

SALMON TECHNICAL TEAM

***INITIAL ANALYSIS
OF PRELIMINARY
SALMON MANAGEMENT OPTIONS
FOR 2007 OCEAN FISHERIES***

March 8, 2007

A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS		
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information
<p>1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 35,750 Chinook and 140,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</p> <p>2. Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 17,875 Chinook and 22,400 marked coho.</p> <p>3. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</p>	<p>1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 32,500 Chinook and 120,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</p> <p>2. Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 16,250 Chinook and 19,200 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</p> <p>3. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</p>	<p>1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 26,000 Chinook and 80,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</p> <p>2. Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 13,000 Chinook and 12,800 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</p> <p>3. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</p>
<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> May 1 through earlier of June 30 or 11,925 Chinook quota. <p>Open May 1-2 with a landing and possession limit of 75 Chinook per vessel for the 2-day open period; beginning May 5, open Saturday through Tuesday with a 100 Chinook landing and possession limit per vessel for each four-day open period. All salmon except coho (C.7). Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> May 1 through earlier of June 30 or 10,850 Chinook quota. <p>Open May 1-2 with a landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel for the 2-day open period; beginning May 5, open Saturday through Tuesday with a landing and possession limit of 75 Chinook per vessel for each four-day open period. All salmon except coho (C.7). Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> May 1 through earlier of June 30 or 8,675 Chinook quota. <p>Open May 1-2 with a landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel for the 2-day open period; beginning May 5, open Saturday through Tuesday with a landing and possession limit of 75 Chinook per vessel for each four-day open period. All salmon except coho (C.7). Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>
<p>Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land their fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>	<p>Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>	<p>Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 1 of 9)

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 2 of 9)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 5,950 preseason Chinook guideline (C.8) or a 22,400 marked coho quota (C.8.d). <p>Open Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel per open period July 1-17 and 75 Chinook per vessel per open period July 21 through September 15 (C.2, C.3). All Salmon except no chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.7). All coho must have a healed adipose fin clip, except an inseason conference call may occur to consider allowing retention of all legal sized coho, in the area between Leadbetter Point and Cape Falcon, no earlier than September 1 (C.8.d). Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5)..</p>	<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of Sept. 16 or 5,400 preseason Chinook guideline (C.8) or a 19,200 marked coho quota. Open Saturday through Tuesday. Landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.2, C.3). All Salmon except no chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.7). All coho must have a healed adipose fin clip. Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery and Columbia Control Zones closed (C.5). 	<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through Sept. 16 or 4,325 preseason Chinook guideline (C.8) or a 12,800 marked coho quota. and Saturday through Tuesday. All Salmon except no chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September; all retained coho must be marked (C.7); landing and possession limit of 35 Chinook. Landing and possession limit of 80 coho per vessel per open period in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River (C.2, C.3). Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery, and Columbia Control Zone control zone closed (C.5). 	
<p>Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land their fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>	<p>Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Vessels fishing north of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>	<p>Vessels must land and deliver their fish within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. <u>Vessels fishing north of the Queets River must land and deliver their fish within the area and north of the Queets River. Vessels fishing between the Queets River and Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Point. Vessels fishing south of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver their fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point.</u> Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon must notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).</p>	

