	-	28
Horse Mt. to Pt. Arena through August (Alt. I)	28	21.5			28
Horse Mt. to Pt. Arena (Alt. II, Alt. III), and after August in Alt I.	27	20.5		-	27
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. through August	27	20.5		-	27
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. September-October	26	19.5		-	26
Pigeon Pt. to U.S./Mexico Border	27	20.5	-	-	27

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. <u>Compliance with Minimum Size or Other Special Restrictions</u>: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if the area is open or has been closed less than 48 hours for that species of salmon. Salmon may be landed in an area that has been closed for a species of salmon more than 48 hours only if they meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught. Salmon may not be filleted prior to landing.

Any person who is required to report a salmon landing by applicable state law must include on the state landing receipt for that landing both the number and weight of salmon landed by species. States may require fish landing/receiving tickets be kept on board the vessel for 90 days or more after landing to account for all previous salmon landings.

C.2. Gear Restrictions:

- a. Salmon may be taken only by hook and line using single point, single shank, barbless hooks.
- b. Cape Falcon, Oregon, to the OR/CA border: No more than 4 spreads are allowed per line.
- c. OR/CA border to U.S./Mexico border: No more than 6 lines are allowed per vessel, and barbless circle hooks are required when fishing with bait by any means other than trolling.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

Trolling defined: Fishing from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions. Troll fishing gear defined: One or more lines that drag hooks behind a moving fishing vessel engaged in trolling. In that portion of the fishery management area off Oregon and Washington, the line or lines must be affixed to the vessel and must not be intentionally disengaged from the vessel at any time during the fishing operation.

Spread defined: A single leader connected to an individual lure and/or bait.

Circle hook defined: A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

C.4. Vessel Operation in Closed Areas with Salmon on Board:

- a. Except as provided under C.4.b below, it is unlawful for a vessel to have troll or recreational gear in the water while in any area closed to fishing for a certain species of salmon, while possessing that species of salmon; however, fishing for species other than salmon is not prohibited if the area is open for such species, and no salmon are in possession.
- b. When Genetic Stock Identification (GSI) samples will be collected in an area closed to commercial salmon fishing, the scientific research permit holder shall notify NOAA OLE, USCG, CDFW, WDFW, ODFW and OSP at least 24 hours prior to sampling and provide the following information: the vessel name, date, location and time collection activities will be done. Any vessel collecting GSI samples in a closed area shall not possess any salmon other than those from which GSI samples are being collected. Salmon caught for collection of GSI samples must be immediately released in good condition after collection of samples.

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (Continued)

C.5. Control Zone Definitions:

- a. Cape Flattery Control Zone The area from Cape Flattery (48°23'00" N. lat.) to the northern boundary of the U.S. EEZ; and the area from Cape Flattery south to Cape Alava (48°10'00" N. lat.) and east of 125°05'00" W. long.
- b. Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area The area in Washington Marine Catch Area 3 from 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. and connecting back to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long.
- c. Grays Harbor Control Zone The area defined by a line drawn from the Westport Lighthouse (46° 53'18" N. lat., 124° 07'01" W. long.) to Buoy #2 (46° 52'42" N. lat., 124°12'42" W. long.) to Buoy #3 (46° 55'00" N. lat., 124°14'48" W. long.) to the Grays Harbor north jetty (46° 55'36" N. lat., 124°10'51" W. long.).
- d. Columbia Control Zone An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06'50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15'09' N. lat., 124°06'16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat., 124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long.), and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and, on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
- e. Klamath Control Zone The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and on the south by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
- f. Waypoints for the 40 fathom regulatory line from Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. (50 CFR 660.71 (k) (12)-(70).

