Rebuilding Update for Pacific Ocean Perch in 2009

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1. Introduction

The Pacific Fishery Management Council (PFMC) adopted Amendment 11 to its Groundfish Management Plan in 1998. This amendment established a definition for an overfished stock of 25% of the unfished spawning biomass ($0.25B_0$). NMFS determined that a rebuilding plan was required for Pacific ocean perch (*Sebastes alutus*) in March 1999 based on the most recent stock assessment at that time (Ianelli and Zimmerman 1998). The PFMC began developing a rebuilding plan for Pacific ocean perch and submitted this plan to NMFS in February 2000. However, NMFS deferred adoption of the plan until the stock assessment was updated and reviewed, later that year (Ianelli *et al.* 2000).

A full stock assessment for Pacific ocean perch stock was conducted in 2003 (Hamel *et al.*, 2003), and subsequently updated every two years (Hamel 2005, 2007, 2009). This assessment, similar to that of Ianelli *et al.* (2000), involves fitting an age-structured population dynamics model to catch, catchrate, length-frequency, age-composition, and survey data. Ianelli *et al.* (2000), Hamel *et al.* (2003), and Hamel (2005, 2007, 2009) presented results based on maximum likelihood and Bayesian estimation frameworks. Punt (2002) conducted a rebuilding analysis based upon the estimates corresponding to the maximum of the posterior density function (the MPD estimates) from Ianelli *et al.*'s Model 1c because the STAR panel selected this model variant as the "best assessment" (PFMC 2000). In contrast, the STAR panel that evaluated the 2003 assessment of Pacific ocean perch endorsed both the MPD estimates and the distributions for the model outputs that arose from the application of the MCMC algorithm to sample equally likely parameter vectors from the posterior distribution (PFMC 2003). Punt et al. (2003) conducted a rebuilding analysis with runs based upon the results of the MCMC analysis. This rebuilding analysis was updated in 2005 and 2007. For this update, rebuilding plan parameters are those specified after the rebuilding analyses in 2005/7.

Management under rebuilding has been effective. While catch exceed the OY in 2001 (by 3 mt) and 2007 (by 6 mt), total catch for 2000-2008 (1376 mt) was only 47% of the combined OYs (2938 mt).

2. Specifications

2.1 Selection of B_0

The unfished spawning stock biomass, B_0 , is determined from the fitted stock-recruitment relationship in order to be more consistent with the assumptions underlying the original stock assessment. The MPD estimate of B_0 is 36,983 mt of spawning output while the posterior median and 90% intervals for B_0 are 34,573 mt and (27,620; 44,097). The values for B_0 are slightly lower than those on which the previous rebuilding analyses were based (Table 1). The MPD depletion estimate at the start of 2009 is 0.275 while the posterior median and 90% intervals are 0.311 (0.228; 0.398)

	2003	2005	2007	2009
B_0 MPD (mt)	39,198	37,838	36,983	37,780
B_0 Posterior Median (mt)	37,230	35,371	34,573	35,391
B ₀ 90% Interval (mt)	29,035	28,022	27,620	27,728
	47,393	44,866	44,097	45,189
Depletion MPD	25.4%	23.4%	27.5%	28.6%
Depletion Posterior Median	27.7%	27.6%	31.1%	33.2%
Depletion 90% Intervals	20.1%	19.8%	22.8%	23.8%
	38.4%	37.1%	39.8%	45.3%

Table 1. MPD and posterior median estimat	es of unfished spawning stock biomass (B ₀) and
depletion for the 2003, 2005, 2007 and 2009 stoc	ck assessments.

2.2 Generation of future recruitment

Recruitment in the assessment and projection models for Pacific ocean perch relate to the abundance of 3 year olds. The assessment of Pacific ocean perch by Hamel *et al.* (2003) and its updates (Hamel 2005, 2007, 2009) include the assumption that, *apriori*, recruitment is related to spawning output according to a Beverton-Holt stock-recruitment relationship. The rebuilding analysis conducted by Punt et al. (2003) included three different approaches: 1) basing the projections on resampling historical recruitments or from those for the years 1965-2001, 2) basing the projections on resampling historical recruits per spawner for those same years, and 3) assuming a Beverton-Holt spawner recruit relationship. The first approach was chosen by the Council for the final rebuilding plan.

