SALMON ADVISORY SUBPANEL

PROPOSED INITIAL SALMON MANAGEMENT ALTERNATIVES FOR 2017 NON-INDIAN OCEAN FISHERIES

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TABLE 1. Commercial troll management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017 (Page 1 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:54 PM				
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I ALTERNATIVE II		ALTERNATIVE III		
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon		
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information		
 Overall non-Indian TAC: (non-mark-selective equivalent of 110,000 Chinook and 75,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 56,000 Chinook and 12,000 marked coho. Trade: May be considered during the April council meeting. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries. 	 Overall non-Indian TAC: 95,000 Chinook and 60,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 47,500 Chinook and 9,600 marked coho. Trade: Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseasoncatch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries. 	Overall non-Indian TAC: 80,000 Chinook and 45,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 40,000 Chinook and 7,200 marked coho. Trade: Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.		
May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 37,300 Chinook, no more than 12,100 of w hich may be caught in the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River and no more than 12,300 of w hich may be caught in the area betw een Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8). Seven days per w eek (C.1).	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 28,500 Chinook, no more than 9,300 of w hich may be caught in the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River and no more than 9,400 of w hich may be caught in the area betw een Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8). In the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, a landing and possession limit of 60 Chinook per vessel per calendar w eek (Monday through Sunday) w ill be in place. Seven days per w eek (C.1).	 U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon May 1-June 27, or 24,000 Chinook, no more than 7,800 of which may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River and no more than 7,900 of which may be caught in the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8). May 1-9 seven days per w eek May 12-June 27 five days per w eek, Friday through Tuesday. In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, a landing and possession limit of 40 Chinook per vessel per open period will be in place (C.1, C.6). 		
All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B). Vessels in possession of salmon north of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 w ith area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 w ith area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area betw een Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, inseason action w ill be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded. See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B). Vessels in possession of salmon north of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 w ith area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 w ith area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area betw een Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, inseason action w ill be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded. See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B). Vessels in possession of salmon north of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 w ith area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 w ith area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. When it is projected that approximately 50% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 50% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, or approximately 50% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area betw een Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, inseason action w ill be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded. See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).		

Cape Flattery, Mandatory Yellow eye Rockfish Conservation Area, and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land their fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by either calling 541-867-0300 ext. 271 or sending notification via e-mail to nfalcon.trollreport@state.or.us. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allow able troll harvest impacts (C.8).

A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS ALTERNATIVE II

U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon

and the Queets River (C.8).

July 1-September 17 or 18,700 Chinook or 12,000 coho w hichever comes first; no more than 7,400 Chinook may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border

ALTERNATIVE I

Open seven days a week. Landing and possession limit of 75 Chinook and 50 coho per vessel per calendar week (Monday through Sunday) (C.1). All salmon.

Vessels in possession of salmon north of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area between the U.S./Canada border to the Queets River, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded. No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).

U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon

 July 7-September 19 or 19,000 Chinook or 9,600 coho w hichever comes first; no more than 7,500 Chinook may be caught in the area betw een the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River (C.8).

Open Five days per week, Friday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 60 Chinook and 35 coho per vessel per open period. (C.1). All salmon.

Vessels in possession of salmon north of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area between the U.S./Canada border to the Queets River, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded. No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).

U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon

 July 1-4, July 7-September 19 or 16,000 Chinook or 7,200 coho w hichever comes first; no more than 6,300 Chinook may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River (C.8).

ALTERNATIVE III

Open Five days per week, Friday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 40 Chinook and 20 coho per vessel per open period. (C.1). All salmon.

Vessels in possession of salmon north of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line w ithout first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook and halibut catch aboard, and destination. When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of the Chinook subarea guideline has been landed in the area between the U.S./Canada border to the Queets River, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded. No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).

Mandatory Yellow eye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones, and beginning August 8, Grays Harbor Control Zone closed (C.5). Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land their fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by either calling 541-867-0300 ext. 271 or sending notification via e-mail to nfalcon.trollreport@state.or.us. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseas on actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allow able troll harvest impacts (C.8).

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Page 3 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:54 PM				
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon		
Supplemental Management Information 1. Sacramento River fall Chinook spaw ning escapement of, hatchery and natural area adults. 2. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of, 3. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation, adult Klamath River fall Chinook. 4. Klamath tribal allocation:, adult Klamath River fall Chinook. 5. CA/OR share of Klamath River fall Chinook commercial ocean harvest:%/%. 6. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the California Fish and Game Commission.	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information		
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. (Closed South of Florence S. Jetty)	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.		
 April 15-May 31 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.; June 7-12, June 15-30, July 8-31, August 4-8,and August 16-22 Cape Falcon to Florence S. Jetty; September 1-30 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.; October 1-31 Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. (C.9). Seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B, C.1). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay. 	 April 15-30; May 1-31; June 7-12; June 15-30; July 8-31; and August 4-8 and August 16-22 from Cape Falcon to Florence S. Jetty; September 1-30 Cape Falcon to Florence S. Jetty; October 1-31 Cape Falcon to Florence S. Jetty (C.9). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B, C.1). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay. 	April 1-June 30 (C.9). Seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay.		
Beginning September 1 no more than 45 Chinook per vessel per landing week (Thurs-Wed); and only open shoreward of the 40 fathom management line.	Beginning September 1 no more than 45 Chinook per vessel per landing week (Thurs-Wed); and only open shoreward of the 40 fathom management line.			
In 2018, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Gear restrictions same as in 2017. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2017 meeting.	In 2018, same as Alternative I	In 2018, same as Alternative I		
Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) Closed.	Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) Closed.	Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ) Closed.		
In 2018, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 28 inch Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2018 meeting.	In 2018, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 28 inch Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2018 meeting.	In 2018, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 28 inch Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2018 meeting.		