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45°46.00' N. lat.. 124°04.49' W. long.:
                                                  44°51.28' N. lat.. 124°10.21' W. long.:
                                                                                                    44°08.30' N. lat.. 124°16.75' W. long.:
                                                                                                                                                      43°10.96′ N. lat., 124°32.33′ W. long.;
45°44.34' N. lat.. 124°05.09' W. long.:
                                                  44°49.49′ N. lat., 124°10.90′ W. long.;
                                                                                                    44°01.18' N. lat.. 124°15.42' W. long.:
                                                                                                                                                      43°05.65′ N. lat., 124°31.52′ W. long.;
45°40.64' N. lat., 124°04.90' W. long.;
                                                  44°44.96' N. lat., 124°14.39' W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°51.61' N. lat., 124°14.68' W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°59.66′ N. lat., 124°32.58′ W. long.;
45°33.00' N. lat., 124°04.46' W. long.;
                                                  44°43.44′ N. lat., 124°14.78′ W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°42.66′ N. lat., 124°15.46′ W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°54.97' N. lat., 124°36.99' W. long.;
45°32.27' N. lat., 124°04.74' W. long.;
                                                  44°42.26′ N. lat.. 124°13.81′ W. long.:
                                                                                                    43°40.49' N. lat., 124°15.74' W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°53.81′ N. lat., 124°38.57′ W. long.;
45°29.26' N. lat., 124°04.22' W. long.;
                                                  44°41.68' N. lat., 124°15.38' W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°38.77' N. lat., 124°15.64' W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°50.00′ N. lat., 124°39.68′ W. long.;
45°20.25' N. lat., 124°04.67' W. long.;
                                                  44°34.87' N. lat., 124°15.80' W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°34.52' N. lat., 124°16.73' W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°49.13′ N. lat., 124°39.70′ W. long.;
45°19.99' N. lat., 124°04.62' W. long.;
                                                  44°33.74′ N. lat., 124°14.44′ W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°28.82′ N. lat., 124°19.52′ W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°46.47′ N. lat., 124°38.89′ W. long.;
45°17.50' N. lat., 124°04.91' W. long.;
                                                  44°27.66′ N. lat.. 124°16.99′ W. long.:
                                                                                                                                                      42°45.74′ N. lat., 124°38.86′ W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°23.91′ N. lat.. 124°24.28′ W. long.:
45°11.29' N. lat., 124°05.20' W. long.;
                                                  44°19.13' N. lat., 124°19.22' W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°20.83' N. lat., 124°26.63' W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°44.79′ N. lat., 124°37.96′ W. long.;
45°05.80' N. lat., 124°05.40' W. long.;
                                                  44°15.35′ N. lat., 124°17.38′ W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°17.96' N. lat., 124°28.81' W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°45.01′ N. lat., 124°36.39′ W. long.;
45°05.08' N. lat., 124°05.93' W. long.;
                                                  44°14.38' N. lat., 124°17.78' W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°16.75′ N. lat., 124°28.42′ W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°44.14′ N. lat., 124°35.17′ W. long.;
45°03.83' N. lat., 124°06.47' W. long.;
                                                  44°12.80′ N. lat.. 124°17.18′ W. long.:
                                                                                                                                                      42°42.14′ N. lat., 124°32.82′ W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°13.97' N. lat.. 124°31.99' W. long.:
45°01.70′ N. lat., 124°06.53′ W. long.;
                                                  44°09.23′ N. lat., 124°15.96′ W. long.;
                                                                                                                                                      42°40.50' N. lat., 124°31.98' W. long.
                                                                                                    43°13.72′ N. lat., 124°33.25′ W. long.;
44°58.75′ N. lat., 124°07.14′ W. long.;
                                                  44°08.38' N. lat., 124°16.79' W. long.;
                                                                                                    43°12.26' N. lat., 124°34.16' W. long.;
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C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)

C.6. <u>Notification When Unsafe Conditions Prevent Compliance with Regulations</u>: If prevented by unsafe weather conditions or mechanical problems from meeting special management area landing restrictions, vessels must notify the U.S. Coast Guard and receive acknowledgment of such notification prior to leaving the area. This notification shall include the name of the vessel, port where delivery will be made, approximate number of salmon (by species) on board, the estimated time of arrival, and the specific reason the vessel is not able to meet special management area landing restrictions.

In addition to contacting the U.S. Coast Guard, vessels fishing south of the Oregon/California border must notify CDFW within one hour of leaving the management area by calling 800-889-8346 and providing the same information as reported to the U.S. Coast Guard. All salmon must be offloaded within 24 hours of reaching port.

C.7. Incidental Halibut Harvest: During authorized periods, the operator of a vessel that has been issued an incidental halibut harvest license may retain Pacific halibut caught incidentally in Area 2A while trolling for salmon. Halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length, measured from the tip of the lower jaw with the mouth closed to the extreme end of the middle of the tail, and must be landed with the head on. When halibut are caught and landed incidental to commercial salmon fishing by an IPHC license holder, any person who is required to report the salmon landing by applicable state law must include on the state landing receipt for that landing both the number of halibut landed, and the total dressed, head-on weight of halibut landed, in pounds, as well as the number and species of salmon landed.