The rationale for generating future recruitment by sampling historical recruitment for the rebuilding analysis conducted by Punt (2002) was that 1965-1998 was a period of relative stability in recruitment. In contrast to recruitment, recruits/spawning output showed an increasing trend over time. Resampling historical recruitment (3 year olds from the years 1965-2007; year classes 1962-2004) is used exclusively for the analyses in this document in order to remain consistent with the adopted rebuilding plan. Figure 1 plots the MPD estimates of recruitment and recruits / spawning output from the assessments conducted by Hamel *et al.* (2003) and Hamel (2005, 2007, 2009). Hamel (2009) estimated steepness for Pacific ocean perch to be 0.51.

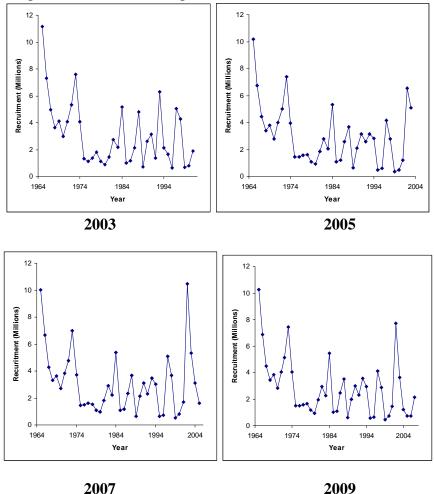


Figure 1: Recruitment: Pacific ocean perch assessments conducted in 2003, 2005, 2007 and 2009.

2.3 Mean generation time

The mean generation time is defined as the mean age weighted by net spawning output (see Figure 2 for net spawning output *versus* age (MPD estimates)). The best estimate of the mean generation time for the full posterior is 28 years. This is unchanged from the previous rebuilding analyses (Table 3).

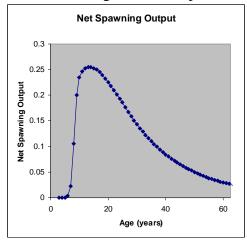


Figure 2: Relationship between net spawning output and age for Pacific Ocean perch.

2.4 The harvest strategies

Table 2 summarizes the options considered in the rebuilding analyses. These include a no catch option (case 1), using the calculated SPR from the last rebuilding analysis (case 2), using the implied SPR in the current analysis from the 2009-10 OYs (189/200 mt; case 3), or using the ABC harvest rule (Case 4). The other 7 cases using values of T_{target} near the calculated $T_{50\%}$ for cases 2 and 3 (cases 5-7), and a spread of cases from T_{min} to T_{max} (cases 8-11). I report the probability of recovering by 2031, choosing the date halfway between T_{min} and T_{max} .

Case	Name	T _{50%}	2011 OY	SPR	P ₂₀₃₁
1	$T_{F=0}$	2018	0	1.000	0.855
2	SPR from 2005/7 rebuilding	2020	180	0.864	0.771
3	SPR from 2009-10 OYs	2021	204	0.848	0.754
4	ABC rule	2065	1026	0.500	0.351
5	$T_{target} = 2019$	2019	111	0.912	0.807
6	$T_{target} = 2020$	2020	198	0.852	0.757
7	$T_{target} = 2021$	2021	265	0.811	0.714
8	$T_{target} = 2024$	2024	404	0.736	0.633
9	$T_{target} = 2031$	2031	635	0.636	0.500
10	$T_{target} = 2038$	2038	751	0.595	0.435
11	$T_{target} = 2045 (T_{MAX})$	2045	836	0.568	0.402

2.5 Other specifications

The calculations in this document were performed using Version 2.8 and 3.12a of the rebuilding software developed by Punt (2005, 2009) and the results are based on 3,000 Monte Carlo replicates (3 simulations for each of 1,000 samples for the posterior).

The definition of "recovery by year y" in this analysis is that the spawning output reaches $0.4B_0$ by year y (even if it subsequently drops below this level due to recruitment variability). Appendix 1 lists the MPD estimates for the biological and technological parameters and the age-structure of the population at the start of 2000 and 2009. Appendix 2 lists the MPD time-series of recruitment and

spawning output. The input to the rebuilding programs is given as Appendix 3 and 4. The catch for 2009 and 2010 were set to 189 and 200 mt (the Council-selected *OYs* for 2009-2010).