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management Alternatives propo	sed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017.	(Page 4 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:54 PM		
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE II ALTERNATIVE III ALTERNATIVE III				
OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ) • Closed	OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ) Closed	OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ) Closed		
When the fishery is closed between the OR/CA border and Humbug Mountain and open to the south, vessels with fish on board caught in the open area off California may seek temporary mooring in Brookings, Oregon prior to landing in California only if such vessels first notify the Chetco River Coast Guard Station via VHF channel 22A between the hours of 0500 and 2200 and provide the vessel name, number of fish on board, and estimated time of arrival (C.6).				
Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.	Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.	Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.		
Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg) • September 1-30 (C.9.b).	Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg) • Same as Alternative 1	Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg) • Same as Alternative 1		
Seven days per week. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B, C.1).				
In 2018, the season will open April 16-30 for all salmon except coho, with a 27 inch Chinook minimum size limit and the same gear restrictions as in 2017. All fish caught in the area must be landed in the area. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2018 meeting	In 2018, same as Alternative I.	In 2018, same as Alternative I.		

All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). When the CA KMZ fishery is open, all fish caught in the area must be landed south of Horse Mountain (C.6). During September, all fish must be landed north of Point Arena (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Page 5 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:54 PM					
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS					
ALTERNATIVE II ALTERNATIVE III ALTERNATIVE III					
 Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (San Francisco) May 1-31; June 16-30; August 1-29; September 1-30 (C.9.b). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length prior to September 1, 26 inches thereafter (B, C.1). All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). During September, all fish must be landed south of Point Arena (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Point Reyes to Point San Pedro (Fall Area Target Zone) October 2-6 and 9-13. Five days per w eek, Monday through Friday. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 26 inches total length (B, C.1). All fish caught in this area must be landed betw een Point Arena and Pigeon Point (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). 	Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (San Francisco) May 6-31; June 16-30; August 15-29; September 1-30 (C.9.b). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length prior to September 1, 26 inches thereafter (B, C.1). All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). During September, all fish must be landed south of Point Arena (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Point Reyes to Point San Pedro (Fall Area Target Zone) Same as Alternative 1	Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt. (San Francisco) May 1-31; August 15-29; September 1-30 (C.9.b). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length prior to September 1, 26 inches thereafter (B, C.1). All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). During September, all fish must be landed south of Point Arena (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Point Reyes to Point San Pedro (Fall Area Target Zone) Same as Alternative 1			
Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey) • May 1-31; • June 1-30 (C.9.b). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B, C.1). All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)) • May 6-31; • June 16-30 (C.9.b). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B, C.1). All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey) • May 1-31; (C.9.b). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 27 inches total length (B. C.1). All fish must be landed in California. All salmon caught in California prior to September 1 must be landed and offloaded no later than 11:59 p.m., August 30 (C.6). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).			
	illable to a CDFW representative for sampling immediately at or employee of the CDFW, shall immediately relinquish the				

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)					
	Chi	nook	Co	<mark>oho</mark>	
Area (when open)	Total Length	Head-off	Total Length	Head-off	Pink
North of Cape Falcon	28.0	21.5	-	-	None
Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border	28.0	21.5	-	-	None
OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty	28.0	21.5	-	-	None
Horse Mt. to Pt. Arena	27.0	20.5	-	-	None
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt.					
< Sept. 1	27.0	20.5	-	-	None
≥ Sept. 1	26.0	19.5	-	-	None
Pigeon Pt. to U.S./Mexico Border	27.0	20.5	-	-	None

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. <u>Compliance with Minimum Size or Other Special Restrictions</u>: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if the area is open or has been closed less than 48 hours for that species of salmon. Salmon may be landed in an area that has been closed for a species of salmon more than 48 hours only if they meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught. Salmon may not be filleted prior to landing.

Any person who is required to report a salmon landing by applicable state law must include on the state landing receipt for that landing both the number and weight of salmon landed by species. States may require fish landing/receiving tickets be kept on board the vessel for 90 days or more after landing to account for all previous salmon landings.

