Agenda Item F.3.a Supplemental Project Team Presentation 1 April 2018

# Amendment 28 to the Groundfish FMP

Revisions to Essential Fish Habitat and Rockfish Conservation Areas

Pacific Fishery Management Council Meeting Portland, Oregon April 2018



**Alternatives Analyzed** 

PPA for Washington

No-action Alternative Keep current EFHCAs, keep trawl RCA, continue to

allow bottom-contact gear in waters deeper than 3,500 m.

Subject Area	Action Alternatives								
1. EFHCA changes (re- openings and closures)	1.a Collaborative	1.b Occ et a	eana, 11.	1.c MTC <sup>/</sup>	1.d Garibaldi Reef South	1.e Ritte Ban	enburg k	1.f Potato Bank correction	1.g New EFHCAs in WA
2. Adjustments to Trawl RCA	2.a Remove the trav RCA	2.a2.bRemove the trawlRemove the trawl RCA, and, iRCAWashington, implement discreationarea closures (DACs).			, in crete	2.c Remo imples (BAC	ve trawl RCA ment block are s)	, and ea closures	
3. Use MSA Sec. 303(b) discretionary authorities	3.a Close waters deeper than 3,500 m to bottom contact gear & Cal				or Oregon fornia				

# **Alternative 1.a Collaborative**



#### Figure 2-8, Page 2-17

# Alternative 1.b Oceana et. al



#### Figure 2-9, Page 2-18

### **Alternative 1.c Midwater Trawlers Cooperative**



Figure 2-11, Page 2-20

# EFHCA – Overlapping Polygons

### Example:

- Orange Alt 1.a, the Collaborative, "Rogue River Reef"
- Purple Alt 1.b, Oceana et al., "Rogue Canyonhead"
- See list in Project Team Report 2, Table 3



# EFHCA – Clipping

Example:

Orange – Alt 1.a, the Collaborative, "Saint George Reef";

Most of original polygon is in state waters



# Subject Area 2 – Remove the trawl RCA

# Alternative 2.a Remove RCA

# Alternative 2.b DACs



# **Alternative 2.c BACs**



# Alternative 3.a Bottom Contact Closure in Waters >3500m



# Administrative

Selected as PPAs April 2016

Admi	nistrative Alternatives
5.b	Update/revise FMP Appendix B (life history descriptions, text descriptions of groundfish EFH, major prey items, etc (PPA)
6.b	Revise FMP Appendix C Part 2 (fishing gear effects) (PPA)
7.b	Update FMP Appendix D (non-fishing activities that may adversely affect EFH) (PPA)
8.b	Revise EFH Information and Research Needs section of the FMP and move to an appendix (PPA)
9.b	Update groundfish EFH review and revision process and describe elsewhere (e.g., COP). Include criteria prior to each review (PPA)
101	

Supp. Project Team Report 2, Table 2

# Analysis and Results

Subject
Area
1. EFHCA
changes (re-
openings
and
closures)
2.
Adjustments
to Trawl
RCA
3. Use MSA
Sec. 303(b)
discretionary
authorities

Section 4.0 Analysis of Habitat Impacts

### 4 ANALYSIS OF IMPACTS

This chapter contains descriptions of the analytical approach Section 4.2 describes how the alternatives were analyzed.

# Habitat Resources

- Protecting a diversity of habitat types is better than not
- Protecting more is better than protecting less

### Subject Area 1 Comparison of Coastwide Alts

Net Change in Habitat Metrics Relative to No-Action

					Net Change b	y Alternative	Relative	
Habitat Metrics					1.a Collaborative	1.b Oceana et al.	Comparison (1.b/1.a)	
Spatial extent			Spatial extent		749	14,238	19.0	
ate		Η	ard	mi <sup>2</sup>	97	943	9.7	
ıbstra		Mixed		mi <sup>2</sup>	51	149	2.9	
Sı	Soft			Soft mi <sup>2</sup> 600 13		13,102	21.8	
	Canyon			Canyon         mi <sup>2</sup> 209         760			3.6	
		OFS		mi <sup>2</sup>	9	61	7.0	
ts	ates	e	DSC	count	96	366	3.8	
Iabita	ertebr	ertebr	Sponge	count	99	958	9.7	
ority F	ng Inv	Ч	Sea Pen	count	71	471	6.6	
Pric	ormir	h	DSC	count	867	5,430	6.3	
	itat-Fo		Sponge	count	961	4,974	5.2	
	Hal		Sea Pen	count	626	3,660	5.8	