3. Results

3.1 Time-to-recovery

The median year for rebuilding to the target level in the absence of fishing since the year of overfished declaration, T_{min} , is 2017. Figure 3 shows the distribution for the number of years beyond the year 2000 that it would have taken to recover to $0.4B_0$ had there been no harvest since 2000. T_{max} , the maximum permissible time period for rebuilding the stock to its target biomass, is 2042 when using the new information on the depletion level and the age-structure of the population in 2000. Table 3 gives summary statistics from the 2003, 2005 and 2007 rebuilding plans and the current analysis for full posterior results. The difference between the 2007 and 2009 results are largely due to the relatively low NWFSC trawl survey indices for POP in 2007 and 2008, coupled with a small data error in the 2007 assessment which was corrected in the current assessment. The results for the 2009 rebuilding analysis are relatively close to those from 2005. While the rebuilding timeline has changed substantially from the 2007 version, the resulting catch from a SPR = 0.864 policy has a much smaller change. $T_{F=0}$ (zero catch from 2011 onward) is greater than T_{min} due to a decade of catches in the interim.

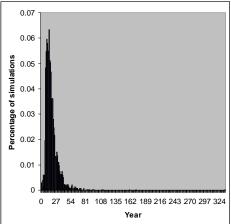


Figure 3: Distribution of time to recovery used to calculate T_{min} , the median year for rebuilding to the target level $0.4B_0$ in the absence of fishing since 2000 for the base-case analysis.

Value	2003	2005	2007	2009
T _{min}	2014	2015	2009	2017
Mean generation time	28 years	28 years	28 years	28 years
T _{max}	2042	2043	2037	2045
$T_{F=0}$ (No fishing mortality beginning in 2004, 2007, 2009, or 2011)	2014	2015	2010	2018
P _{MAX}	70.0	92.9		
T _{TARGET}	2027	2017		
SPR _{TARGET}		86.4%		

 Table 3:
 Summary statistics

3.2 OYs and fishing mortalities

Table 4 gives the probabilities of recovery at 2031 and T_{max} (2045) and 10 year projected OY values based on the SPR for each of the 11 cases explored in this rebuilding analysis.

Case]	l	2	2	í	3	4	:	5	(6	,	7	8	8	Ģ	9	1	0	1	.1
RUN	F	=0	SPF	R'07	OY'	9-10	ABC	20	19	20	20	20	21	20	24	20	31	20	38	20	45
SPR		l	0.8	364	0.8	848	0.5	0.9	912	0.8	352	0.8	811	0.7	'36	0.6	536	0.5	595	0.5	568
F	()	0.0	079	0.0	090	0.0450	0.0	048	0.0	087	0.0	116	0.0	177	0.02	279	0.0	330	0.0	368
T50%	20	18	20	20	20	21	2065	20)19	20	20	20	21	20	24	20	31	20	38	20	45
P2031	85	5.5	77	7.1	75	5.4	35.1	80).7	75	5.7	71	1.4	63	3.3	50	0.0	43	3.5	40).2
P2045	95	5.8	89	9.7	88	3.7	42.7	92	2.9	88	8.9	85	5.6	78	3.1	62	2.7	55	5.0	50).0
10 Year projected OYs and ABCs at SPR rate above:																					
2011	0	1026	180	1026	204	1026	1026	111	1026	198	1026	265	1026	404	1026	635	1026	751	1026	836	1026
2012	0	1057	183	1049	208	1048	1007	113	1052	202	1048	269	1045	408	1039	635	1028	747	1023	829	1019
2013	0	1073	185	1057	210	1054	983	115	1063	204	1055	271	1049	408	1036	628	1015	735	1004	812	996
2014	0	1097	187	1072	212	1069	964	117	1081	206	1070	273	1061	409	1043	625	1012	729	998	803	987
2015	0	1122	191	1089	216	1085	946	119	1102	210	1086	278	1074	414	1050	628	1010	729	992	801	978
2016	0	1150	194	1110	219	1104	933	121	1125	213	1105	281	1091	418	1062	627	1013	726	990	795	973
2017	0	1177	198	1129	224	1123	927	124	1147	218	1124	287	1107	424	1072	632	1018	729	991	797	971
2018	0	1204	202	1151	229	1144	926	127	1171	222	1146	292	1125	431	1086	639	1025	734	995	800	973
2019	0	1236	207	1174	234	1167	926	130	1198	227	1168	299	1147	438	1105	645	1036	739	1004	804	980
2020	0	1273	212	1203	239	1194	924	133	1231	232	1196	304	1171	445	1120	650	1044	743	1007	808	982

Table 4: Ten year OY/ABC projections.