C.2. Gear Restrictions:

- a. Salmon may be taken only by hook and line using single point, single shank, barbless hooks.
- b. Cape Falcon, Oregon, to the OR/CA border: No more than 4 spreads are allowed per line.
- c. OR/CA border to U.S./Mexico border: No more than 6 lines are allow ed per vessel, and barbless circle hooks are required when fishing with bait by any means other than trolling.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

Trolling defined: Fishing from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions.

Troll fishing gear defined: One or more lines that drag hooks behind a moving fishing vessel. In that portion of the fishery management area off Oregon and Washington, the line or lines must be affixed to the vessel and must not be intentionally disengaged from the vessel at any time during the fishing operation.

Spread defined: A single leader connected to an individual lure and/or bait.

Circle hook defined: A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

C.4. Vessel Operation in Closed Areas with Salmon on Board:

- a. Except as provided under C.4.b below, it is unlaw ful for a vessel to have troll or recreational gear in the water while in any area closed to fishing for a certain species of salmon, while possessing that species of salmon; however, fishing for species other than salmon is not prohibited if the area is open for such species, and no salmon are in possession.
- b. When Genetic Stock Identification (GSI) samples will be collected in an area closed to commercial salmon fishing, the scientific research permit holder shall notify NOAA OLE, USCG, CDFW, WDFW, and OSP at least 24 hours prior to sampling and provide the following information: the vessel name, date, location and time collection activities will be done. Any vessel collecting GSI samples in a closed area shall not possess any salmon other than those from which GSI samples are being collected. Salmon caught for collection of GSI samples must be immediately released in good condition after collection of samples.

C. REQUIREMENTS. DEFINITIONS. RESTRICTIONS. OR EXCEPTIONS (Continued)

C.5. Control Zone Definitions:

- Cape Flattery Control Zone The area from Cape Flattery (48°23'00" N, lat.) to the northern boundary of the U.S. EEZ: and the area from Cape Flattery south to Cape Alaya (48°10'00" N. lat.) and east of 125°05'00" W. long.
- Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area The area in Washington Marine Catch Area 3 from 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. and connecting back to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long.
- Grays Harbor Control Zone The area defined by a line draw n from the Westport Lighthouse (46° 53'18" N. lat., 124° 07'01" W. long.) to Buoy #2 (46° 52'42" N. lat., 124°12'42" W. long.) to Buoy #3 (46° 55'00" N. lat., 124°14'48" W. long.) to the Grays Harbor north letty (46° 55'36" N. lat., 124°10'51" W. long.).
- Columbia Control Zone An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06′50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15′09' N. lat., 124°06′16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat.,124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long.), and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and, on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
- Klamath Control Zone The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and on the south by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
- f. Waypoints for the 40 fathom regulatory line from Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. (50 CFR 660.71 (k) (12)-(70).

1. Waypoints for the 40 rathern egulate	19 mile 110111 Sape 1 alcol 16 1 latticag Wit. (60 of 17 000.7 1 (17) (12)	
	44°42.26′ N. lat., 124°13.81′ W. long.;	43°20.83′ N. lat., 124°26.63′ W. long.;
45°46.00' N. lat., 124°04.49' W. long.;	44°41.68′ N. lat., 124°15.38′ W. long.;	43°17.96′ N. lat., 124°28.81′ W. long.;
45°44.34' N. lat., 124°05.09' W. long.;	44°34.87′ N. lat., 124°15.80′ W. long.;	43°16.75' N. lat., 124°28.42' W. long.;
45°40.64′ N. lat., 124°04.90′ W. long.;	44°33.74′ N. lat., 124°14.44′ W. long.;	43°13.97' N. lat., 124°31.99' W. long.;
45°33.00' N. lat., 124°04.46' W. long.;	44°27.66′ N. lat., 124°16.99′ W. long.;	43°13.72′ N. lat., 124°33.25′ W. long.;
45°32.27' N. lat., 124°04.74' W. long.;	44°19.13′ N. lat., 124°19.22′ W. long.;	43°12.26′ N. lat., 124°34.16′ W. long.;
45°29.26' N. lat., 124°04.22' W. long.;	44°15.35′ N. lat., 124°17.38′ W. long.;	43°10.96′ N. lat., 124°32.33′ W. long.;
45°20.25' N. lat., 124°04.67' W. long.;	44°14.38′ N. lat., 124°17.78′ W. long.;	43°05.65' N. lat., 124°31.52' W. long.;
45°19.99' N. lat., 124°04.62' W. long.;	44°12.80′ N. lat., 124°17.18′ W. long.;	42°59.66' N. lat., 124°32.58' W. long.;
45°17.50′ N. lat., 124°04.91′ W. long.;	44°09.23' N. lat., 124°15.96' W. long.;	42°54.97' N. lat., 124°36.99' W. long.;
45°11.29' N. lat., 124°05.20' W. long.;	44°08.38' N. lat., 124°16.79' W. long.;	42°53.81′ N. lat., 124°38.57′ W. long.;
45°05.80' N. lat., 124°05.40' W. long.;	44°08.30′ N. lat., 124°16.75′ W. long.;	42°50.00' N. lat., 124°39.68' W. long.;
45°05.08' N. lat., 124°05.93' W. long.;	44°01.18′ N. lat., 124°15.42′ W. long.;	42°49.13′ N. lat., 124°39.70′ W. long.;
45°03.83' N. lat., 124°06.47' W. long.;	43°51.61′ N. lat., 124°14.68′ W. long.;	42°46.47' N. lat., 124°38.89' W. long.;
45°01.70' N. lat., 124°06.53' W. long.;	43°42.66′ N. lat., 124°15.46′ W. long.;	42°45.74′ N. lat., 124°38.86′ W. long.;
44°58.75′ N. lat., 124°07.14′ W. long.;	43°40.49′ N. lat., 124°15.74′ W. long.;	42°44.79′ N. lat., 124°37.96′ W. long.;
44°51.28' N. lat., 124°10.21' W. long.;	43°38.77′ N. lat., 124°15.64′ W. long.;	42°45.01′ N. lat., 124°36.39′ W. long.;
44°49.49' N. lat., 124°10.90' W. long.;	43°34.52′ N. lat., 124°16.73′ W. long.;	42°44.14' N. lat., 124°35.17' W. long.;
44°44.96' N. lat., 124°14.39' W. long.;	43°28.82' N. lat., 124°19.52' W. long.;	42°42.14′ N. lat., 124°32.82′ W. long.;
44°43.44′ N. lat., 124°14.78′ W. long.;	43°23.91′ N. lat., 124°24.28′ W. long.;	42°40.50′ N. lat., 124°31.98′ W. long.