Table 4-4, Page 4-30

# Alternative 1.g, New EFHCAs in WA If selected, need guidance on drawing polygon

	Close								
S	Spatial extent (mi <sup>2</sup> )								
a	H	ard	mi <sup>2</sup>	<1					
pe	Mi	xed	mi <sup>2</sup>	0					
Ty	S	oft	mi <sup>2</sup>	81					
	Unk	nown	mi <sup>2</sup>	0					
	Ca	nyon	mi <sup>2</sup>	24					
	0	FS	mi <sup>2</sup>	73					
itats		lce	DSC	4					
Hab	ning tes	eser	Sponges	7					
rity	Forr ebra	Pre	Sea Pens	3					
Prio	itat ∣ ∕erte	ch	DSC	214					
	Hab In√	/cat	Sponges	203					
		â	Sea Pens	414					



#### Table 4-8, Page 4-39

### Example Geographic Breaks Analysis By Latitudinal Zones and Depth Zones



### Example EFHCA Polygon Analysis (Appendix A)

	a	Codiment			Priority Habitats								
Dalugan Nama	Spatial Extent	Seament						Habitat-Forming Invertebrates					
Polygon Name	$(mi^2)$	II. d Minud		C a ft	Unknown	Canyon	OFS	Presence			Bycatch		
	()	пац	Mixeu	5011	Unknown			DSC	Sponge	Sea Pen	DSC	Sponge	Sea Pen
Proposed Closures													
Arago Reef	67	11	50	6	-	-	-	5	6	-	-	-	-
Ascension Canyonhead	6	0	-	6	-	4	-	5	5	5	-	1	1
Astoria Deep	39	-	-	39	-	14	-	-	-	-	6	10	6
Big Sur Coast Modification	45	28	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	19	-
Biogenic 2 Northern Modification	44	-	-	44	-	23	-	-	1	-	88	96	63
Proposed Reopenings													
Bandon High Spot Northern Modification	12	1	-	10	-	-	3	3	3	2	39	7	-
Bandon High Spot Southern Modification	9	3	-	7	-	-	2	1	1	2	40	-	-
Cordell Bank Modification 3	20	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	37
Delgada Canyon	8	0	-	8	-	5	-	-	-	-	15	-	-
Eel River Canyon Modification 1	2	-	-	2	-	2	0	-	-	1	-	23	-

# Alternative 2.a, Remove Trawl RCA

Net Change in Habitat Metrics Relative to No-Action

		M	letric	Reopened to BT	% Change to Coastwide BTCs	
	Sp	atial ex	tent	mi <sup>2</sup>	(2,835)	(19.6)
ype		Ha	rd*	mi <sup>2</sup>	(88)	(6.7)
te Ty		Mi	xed	mi <sup>2</sup>	(32)	(9.3)
ostrat		Se	oft	mi <sup>2</sup>	(2,713)	(21.2)
Sul		Unkı	nown	mi <sup>2</sup>	(2)	(4.0)
		Can	yon	mi <sup>2</sup>	(132)	(17.0)
		O	FS	mi <sup>2</sup>	(807)	(85.1)
itats		се	DSC	Count	(203)	(22.9)
Hab	ning es	esen	Sponges	Count	(421)	(30.6)
ority	Forn ebrat	Pr	Sea Pens	Count	(247)	(28.0)
Prio	verte	ch	DSC	Count	(3,034)	(61.1)
	Hab In	ycate	Sponges	Count	(5,030)	(70.4)
		B	Sea Pens	Count	(4,341)	(75.6)

Table 4-10, Page 4-41

### See Alternatives 2.b and 2.c in the PDEIS

### Alt 2.b, Table 4-11, page 4-45

### Alt 2.c, Table 4-12, page 4-47

# Alternative 3.a Close >3,500 m to Bottom-Contact Gear

- 123,487 mi<sup>2</sup>
- Pristine
- Sensitive
- Slow to recover from disturbance
- Little studied, but...
  - DSCRTP Data Base
    - Corals 323 records
    - Sponges 5311 records
    - Sea pens 2080 records



# **Data Sources**



# **Fish Resources**

### • Subject Area 1 – EFHCAs

- For most species, landings from within Alternative 1a-1g EFHCAs was quite small (<1% of coastwide)
- Habitat protections have positive effect on fish resources.
- Net gain in habitat protections
  - Alternative 1.b > Alternative 1.a