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Age	Fecundity	Weight	Selectivity	Natural	N	N
		(kg)		mortality	(2000)	(2009)
3	0.000	0.169	0.001	0.0524	730	1,620
4	0.000	0.241	0.004	0.0524	430	1,540
5	0.000	0.317	0.016	0.0524	2,580	1,930
6	0.004	0.396	0.062	0.0524	3,540	620
7	0.028	0.474	0.197	0.0524	530	580
8	0.137	0.550	0.408	0.0524	440	930
9	0.274	0.622	0.598	0.0524	2,080	2,630
10	0.339	0.690	0.779	0.0524	2,340	5,300
11	0.375	0.752	0.915	0.0524	1,360	940
12	0.404	0.809	0.989	0.0524	1,590	450
13	0.431	0.861	1.000	0.0524	930	260
14	0.454	0.908	0.979	0.0524	250	1,550
15	0.475	0.950	0.979	0.0524	1,270	2,110
16	0.494	0.987	0.979	0.0524	780	310
17	0.510	1.021	0.979	0.0524	300	250
18	0.525	1.050	0.979	0.0524	240	1,200
19	0.538	1.076	0.979	0.0524	1,140	1,340
20	0.550	1.099	0.979	0.0524	410	780
21	0.560	1.119	0.979	0.0524	470	910
22	0.569	1.137	0.979	0.0524	270	530
23	0.576	1.153	0.979	0.0524	120	140
24	0.583	1.166	0.979	0.0524	130	730
25 +	0.589	1.178	0.979	0.0524	3,260	4,090

Appendix 1 : Biological and technological parameters used for the rebuilding analyses based on the MPD estimates.

Appendix 2 : MPD	historical	series of	spawning	output and	recruitment.

Year	Recruitment (age 3)	Spawning output
1956	3,810	33,483
1957	46,540	32,280
1958	4,120	31,161
1959	18,630	30,732
1960	8,860	30,451
1961	4,180	30,606
1962	3,610	32,342
1962	4,870	,
		33,959
1964	14,420	33,573
1965	10,270	33,217
1966	6,870	30,673
1967	4,490	21,904
1968	3,440	16,061
1969	3,850	14,180
1970	2,820	15,863
1971	4,030	16,683
1972	5,120	17,054
1973	7,440	17,215
1974	4,030	16,882
1975	1,490	16,615
1976	1,490	16,675
1977	1,570	16,645
1978	1,660	17,048
1979	1,170	16,913
1980	940	16,394
1981	1,930	15,548
1982	2,930	14,735
1983	2,260	14,140
1984	5,460	13,015
1984		11,987
	1,020	
1986	1,090	11,126
1987	2,480	10,510
1988	3,520	10,195
1989	600	9,888
1990	1,970	9,499
1991	3,000	9,091
1992	2,290	8,514
1993	3,570	8,252
1994	2,930	7,825
1995	580	7,477
1996	650	7,362
1997	4,140	7,349
1998	2,860	7,500
1999	450	7,669
2000	730	7,711
2001	1,450	7,811
2002	7,710	8,025
2003	3,620	8,448
2004	1,210	8,676
2004	710	8,708
2005	720	8,884
2008		
	2,150	9,528 10,342
2008	1,620	10,342 10,794

Appendix 3: Input File Ver. 2.8 (2005) (for SPR based on 2007-2010 specifications)