- C.6. Notification When Unsafe Conditions Prevent Compliance with Regulations: If prevented by unsafe weather conditions or mechanical problems from meeting special management area landing restrictions, vessels must notify the U.S. Coast Guard and receive acknowledgment of such notification prior to leaving the area. This notification shall include the name of the vessel, port where delivery will be made, approximate amount of salmon (by species) on board, the estimated time of arrival, and the specific reason the vessel is not able to meet special management area landing restrictions.
 - In addition to contacting the U.S. Coast Guard, vessels fishing south of the Oregon/California border must notify CDFW within one hour of leaving the management area by calling 800-889-8346 and providing the same information as reported to the U.S. Coast Guard. All salmon must be offloaded within 24 hours of reaching port.
- C.7. Incidental Halibut Harvest: During authorized periods, the operator of a vessel that has been issued an incidental halibut harvest license may retain Pacific halibut caught incidentally in Area 2A while trolling for salmon. Halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length, measured from the tip of the lower jaw with the mouth closed to the extreme end of the middle of the tail, and must be landed with the head on. When halibut are caught and landed incidental to commercial salmon fishing by an IPHC license holder, any person who is required to report the salmon landing by applicable state law must include on the state landing receipt for that landing both the number of halibut landed, and the total dressed, head-on weight of halibut landed, in pounds, as well as the number and species of salmon landed.

License applications for incidental harvest must be obtained from the International Pacific Halibut Commission (phone: 206-634-1838). Applicants must apply prior to mid-March 2017 for 2017 permits (exact date to be set by the IPHC in early 2017). Incidental harvest is authorized only during April, May, and June of the 2016 troll seasons and after June 30 in 2016 if quota remains and if announced on the NMFS hotline (phone: 800-662-9825 or 206-526-6667). WDFW, ODFW, and CDFW will monitor landings. If the landings are projected to exceed the IPHC's 34,123 pound preseason allocation or the total Area 2A non-Indian commercial halibut allocation, NMFS will take inseason action to prohibit retention of halibut in the non-Indian salmon troll fishery.

Alternative I- May 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, and April 1-30, 2018, license holders may land or possess no more than one Pacific halibut per each four Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be possessed or landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than 12 halibut may be possessed or landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

Alternative II - - May 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, and April 1-30, 2018, license holders may land or possess no more than _____ Pacific halibut per each _____ Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be possessed or landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than ____ halibut may be possessed or landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

Alternative III - - May 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, and April 1-30, 2018, license holders may land or possess no more than _____ Pacific halibut per each ______ Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be possessed or landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than ____ halibut may be possessed or landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

Incidental Pacific halibut catch regulations in the commercial salmon troll fishery adopted for 2016, prior to any 2016 inseason action, will be in effect when incidental Pacific halibut retention opens on April 1, 2017 unless otherwise modified by inseason action at the March 2017 Council meeting.

a. "C-shaped" yellow eye rockfish conservation area is an area to be voluntarily avoided for salmon trolling. NMFS and the Council request salmon trollers voluntarily avoid this area in order to protect yellow eye rockfish. The area is defined in the Pacific Council Halibut Catch Sharing Plan in the North Coast subarea (Washington marine area 3), with the following coordinates in the order listed:

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48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;

48°18' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°11' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°01' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;