# **Fish Resources**

### • Subject Area 2 – Trawl RCA

- Historic landings
- Opening areas to bottom trawling = negative impact to fish resources
- Negative impacts are mitigated
- Overfishing would be unlikely to occur

# **Economic Resources**



# Flexibility and Choice Sets – Change with Area Openings/Closures Trip Choices





# Sub Area 1 Closures (2011-2014)

### Table 4-36; p. 4-122

	Subject Area 1 Proposed Closur	res (2011 to 2014 data)			
	Collaborative (1.a)	Oceana (1.b)	MTC (1.c)		
	Relative Contribution* of Areas	s Proposed for the Following:			
Port Group	Closure	Closure	Closure		
N. WA coast	No Data	No Data	No Data		
Puget Sound	No Data	No Data	No Data		
S. and Central WA coast	Negligible Contribution	Low Contribution	No Data		
WA Total	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data		
Astoria	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data		
Newport	No Data	Low Contribution	Negligible Contribution		
Coos Bay	No Data	Negligible Contribution	No Data		
Brookings	Negligible Contribution	Low Contribution	No Data		
OR Total	Negligible Contribution	Low Contribution	Negligible Contribution		
Crescent City	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data		
Eureka	Negligible Contribution	High Contribution	No Data		
Fort Bragg	Negligible Contribution	Low Contribution	No Data		
San Francisco	Negligible Contribution	Low Contribution	No Data		
Monterey	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data		
Morro Bay	Negligible Contribution	Low Contribution	No Data		
CA Total	Negligible Contribution	Medium Contribution	No Data		
Square Miles	925 mi <sup>2</sup>	14,380 mi <sup>2</sup>	109 mi <sup>2</sup>		
Summary	<ul> <li>Loss of areas of negligible contribution offset by gains in ecosystem services and existence values for areas proposed to be closed</li> <li>Some reduction in the opportunity to optimize fishing activity</li> </ul>	Loss of areas of low contribution offset by gains in ecosystem services and existence values for closed areas that are greater than in Alt 1a (based on mi <sup>2</sup> proposed to be closed) Some reduction in the opportunity to optimize fishing activity. (more reduction than 1.a)	<ul> <li>Loss of areas of negligible contribution offset by gains in ecosystem services and existence values for closed areas that are less than in either Alt I a or Ib (based on mi<sup>2</sup> proposed to be closed)</li> <li>Some reduction in the opportunity to optimize fishing activity, likely less than 1.a or 1.b</li> </ul>		

# Sub Area 1 Openings (1997-2001)

### Table 4-37; p. 4-124

	Subject Area 1 Reopenings (1997 to 2001 data)							
	Collaborative (1a)	Oceana (1.b)	MTC (lc)					
	Relative Historic	Contribution* of Areas Proposed for the Following:						
Port Group	Reopening	Reopening	Reopening					
N. WA coast	No Data	No Data	No Data					
Puget Sound	No Data	No Data	No Data					
S. and Cent. WA coast	Negligible Contribution	No Data	Negligible Contribution					
WA Total	Negligible Contribution	No Data	Negligible Contribution					
Astoria	Negligible Contribution	No Data	Negligible Contribution					
Newport	No Data	No Data	Negligible Contribution					
Coos Bay	Negligible Contribution	No Data	No Data					
Brookings	Negligible Contribution	No Data	No Data					
OR Total	Negligible Contribution	No Data	Negligible Contribution					
Crescent City	Negligible Contribution	No Data	No Data					
Eureka	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data					
Fort Bragg	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data					
San Francisco	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data					
Monterey	Medium Contribution	Medium Contribution	No Data					
Morro Bay	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data					
CA Total	Negligible Contribution	Negligible Contribution	No Data					
Square Miles	176 mi <sup>2</sup>	143 mi <sup>2</sup>	5 mi <sup>2</sup>					
Summary	<ul> <li>Gains of areas of negligible historic contribution offset by some losses in ecosystem services and existence values for reopened areas</li> <li>Some increase in the opportunity to optimize fishing activity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gains of areas of negligible historic contribution offset by some losses in ecosystem services and existence values for reopened areas</li> <li>Some increase in the opportunity to optimize fishing activity, possibly less than Option 1.a, based on square miles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gains of areas of negligible historic contribution offset by some losses in ecosystem services and existence values for reopened areas</li> <li>Small increase in the opportunity to optimize fishing activity, likely less than either 1.a or 1.b, based on square miles</li> </ul>					