#Title POP Re2009 # Number of sexes # Age range to consider (minimum age; maximum age) 3 25 # Number of fleets # First year of projection 2009 # Year declared overfished 2000 # Is the maximum age a plus-group (1=Yes;2=No) 1 # Generate future recruitments using historical recruitments (1) historical recruits/spawner (2) or a stock-recruitment (3) 1 # Constant fishing mortality (1) or constant Catch (2) projections 1 # Fishing mortality based on SPR (1) or actual rate (2) 1 # Pre-specify the year of recovery (or -1) to ignore 34 # Fecundity-at-age # 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 3.84E-06 4.03E-05 0.000392248 0.003560962 0.028260766 0.1374925 0.273954602 0.338584679 0.375081501 0.404469053 0.430553194 0.453991276 0.4749965 0.493739 0.510395 0.52515 0.53818 0.549655 0.559745 0.568595 0.576345 0.58313 0.589055 # Age specific information (Females then males) weight selectivity # 0.169105 0.240603 0.317273 0.395966 0.474162 0.54997 0.62206 0.689572 0.752022 0.80921 0.861146 0.907988 0.949993 0.987478 1.02079 1.0503 1.07636 1.09931 1.11949 1.13719 1.15269 1.16626 1.17811 0.001053831 0.004071712 0.016086685 0.062376525 0.197451646 0.407541849 0.597679152 0.77855632 0.914572718 0.989329767 1 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 # M and current age-structure # 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 1621.2 1538.35 1934.49 618.412 576.981 928.787 2627.6 5297.23 942.499 445.726 259.836 1550.73 2105.33 308.998 254.436 1196.52 1337.2 775.886 909.249 530.029 141.388 729.503 4091.12 # Age-structure at declaration 728.677 427.942 2576.32 3536.44 525.92 438.302 2081.86 2341.98 1360.89 1591.29 925.018 246.453 1271.6 782.641 298.887 243.973 1141.13 414.899 473.571 271.56 115.097 125.361 3264.12 # Year for Tmin Age-structure 2000 # Number of simulations 3000

recruitment and biomass

Number of historical assessment years

55

Historical data

year recruitment spawner in B0 in R project in R/S project

1955	5.05071 37780 1	0	0			
1956	3.81005 33482.7 0	0	0			
1957	46.539 32279.70	0	0			
1958	4.12277 31160.8 0	0	0			
1959	18.6279 30731.8 0	0	1			
1960	8.86124 30450.6 0	0	1			
1961	4.17782 30605.6 0	0	1			
1962	3.60617 32342.1 0	0	1			
1963	4.87395 33958.9 0	0	1			
1964	14.4209 33572.9 0	0	1			
1965	10.2657 33217.2 0	1	1			
1966	6.86537 30673.1 0	1	1			
1967	4.49322 21903.8 0	1	1			
1968	3.43633 16060.9 0	1	1			
1969	3.85028 14179.7 0	1	1			
1970	2.82413 15862.9 0	1	1			
1971	4.02554 16682.5 0	1	1			
1972	5.11638 17054.4 0	1	1			
1973	7.44304 17214.7 0	1	1			
1974	4.03033 16881.6 0	1	1			
1975	1.48891 16615.4 0	1	1			
1976	1.49155 16675.4 0	1	1			
1977	1.56796 16645 0	1	1			
1978	1.65985 17048 0	1	1			
1979	1.17152 16912.9 0	1	1			
1979	0.939295 16393.5 0	1	1			
	1.93024 15547.9 0	1	1			
1981		1	1			
1982	2.93066 14734.7 0	1				
1983	2.25863 14140.4 0		1			
1984	5.46058 13015 0	1	1			
1985	1.01962 11987.4 0	1	1			
1986	1.0880211126.40	1	1			
1987	2.47944 10510.4 0	1	1			
1988	3.51639 10194.9 0	1	1			
1989	0.597451 9888.32 0	1	1			
1990	1.97259 9499.19 0	1	1			
1991	3.00426 9091.12 0	1	1			
1992	2.28769 8513.58 0	1	1			
1993	3.57031 8252.42 0	1	1			
1994	2.93232 7825.35 0	1	1			
1995	0.576252 7476.51 0	1	1			
1996	0.650919 7362.1 0	1	1			
1997	4.14277 7348.73 0	1	1			
1998	2.86189 7499.76 0	1	1			
1999	0.451006 7668.72 0	1	1			
2000	0.728677 7711.22 0	1	1			
2001	1.45313 7811.13 0	1	1			
2002	7.71169 8025.19 0	1	1			
2003	3.61549 8448.11 0	1	1			
2004	1.20941 8675.66 0	1	1			
2005	0.712026 8708.42 0	1	1			
2006 2007	0.72388 8884.16 0	1	1			
2007	2.1485 9528.150	1	1			
2008	1.6212 10341.60	0	0			
2009	1.6212 10794.10	0	0			
# Numb	per of years with pre-s	specifi	ed catches			
2		-				
# cato	ches for years with pre	e-speci	fied catches			
2009	189	-				
2010	200					
	per of future recruitme	ents to	override			
0						
	cess for overriding (-1	l for a	verage otherw	vise index	in data lis	st)
	ch probability to produ		-			
3						,
-						

```
# Steepness sigma-R Auto-correlation
0.514 1
             0
# Target SPR rate (FMSY Proxy)
0.5
# Target SPR information: Use (1=Yes) and power
0
      20
# Discount rate (for cumulative catch)
0.1
# Truncate the series when 0.4B0 is reached (1=Yes)
0
# Set F to FMSY once 0.4B0 is reached (1=Yes)
0
# Percentage of FMSY which defines Ftarget
0.9
# Maximum possible F for projection (-1 to set to FMSY)
-1
# Conduct MacCall transition policy (1=Yes)
0
# Definition of recovery (1=now only;2=now or before)
2
# Results for rec probs by Tmax (1) or 0.5 prob for various Ttargets (2)
1
"# Definition of the ""40-10"" rule"
10
      40
# Produce the risk-reward plots (1=Yes)
0
# Calculate coefficients of variation (1=Yes)
1
# Number of replicates to use
10
# Random number seed
-99004
# Conduct projections for multiple starting values (0=No;else yes)
# File with multiple parameter vectors
mcmcreb.dat
# Number of parameter vectors
1000
# User-specific projection (1=Yes); Output replaced (1->9)
     5 0
1
                    0.1
# Catches and Fs (Year; 1/2/3 (F or C or SPR); value); Final row is -1
2011 3 0.864
-1
      -1
              -1
# Split of Fs
2009
     1
      1
-1
# Time varying weight-at-age (1=Yes;0=No)
0
# File with time series of weight-at-age data
HakWght.Csv
```