48°04' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;

48°04' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°00' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;

48°00' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;

and connecting back to 48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.
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TABLE 1. Commercial troll management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Page 9 of 9)	3/9/2017 12:54 PM
C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)	

- C.8. Inseason Management: In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:
 - a. Chinook remaining from the May through June non-Indian commercial troll harvest guideline north of Cape Falcon may be transferred to the July through September harvest guideline if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - b. Chinook remaining from the June non-Indian commercial troll quotas in the Oregon KMZ may be transferred to the Chinook quota for the July open period if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - c. NMFS may transfer fish between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon if there is agreement among the areas' representatives on the Salmon Advisory Subpanel (SAS), and if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - d. At the March 2017 meeting, the Council will consider inseason recommendations for special regulations for any experimental fisheries (proposals must meet Council protocol and be received in November 2016).
 - e. If retention of unmarked coho is permitted by inseason action, the allow able coho quota will be adjusted to ensure preseason projected impacts on all stocks is not exceeded.
 - f. Landing limits may be modified inseason to sustain season length and keep harvest within overall quotas.
- C.9. State Waters Fisheries: Consistent with Council management objectives:
 - a. The State of Oregon may establish additional late-season fisheries in state waters.
 - The State of California may establish limited fisheries in selected state waters.
 Check state regulations for details.
- C.10. For the purposes of California Fish and Game Code, Section 8232.5, the definition of the Klamath Management Zone (KMZ) for the ocean salmon season shall be that area from Humbug Mountain, Oregon, to Horse Mountain, California.

TABLE 2. Recreational management Alternatives prop	osed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017	. (Page 1 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:56 PM		
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon		
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information		
1. Overall non-Indian TAC: xxx,xxx (non-mark-selective equivalent of 110,000) Chinook and 75,000 coho marked w ith a healed adipose fin clip (marked). 2. Recreational TAC: xx,xxx (non-mark selective equivalent of 54,000) Chinook and 63,000 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked. 3. A trade w ith commercial troll may be considered in April. 4. No Area 4B add-on fishery. 5. Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 w ith an expected landed catch of xx,xxx marked coho in August and September. 6. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	 Overall non-Indian TAC: 95,000 Chinook and 60,000 coho marked w ith a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Recreational TAC: 47,500 Chinook and 50,400 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked w ith a healed adipose fin clip. No Area 4B add-on fishery. Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 w ith an expected landed catch of xx,xxx marked coho in August and September. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries. 	 Overall non-Indian TAC: 80,000 Chinook and 45,000 coho marked w ith a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Recreational TAC: 40,000 Chinook and 37,800 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip. No Area 4B add-on fishery. Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of xx,xxx marked coho in August and September. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries. 		
U.S./Canada Border to Queets Rivers •	U.S./Canada Border to Queets Rivers	U.S./Canada Border to Queets Rivers		
Queets Rivers to Leadbetter Point June 17 through earlier of June 30 or a coastwide marked Chinook quota of xx,xxx (C.5). Seven days per w eek. Two fish per day, all salmon except coho. All Chinook must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Queets Rivers to Leadbetter Point	Queets Rivers to Leadbetter Point		

TABLE 2. Recreational management Alternatives proposed	by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Pa	age 2 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:56 PM	
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS			
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon June 17 through earlier of June 30 or a coastwide marked Chinook quota of xx,xxx (C.5). Seven days per week. Two fish per day, all salmon except coho. All Chinook must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).			
 U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay) June 24 through earlier of September 30 or 6,550 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 9,000 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon except no chum beginning August 1; two fish per day plus two additional pink. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.a) during Council managed ocean fishery. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea) June 24 through earlier of September 30 or 1,540 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 2,800 Chinook (C.5). October 1 through earlier of October 15 or 100 marked 	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay) June 24 through earlier of September 30 or 5,240 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 8,400 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon except no chum beginning August 1; two fish per day plus one additional pink. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.a) during Council managed ocean fishery. See gear restrictions and definitions (C2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest w ithin the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea) June 24 through earlier of September 30 or 1,210 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 2,600 Chinook (C.5).	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay) July 1 through earlier of September 17 or 3,930 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 7,100 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon except no chum beginning August 1; two fish per day. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.a) during Council managed ocean fishery. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea) July 1 through earlier of September 17 or 980 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 2,200 Chinook (C.5).	
coho quota or 100 Chinook quota (C.5) in the area north of 47°50'00 N. lat. and south of 48°00'00" N. lat. Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day plustwo additional pink. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip. (see Ocean Boat Limits, C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	coho quota or 100 Chinook quota (C.5) in the area north of 47°50′00 N. lat. and south of 48°00′00″ N. lat. Seven days per w eek. All salmon, two fish per day plus one additional pink. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (see Ocean Boat Limits, C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest w ithin the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Seven days per w eek. All salmon, two fish per day. A coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (see Ocear Boat Limits, C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustair season length and keep harvest w ithin the overall Chinool and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5)	