# Economic Results: Subject Area 1 Closures

- In all three alternatives,
  - loss of fishing area at least partially offset by gains in ecosystem services and possibly existence values
- Oceana (1b) closures > Collaborative (1a) closures
  - 1b closures historically contributed more landings than areas 1a closures, particularly in Eureka (2011-2014)

# Economic Results: Subject Area 1 Openings

- Past contribution of areas were generally negligible
- Reopened areas contribute more to Monterey landings than for other ports
  - (same reopenings under both 1a and 1b).
- Reopenings are less than closings
  - 1a = 20% of closings (176 sq mi)
  - 1b = 1% (143 sq mi)
  - 1c = 5% (5 sq mi)

(not taking habitat type /grounds contribution into account)

# Economic Results: Subject Area 2 Alts

- Subject Area 2 alternatives reopen the trawl RCA
  - 11% of '97-'01 total non-whiting groundfsh revenue
- CA and OR > WA Proportionally greater immediate direct effects (RCA closures in north remain)

Economic Benefit & Management Flexibility

2c Remove the RCA, implement BACS2b Remove the RCA, implement DACs2a Remove the RCA

# **Protected Resources Impacts Analysis**

### Subject Area 1 – EFHCAs

Do not expect impacts to increase beyond what has been observed under No Action

- Closed areas would reduce the risk of impact to all species,
- Openings could expose species, esp. eulachon and green sturgeon
- None of the alternatives would impact designated critical habitat.

**Protected Resources Impacts Analysis** 

### Subject Area 2 – Trawl RCA

- Can not quantify impacts in RCA;
- Increase the potential for interactions with protected species;
- Interactions may be similar to No-action;
- 2.b and 2.c could temporarily reduce risk of impacts but can not quantify extent.
- PPA was part of the proposed action in the 2017 salmon BiOp

# Subject Area 3 – impact unlikely

# Synthesis

- Chapter 5
- Combinations of different alternatives from Chapter 4

Section 5.0 Synthesis Combinations

#### 5 SYNTHESIS COMBINATIONS

This chapter describes and compares the net effects of (EFHCAs) and Subject Area 2 (Trawl RCA) alternation fish resources, protected resources, and economics. In FPA, which will likely include elements from both Solimited to alternatives under Subject Areas 1 and 2. To than 3,500 m to all bottom contact gear) was not include



# **Overlap Across Subject Areas**

Example:

Green – 2015 trawl RCA

Purple – Alt 1.b, Oceana et al., "Rogue Canyonhead"



### Chapter 5: Synthesis of Combinations

		Con	nbination o	of Alternat	ives
Alternative	No- action	Combo 1	Combo 2	Combo 3	Combo 4
No-action	Х				
Retain trawl RCA (No-action Subject Area 2)				Х	
1.a, Collaborative		Х	Х		
1.b, Oceana, et al.				Х	Х
1.c, MTC			Х		
1.d, Garibaldi Reef So.			Х		
1.e, Rittenburg Bank			Х		
1.f, Potato Bank			Х		
2.a, Eliminate RCA		Х	Х		Х

# Synthesis: Habitat

#### Net Change in Habitat Metrics Relative to No-Action

Metric				No-action	Net Changes to area closed to bottom trawling					
			10	Alternative	Combination 3 Combination 4		Combination 2	Combination 1		
Spatial extent (mi <sup>2</sup> )				14,484	14,238 (+98%)	12,462 (+86%)	-2,021(-14%)	-2,094 (-14%)		
pe		Hare	d (mi <sup>2</sup> )	1,315	943 (+72%)	936 (+71%)	78 (+6%)	11 (+1%)		
te Ty		Mixe	ed (mi <sup>2</sup> )	345	149(+43%)	137 (+40%)	28 (+8%)	21 (+6%)		
bstrat	Soft (mi <sup>2</sup> )			12,770	13,102 (+103%)	11,346 (+89%)	-2,125(-17%)	-2,124 (-17%)		
Su	τ	Jnkno	own (mi <sup>2</sup> )	54	44 (+80%)	44(+80%)	-2(-4%)	-2 (-4%)		
	(	Canyo	ons (mi <sup>2</sup> )	775	760 (+98%)	686 (+88%)	78 (+10%)	78 (+10%)		
	OFS (mi <sup>2</sup> )			948	61 (+6%)	-636 (-67%)	-799 (-84%)	-799 (-84%)		
	es				Grid Co					
bitats	tebrat	ce	DSC	885	365 (+41%)	317 (+36%)	-69 (-8%)	-84 (-9%)		
ty Ha	nvert	resen	Sponges	1,377	957 (+69%)	814 (+59%)	-275 (-20%)	-300 (-22%)		
Priori	ning	P	Sea Pens	881	471 (+53%)	362 (+41%)	-148 (-17%)	-161 (-18%)		
	-For	h	DSC	4,966	5,430 (+109%)	3,089 (+62%)	-2,174 (-44%)	-2,174 (-44%)		
	abitat	ycato	Sponges	7,140	4,974 (+70%)	1,472 (+21%)	-4,017 (-56%)	-4,050 (-57%)		
	Η	B   H	Sea Pens	5,745	3,660 (+64%)	383 (+7%)	-3,673 (-64%)	-3,694 (-64%)		