Appendix 4: Input File Ver. 3.12a (2009) #Title POP Re2009 # Number of sexes 1 # Age range to consider (minimum age; maximum age) 3 25 # Number of fleets 1 # First year of projection 2009 # First year OY could have been 0 2000 # Number of simulations 3000 # Maximum number of years to simulate 200 # Conduct projections with multiple starting values (0 = no) 1 # Number of parameter vectors 1000 # Is the maximum age a plus-group (1=Yes;2=No) 1 # Generate future recruitments using historical recruitments (1) historical recruits/spawner (2) or a BH stock-recruitment (3) or Ricker (4) # Constant fishing mortality (1) or constant Catch (2) projections 1 # Fishing mortality based on SPR (1) or actual rate (2) 1 # Pre-specify the year of recovery (or -1) to ignore -1 # Fecundity-at-age # 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 3.84E-06 4.03E-05 0.000392248 0.003560962 0.028260766 0.1374925 0.273954602 0.338584679 0.375081501 0.404469053 0.430553194 0.453991276 0.4749965 0.493739 0.510395 0.52515 0.53818 0.549655 0.559745 0.568595 0.576345 0.58313 0.589055 # Age specific information (Females then males) weight selectivity 0.169105 0.240603 0.317273 0.395966 0.474162 0.54997 0.62206 0.689572 0.752022 0.80921 0.861146 0.907988 0.949993 0.987478 1.02079 1.0503 1.07636 1.09931 1.11949 1.13719 1.15269 1.16626 1.17811 0.197451646 0.004071712 0.016086685 0.062376525 0.001053831 0.407541849 0.597679152 0.77855632 0.914572718 0.989329767 1 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 0.97908111 # M and current age-structure # 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 0.0524459 1621.2 1538.35 1934.49 618.412 576.981 928.787 2627.6 5297.23 942.499 445.726 259.836 1550.73 2105.33 308.998 254.436 1196.52 1337.2 775.886 909.249 530.029 141.388 729.503 4091.12 # Age-structure at declaration 728.677 427.942 2576.32 3536.44 525.92 438.302 2081.86 2341.98 1360.89 1591.29 925.018 246.453 1271.6 782.641 298.887 243.973 1141.13 414.899 473.571 271.56 115.097 125.361 3264.12 # Year Yinit^0 (used to compute the stock size at the start of year Ydecl) 2000 #Recruitment and Spawner biomasses # Number of historical assessment years 55