TABLE 2. Recreational management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Page 3 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:56 PM			
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS			
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
 Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea) July 1 through earlier of September 30 or 23,310 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 24,200 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon; two fish per day, no more than one of w hich can be a Chinook. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Grays Harbor Control Zone closed beginning August 14 (C.4.b). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest w ithin the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea) June 24 through earlier of September 17 or 18,650 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 22,500 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon; two fish per day, no more than one of w hich can be a Chinook. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Grays Harbor Control Zone closed beginning August 14 (C.4.b). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest w ithin the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	two fish per day, no more than one of which can be a Chinook. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Grays Harbor Control Zone closed beginning August 14	
Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea) July 1 through earlier of September 30 or 31,500 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 14,900 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon; two fish per day, no more than one of w hich can be a Chinook. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.c. Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea) June 24 through earlier of September 30 or 25,200 marked coho subarea quota w ith a subarea guideline of 13,900 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per w eek. All salmon; two fish per day, no more than one of w hich can be a Chinook. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.c). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest w ithin the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea) July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 18,900 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 11,700 Chinook (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon; two fish per day, no more than one of which can be a Chinook. All coho must be marked a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.c). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	

A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS			
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III	
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	
 Sacramento River fall Chinook spaw ning escapement of, adults. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of, % Klamath River recreational fishery allocation:, adult Klamath River fall Chinook. Klamath tribal allocation:, adult Klamath River fall Chinook. Overall recreational coho TAC:, coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked), and, coho in the non-mark-selective coho fishery. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of new allocation recommendations from the CFGC. Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. March 15 through October 31 (C.6), except as provided below during the all-salmon mark-selective and September non-mark-selective coho fisheries. Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Non-mark-selective coho fishery: September 2 through the earlier of September 30 or a landed catch of 10,000 coho, Coho minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day (C.1). See minimum size limits (B) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day (C.5). 	1. Sacramento River fall Chinook spaw ning escapement of	1. Sacramento River fall Chinook spaw ning escapement, adults. 2. Sacramento Index exploitation rate of, % 3. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: adult Klamath River fall Chinook. 4. Klamath tribal allocation:, adult Klamath River fall Chinook. 5. Overall recreational coho TAC:, coho marker with a healed adipose fin clip (marked), and, coin the non-mark-selective coho fishery. 6. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS Esconsultation standards, FMP requirements, other management objectives, or upon receipt of neallocation recommendations from the CFGC. Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. • March 15 through August 31 (C.6), except as provide below during the all-salmon mark-selective. Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish part (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	
The all salmon except coho season reopens the earlier of October 1 or attainment of the coho quota (C.5).	During October the fishery is only open shoreward of the 40 fathom management line.		
In 2018, the season betw een Cape Falcon and Humbug Mountain will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017 (C.2, C.3). Fishing in the Stonew all Bank yellow eye rockfish conserva	In 2018, the season between Cape Falcon and Humbug Mountain will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017 (C.2, C.3).	In 2018, the season betw een Cape Falcon and Humbug Mountain will open March 15 for all salmon except con- two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions a in 2017 (C.2, C.3).	

TABLE 2. Recreational management Alternatives proposed	by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Pa	age 5 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:56 PM		
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS				
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III		
 Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border All-salmon mark-selective coho fishery: June 24 through the earlier of July 31 or a landed catch of 30,000 marked coho (C.5) From Humbug Mt to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ) the selective Coho fishery will end July 9. Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Any remainder of the mark selective quota will be transferred on an impact neutral basis to the September non-selective quota from Cape Falcon to Humbug Mountain. The all salmon except coho season reopens the 	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mountain All-salmon mark-selective coho fishery July 1 through the earlier of August 6 or a landed catch of 25,000 marked coho (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). The all salmon except coho season reopens the earlier of August 7 or attainment of the coho quota.	Cape Falcon to Humbug Mountain All-salmon mark-selective coho fishery July 1 through the earlier of August 31 or a landed catch of 20,000 marked coho (C.5). Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). The all salmon except coho season reopens the earlier of August 1 or attainment of the coho quota.		
earlier of August 1 or attainment of the coho quota (C.5.e). Fishing in the Stonewall Bank Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area restricted to trolling only on days the all depth recreational halibut fishery is open (call the halibut fishing hotline 1-800-662-9825 for specific dates) (C.3.b, C.4.d).	Fishing in the Stonewall Bank Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area restricted to trolling only on days the all depth recreational halibut fishery is open (call the halibut fishing hotline 1-800-662-9825 for specific dates) (C.3.b, C.4.d).	Fishing in the Stonew all Bank Yellow eye Rockfish Conservation Area restricted to trolling only on days the all depth recreational halibut fishery is open (call the halibut fishing hotline 1-800-662-9825 for specific dates) (C.3b, C.4.d).		
Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ) May 27 through July 9, and September 2 through September 4; except as provided above during the all-salmon mark-selective coho fishery (C.6). Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, except as pated only in the all as lamon except coho, is allowed as a set of the	 Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ) May 27 through May 31; June 1-30; Four days per w eek, Wednesday-Saturday July 1-4.(C.6) All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook 	 Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ) May 27 through May 31; June 24 - July 4(C.6) All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook 		
noted above in the all-salmon mark-selective coho fishery; two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).		
OR/CA Border to Horse Mt. (California KMZ) ■ June 16-30, July 16-31 (C.6). Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.e). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith, Eel, and Klamath rivers.	OR/CA Border to Horse Mt. (California KMZ) ■ June 17-July 4 (C.6). Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.e). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith, Eel, and Klamath rivers.	OR/CA Border to Horse Mt. (California KMZ) ■ May 26-29, July 1-4. (C.6). Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.e). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith, Eel, and Klamath rivers		