License applications for incidental harvest must be obtained from the International Pacific Halibut Commission (phone: 206-634-1838). Applicants must apply prior to mid-March 2020 for 2020 permits (exact date to be set by the IPHC in early 2020). Incidental harvest is authorized only during April, May, and June of the 2020 troll seasons, and after June 30 in 2020 if quota remains and if announced on the NMFS hotline (phone: 800-662-9825 or 206-526-6667). WDFW, ODFW, and CDFW will monitor landings. If the landings are projected to exceed the IPHC's 44,899 pound preseason allocation or the total Area 2A non-Indian commercial halibut allocation, NMFS will take inseason action to prohibit retention of halibut in the non-Indian salmon troll fishery.

All alternatives are for the time period of May 1, 2020 through the end of the 2020 salmon troll fishery, and April 1-30, 2021 with the exception that the alternatives would be in place until modified through inseason action or superseded by the 2021 management measures.

Alternative I – (status quo) license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each two Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than 35 halibut landed per trip.

Alternative II – license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each two Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than 30 halibut landed per trip.

Alternative III - license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each two Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than 25 halibut landed per trip.

Incidental Pacific halibut catch regulations in the commercial salmon troll fishery adopted for 2020, prior to any 2020 inseason action, will be in effect when incidental Pacific halibut retention opens on April 1, 2021 unless otherwise modified by inseason action at the March 2021 Council meeting.

a. "C-shaped" yelloweye rockfish conservation area is an area to be voluntarily avoided for salmon trolling. NMFS and the Council request salmon trollers voluntarily avoid this area in order to protect yelloweye rockfish. The area is defined in the Pacific Council Halibut Catch Sharing Plan in the North Coast subarea (Washington marine area 3), with the following coordinates in the order listed:

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48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;

48°18' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°11' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°01' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;

48°04' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;

48°04' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°00' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°00' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;

and connecting back to 48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.
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C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)

- C.8. <u>Inseason Management</u>: In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:
 - a. Chinook remaining from the May through June non-Indian commercial troll harvest guideline north of Cape Falcon may be transferred to the July through September harvest guideline if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - b. Chinook remaining from May, June, and /or July non-Indian commercial troll quotas in the Oregon or California KMZ may be transferred to the Chinook quota for the next open period if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - c. NMFS may transfer salmon between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon if there is agreement among the areas' representatives on the Salmon Advisory Subpanel (SAS), and if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - d. At the March 2021 meeting, the Council will consider inseason recommendations for special regulations for any experimental fisheries (proposals must meet Council protocol and be received in November 2020).
 - e. If retention of unmarked coho (adipose fin intact) is permitted by inseason action, the allowable coho quota will be adjusted to ensure preseason projected impacts on all stocks is not exceeded.
 - f. Landing limits may be modified inseason to sustain season length and keep harvest within overall quotas.
- C.9. State Waters Fisheries: Consistent with Council management objectives:
 - a. The State of Oregon may establish additional late-season fisheries in state waters.
 - b. The State of California may establish limited fisheries in selected state waters.
 - c. Check state regulations for details.
- C.10. For the purposes of California Fish and Game Code, Section 8232.5, the definition of the Klamath Management Zone (KMZ) for the ocean salmon season shall be that area from Humbug Mountain. Oregon, to Horse Mountain. California.
- C.11.Latitudes for geographical reference of major landmarks along the west coast. Source: 2018 West Coast federal salmon regulations. https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2018-05-01/pdf/2018-09164.pdf

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Cape Flattery, WA	48°23′00″ N lat.	Humboldt South Jetty, CA.	40°45′53″ N lat.
Cape Alava, WA	48°10′00″ N lat.	Horse Mountain, CA	40°05′00″ N lat.
Queets River, WA	47°31′42″ N lat.	Point Arena, CA	38°57′30″ N lat.
Leadbetter Point, WA	46°38′10″ N lat.	Point Reyes, CA	37°59′44″ N lat.
Cape Falcon, OR	45°46′00″ N lat.	Point San Pedro, CA	37°35′40″ N lat.
Florence South Jetty, OR	44°00′54″ N lat.	Pigeon Point, CA	37°11′00″ N lat.
South end Hecata Bank line, OR	44°00′54″ N lat.	Point Sur, CA	36°18′00″ N lat.
Humbug Mountain, OR	43°58′00″ N lat.	Point Conception, CA	34°27′00″ N lat.
Oregon-California border	42°00′00″ N lat.		