# Histo	orical da	ata: Yea	r, Recru	uitment,	Spawner	biomas	s, Used	to comp	ute B0,	Used to	project	based	
	, Used to												
1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961 1974	1962	1963	1964 1977	1965	1966	1967 1980	1968
	1969 1982	1970 1983	1971 1984	1972 1985	1973 1986	1974 1987	1975 1988	1976 1989	1990	1978 1991	1979 1992	1980	1981 1994
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	2008	2009		1000		2000	2002	2002	2005	2001	2005	2000	2007
5050.73	1 3810.05	46539	4122.77	18627.9	8861.24	4177.82	3606.17	4873.95	14420.9	10265.7	6865.37	4493.22	
		3850.28											
		1930.24											
		3570.31 712.026					2861.89	451.006	/28.6//	1453.13	//11.69	3615.49	
37780		32279.7					32342.1	33958.9	33572.9	33217.2	30673.1	21903.8	
		14179.7									17048	16912.9	
	16393.5	15547.9	14734.7	14140.4	13015	11987.4	11126.4	10510.4	10194.9	9888.32	9499.19	9091.12	
		8252.42						7668.72	7711.22	7811.13	8025.19	8448.11	
1		8708.42						0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0											
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	0	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	Т
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1 0	1 0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
# Numbe	er of yea		nre-gne	aified	catches								
2		ALD WICH	PIC DPC	CITICA	catence								
	nes for y	years wi	th pre-s	specifie	d catche	s							
2009	189												
2010	200												
	er of fu	ture rec	ruitment	ts to ov	erride								
9 # Proce	ess for (overridi	ng (-1 f	or aver	age othe	rwise i	ndex in	data li	st)				
2001 1		overriar		or aver	age ound	IWIDC I		data II	50)				
2002 1	2002												
2003 1													
2004 1													
2005 1													
2006 1 2007 1													
2008 1													
2009 1	2009												
	n probab	ility to	product	: detail	ed resul	ts for	(1=0.5;	2=0.6;	etc.)				
3 # Steej	oness sig	gma-R Au	to-corre	elation									
0.514		0	V. Deceneral										
# Targe 0.5	et SPR ra	ate (FMS	i Proxy)										
	ount rate	e (for c	umulativ	ve catch)								
0.1 # Truno	cate the	series	when 0.4	4B0 is r	eached (l=Yes)							
0 # Set 1	F to FMS	Y once 0	.4B0 is	reached	(l=Yes)								
0 # Maxin	num poss	ible F f	or proje	ection (-1 to se	et to FM	SY)						
<pre># Maximum possible F for projection (-1 to set to FMSY) -1 # Definition of recovery (1=now only;2=now or before)</pre>													
2			IY (I-110	JW UIILY/	2-110w 01	Derore)						
4	ction Tyj			_									
# Defi 10	nition o: 40	t the ""	40-10""	rule									
# Calcu 0	ulate co	efficien	ts of va	ariation	(1=Yes)								
# Numbe 10	er of rep	plicates	to use										
-													

```
# Random number seed
-99004
# File with multiple parameter vectors
mcmcreb.dat
# User-specific projection (1=Yes); Output replaced (1->9)
0
   5 0
                   0.1
# Catches and Fs (Year; 1/2/3 (F or C or SPR); value); Final row is -1
2011 3 0.864
-1 -1 -1
# Fixed Catch project (1=yes)
0
# Split of Fs
2009 1
-1 1
#prespecified inputs:
2020 2024 2031 2038 2045
# Years for which probability of recovery is needed
2019 2020 2021 2022 2024 2031 2038 2045
# Time-varying weight at age (1=yes,0=no)
0
# File with time series of weight-at-age data
HakWght.Csv
# Use bisection (0) or linear interpolation (1)
0
# Target Depletion
0.4
# CV of implementation error
0
```