TABLE 2. Recreational management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Page 6 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:56 PM						
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS						
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III				
Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)	Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)	Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)				
• April 1 - July 4,	• April 1 - May 31,	April 1 - May 31, Seven days per w eek. (C.6).				
August 1 - November 12 (C.6).	• June 10- July 4,	June 2 -July 9, Five days per w eek (Friday -Tuesday).				
	August 1 - November 12 (C.6).	(C.6).				
Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho, two fish per	Cover days nor week All salmen eveent ache two fish per	August 1 - November 12, (C.6). Soven days party sale. All colleges avacant caba true fish party.				
day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total	Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total	Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total				
length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).				
longin (2). See gear rectrictions and derinitions (3.2, 3.5).	length (b). See gear restrictions and definitions (6.2, 6.5).	iongin (b). Occ gear restrictions and definitions (c.2, c.5).				
In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho,	In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho,	In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho, two				
two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20	two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20	fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches				
inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in	inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in	total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017				
2017 (C.2, C.3).	2017 (C.2, C.3).	(C.2, C.3).				
Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco) • April 1 - October 31, Seven days per w eek. (C.6).	Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco) • April 1 - July 30, five days a w eek, Wednesday through	Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco) • April 1 - July 30, five days a w eek, Wednesday through				
April 1 - October 31, Seven days per w eek. (C.6).	Sunday (C.6).	Sunday (C.6).				
	August 1- October 31, seven days a w eek (C.6).	 August 1- October 31, seven days a w eek (C.6). 				
	7 ragust 1 Colober 01, Soverrady's a w con (C.o).	ragust i Solobol of, seven ady o a w con (6.6).				
All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook	All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook	All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook				
minimum size limit of 24 inches total length through April 30,	minimum size limit of 24 inches total length through June	minimum size limit of 24 inches total length through April 30,				
20 inches thereafter (B). See gear restrictions and	30, 20 inches thereafter (B). See gear restrictions and	20 inches thereafter (B). See gear restrictions and definitions				
definitions (C.2, C.3).	definitions (C.2, C.3).	(C.2, C.3).				
In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho.	In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho.	In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho, two				
two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20	tw o fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24	fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches				
inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in	inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in	total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017				
2017 (C.2, C.3).	2017 (C.2, C.3).	(C.2, C.3).				
Pigeon Point to Point Sur (Monterey North)	Pigeon Point to Point Sur (Monterey North)	Pigeon Point to Point Sur (Monterey North)				
• April 1 - July 31 (C.6).	• April 1 - July 15 (C.6).	• April 1- July 9 (C.6).				
Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish per	Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho, two fish per	Seven days per week. All salmon except coho, two fish per				
day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).				
iengin (b). See gear restrictions and deminitions (C.2, C.3).	Terigui (D). See year restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	ו ופוואַנוו (ט). See year restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).				
In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho.	In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho.	In 2018, season opens April 7 for all salmon except coho, two				
two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24	two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24	fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches				
inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in	inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in	total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017				
2017 (C.2, C.3).	2017 (C.2, C.3).	(C.2, C.3).				

TABLE 2. Recreational management Alternatives proposed by the SAS for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2017. (Page 7 of 9) 3/9/2017 12:56 Pt						
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS						
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III				
Point Sur to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey South) • April 1 through May 31 (C.6). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Point Sur to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey South) • April 1 - May 31 (C.6). Seven days per w eek. All salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).				
	two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 24 inches total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017 (C.2, C.3). illable to a CDFW representative for sampling immediately at	total length (B); and the same gear restrictions as in 2017 (C.2, C.3). port of landing. Any person in possession of a salmon with a				
missing adipose fin, upon request by an authorized agent or employee of the CDFW, shall immediately relinquish the head of the salmon to the state. (California Code of Regulations Title 14 Section 1.73)						

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)

Area (when open)		Chinook	Coho	Pink
North of Cape Falcon		24.0	16.0	None
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.		24.0	16.0	None
Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border		24.0	16.0	None
OR/CA Border to Horse Mt.		20.0	-	20.0
Horse Mt. to Pt. Arena		20.0	-	20.0
Pt. Arena to Pigeon Pt.	Through April 30	24.0	-	24.0
	After April 30	20.0	-	20.0
Pigeon Pt. to U.S./Mexico Border		24.0	-	24.0