### Table 5-2, page 5-8

# Synthesis: Habitat

Rank of Habitat Metrics by Combination

	Ν	Aetric		Combo 3	Combo 4	No-action	Combo 2	Combo 1		
Spa	tial ext	tent	mi <sup>2</sup>	1	2	3	4	5		
/pe	Ha	rd	mi <sup>2</sup>	1	2	5	3	4		
strate Ty	Miz	ked	mi <sup>2</sup>	1	1 2		3	4		
	Soft		mi <sup>2</sup>	1	2	3	5	4		
Sul	Unknown		mi <sup>2</sup>	1	2	3	5	5		
	Canyons		mi <sup>2</sup>	1	2	5	3	4		
	OFS		mi <sup>2</sup>	1	3	2	5	4		
ts	ates			Grid Cell Count						
abita	rtebr	e	DSC	1	2	3	4	5		
y Ha	Inve	esen	Sponges	1	2	3	4	5		
riorit	ing	Pr	Sea Pens	1	2	3	4	5		
Pı	Form	ch	DSC	1	2	3	5	5		
	itat-]	ycato	Sponges	1	2	3	4	5		
	Habi	B.	Sea Pens	1	2	3	4	5		

Table 5-3, page 5-9

# Synthesis: Fish Resources

- Combos 1, 2 & 4 Potential for localized negative impacts in areas reopened, but mitigated by other factors (habitat closures, IFQ, etc.)
- Combo 3 Likely net positive effects

# Synthesis: Economic Analysis

	<b>Proposed Closures</b>			<b>Proposed Reopenings</b>		
Combination	As a percent of 2011 to 2014 values			As a percent of 1997 to 2001 values		
	Landings (1000s lbs)	Revenues (2015 dollars, 1000s \$)	Square Miles	Landings (1000s lbs)	Revenues (2015 dollars, 1000s \$)	Square Miles
Comb #1 (Alt 1.a + Alt 2.a)	0.20%	0.20%	959	12.10%	11.30%	3,053
Comb #2 (Alt 1.a + 1.c-f) + 2.a	0.00%	0.00%	1,125	11.70%	10.80%	3,146
Comb #3 Alt 1.b + No Action for RCA	2.80%	3.40%	14,380	0.30%	0.30%	143
Comb #4 (Alt 1.b + Alt 2.a)	2.80%	3.40%	14,380	11.90%	11.10%	1,918

Table 5-4, page 5-10

# Synthesis: Protected Resources

Synthesis of EFHCA and RCA Alternatives We do not expect a change to the number of observed interactions beyond what has been observed under the No Action Alternative

# **Council Guidance**

### Project Team Report 2 – Table 1

Table 1 Action Item	Chasklist	Considerations and Guidance			
Subject	S.	a, Project Team Report 1)			
1Subject Area 1 (2Subject Area 2 (	NEPA Alter EFHCAs) trawl RCA)	If Alt 1.g is selected, provide guidance on boundaries			
3 Subject Area 3 ( contact gear close	Deep water bottom sure)	<ul> <li>Guidance on determining when (and what mechanism) to turn on/off DACs and BACs.</li> <li>Guidance on spatial scale for BACs, e.g. more latitudes available for BAC definition than just those called out specifically in the analysis.</li> </ul>			

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# Helpful Web Tools and Live Demos

- EFH Metrics 2018
  - http://www.soundgis.com/efh/efh2018-metrics/
- NWFSC FRAM Data Warehouse
  - https://www.nwfsc.noaa.gov/data/map

# Questions?

# List of acronyms from this presentation

- RCA trawl Rockfish Conservation Area
- EFHCA EFH Conservation Area
- OFS overfished species (habitat metric)
- HFI habitat-forming invertebrates
- DSC deep sea corals
- BTC bottom-trawl closure
- DAC discrete area closures
- BAC block area closures