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

- C.1. Compliance with Minimum Size and Other Special Restrictions: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if that area is open. Salmon may be landed in an area that is closed only if they meet the minimum size or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught. Salmon may not be filleted prior to landing.
 - Ocean Boat Limits: Off the coast of Washington, Oregon, and California, each fisher aboard a vessel may continue to use angling gear until the combined daily limits of Chinook and coho salmon for all licensed and juvenile anglers aboard have been attained (additional state restrictions may apply).
- C.2. Gear Restrictions: Salmon may be taken only by hook and line using barbless hooks. All persons fishing for salmon, and all persons fishing from a boat with salmon on board, must meet the gear restrictions listed below for specific areas or seasons.
 - a. *U.S./Canada Border to Pt. Conception, California*: No more than one rod may be used per angler; and no more than two single point, single shank barbless hooks are required for all fishing gear. [Note: ODFW regulations in the state-water fishery off Tillamook Bay may allow the use of barbed hooks to be consistent with inside regulations.]
 - b. Horse Mt., California, to Pt. Conception, California: Single point, single shank, barbless circle hooks (see gear definitions below) are required when fishing with bait by any means other than trolling, and no more than two such hooks shall be used. When angling with two hooks, the distance between the hooks must not exceed five inches when measured from the top of the eye of the top hook to the inner base of the curve of the low er hook, and both hooks must be permanently tied in place (hard tied). Circle hooks are not required when artificial lures are used without bait.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

- a. Recreational fishinggear defined: Off Oregon and Washington, angling tackle consists of a single line that must be attached to a rod and reel held by hand or closely attended; the rod and reel must be held by hand while playing a hooked fish. No person may use more than one rod and line while fishing off Oregon or Washington. Off California, the line must be attached to a rod and reel held by hand or closely attended; weights directly attached to a line may not exceed four pounds (1.8 kg). While fishing off California north of Pt. Conception, no person fishing for salmon, and no person fishing from a boat with salmon on board, may use more than one rod and line. Fishing includes any activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish.
- b. Trolling defined: Angling from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions.
- c. Circle hook defined: A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

C.4. Control Zone Definitions:

- a. The Bonilla-Tatoosh Line: A line running from the western end of Cape Flattery to Tatoosh Island Lighthouse (48°23'30" N. lat., 124°44'12" W. long.) to the buoy adjacent to Duntze Rock (48°24'37" N. lat., 124°44'37" W. long.), then in a straight line to Bonilla Pt. (48°35'39" N. lat., 124°42'58" W. long.) on Vancouver Island. British Columbia.
- b. Grays Harbor Control Zone The area defined by a line draw n from the Westport Lighthouse (46° 53'18" N. lat., 124° 07'01" W. long.) to Buoy #2 (46° 52'42" N. lat., 124°12'42" W. long.) to Buoy #3 (46° 55'00" N. lat., 124°14'48" W. long.) to the Grays Harbor north jetty (46° 55'36" N. lat., 124°10'51" W. long.).
- c. Columbia Control Zone: An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06'50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15'09' N. lat., 124°06'16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat., 124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long. and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
- d. Stonewall Bank Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area: The area defined by the following coordinates in the order listed:

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44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°24.92' W. long.

44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°23.63' W. long.

44°28.71' N. lat.; 124°21.80' W. long.

44°28.71' N. lat.; 124°24.10' W. long.

44°31.42' N. lat.; 124°25.47' W. long.

and connecting back to 44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°24.92' W. long.
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- e. Klamath Control Zone: The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and, on the south by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
- C.5. <u>Inseason Management</u>: Regulatory modifications may become necessary inseason to meet preseason management objectives such as quotas, harvest guidelines, and season duration. In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:
 - a. Actions could include modifications to bag limits, or days open to fishing, and extensions or reductions in areas open to fishing.
 - b. Coho may be transferred inseason among recreational subareas north of Cape Falcon to help meet the recreational season duration objectives (for each subarea) after conferring with representatives of the affected ports and the Council's SAS recreational representatives north of Cape Falcon, and if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - c. Chinook and coho may be transferred between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon if there is agreement among the representatives of the SAS, and if the transfer would not result in exceeding preseason impact expectations on any stocks.
 - d. Fishery managers may consider inseason action modifying regulations restricting retention of unmarked coho. To remain consistent with preseason expectations, any inseason action shall consider, if significant, the difference between observed and preseason forecasted mark rates. Such a consideration may also include a change in bag limit of two salmon, no more than one of which may be a coho.
 - e. Roll- over language insert
- C.6. Additional Seasons in State Territorial Waters: Consistent with Council management objectives, the States of Washington, Oregon, and California may establish limited seasons in state waters. Check state regulations for details.