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 3 of 9)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	
<p>1. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 31.8%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards or other management objectives if the California Fish and Game Commission recommends a different allocation.</p> <p>2. KMZ ocean recreational fishery share: 18.1%.</p> <p>3. Non-Indian commercial troll Klamath fall Chinook impact allocation 51% California: 49% Oregon.</p> <p>4. Klamath tribal allocation: 40,100.</p>	<p>1. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 21.0%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards or other management objectives if the California Fish and Game Commission recommends a different allocation.</p> <p>2. KMZ ocean recreational fishery share: 14.9%.</p> <p>3. Non-Indian commercial troll Klamath fall Chinook impact allocation 62% California: 38% Oregon.</p> <p>4. Klamath tribal allocation: 38,100.</p>	<p>1. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 24.0%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards or other management objectives if the California Fish and Game Commission recommends a different allocation.</p> <p>2. KMZ ocean recreational fishery share: 14.1%.</p> <p>3. Non-Indian commercial troll Klamath fall Chinook impact allocation 59% California: 41% Oregon.</p> <p>4. Klamath tribal allocation: 35,600.</p>	
<p>Cape Falcon to Florence South Jetty (Newport)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 10-29; May 1 through June 30; July 11 through August 29; Sept. 6-10; 20-24; Oct. 4-10, 18-24. <p>Landing and possession limit of 100 Chinook per calendar week in April; 75 Chinook per calendar week in September and October (C.9). All salmon except coho (C.7). Chinook 28 inch total length minimum size (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay.</p>	<p>Cape Falcon to Florence South Jetty (Newport)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 10-29; May 1 through June 30; July 11 through August 14; Oct. 4-10, 18-24. <p>Landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per calendar week in October (C.9). All salmon except coho (C.7). Chinook 28 inch total length minimum size (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> August 15 through the earlier of September 26 or a 10,000 non-mark-selective coho quota. <p>Open August 15-29 Sept. 6-12; 20-26; All salmon; no coho mark restriction; landing and possession limit of 50 coho per vessel per calendar week; landing and possession limit of 50 Chinook per vessel per calendar week in September (C.7). Chinook 28 inch total length minimum size (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the <u>State of Oregon</u>. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay. Bandon south jetty to Humbug Mt. closed outside 6 nm in September and October.</p>	<p>Cape Falcon to Florence South Jetty (Newport)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 10-29; May 1 through June 30; July 6-11; July 17 through August 29; Oct. 1-31. <p>Landing and possession limit of 75 Chinook per calendar week in October (C.9). All salmon except coho (C.7). Chinook 28 inch minimum size limit in (B). All vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3) and Oregon State regulations for a description of special regulations at the mouth of Tillamook Bay.</p>	
<p>In 2008, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 28 inch total length Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2008 meeting.</p>	<p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	<p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	
<p>Florence South Jetty to Humbug Mt. (Coos Bay)</p> <p>Same as Cape Falcon to Florence South Jetty, above.</p>	<p>Florence South Jetty to Humbug Mt. (Coos Bay)</p> <p>Same as Cape Falcon to Florence South Jetty, above, except that the coho quota of 10,000 includes both areas.</p>	<p>Florence South Jetty to Humbug Mt. (Coos Bay)</p> <p>Same as Cape Falcon to Florence South Jetty, above.</p>	

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 4 of 9)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • April 10-29; May 1-31; • June 1 through earlier of June 30, or a 2,600 Chinook quota; • July 11 through earlier of July 31, or a 1,600 Chinook quota; • Aug. 1 through earlier of Aug. 29, or a 2,500 Chinook quota; • Sept. 6 through earlier of Sept. 30, or a 1,000 Chinook quota; (C.9) <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook 28 inch total length minimum size limit (B). Possession and landing limit of 100 Chinook per vessel per calendar week in April; 30 Chinook per day per vessel, and 90 Chinook per vessel per calendar week during June, July, August, and September. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). <u>Prior to June 1, all vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. June 1 through September 30, vessels must land their fish in Gold Beach, Port Orford, or Brookings, Oregon, and within 24 hours of closure.</u> State regulations require fishers intending to transport and deliver their catch to other locations after first landing in one of these ports notify ODFW prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.</p> <p>In 2008, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 28 inch Chinook minimum size limit.</p>	<p>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • April 10-29; May 1-31; • June 1 through earlier of June 30, or a 1,500 Chinook quota; • July 11 through earlier of July 31, or a 1,200 Chinook quota; • Aug. 1 through earlier of Aug. 29, or a 1,500 Chinook quota; • Sept. 6 through earlier of Sept. 30, or a 1,000 Chinook quota; (C.9) <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook 28 inch total length minimum size limit (B). Possession and landing limit of 100 Chinook per vessel per calendar week in April; 30 Chinook per day per vessel, and 90 Chinook per vessel per calendar week during June, July, August, and September. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). <u>Prior to June 1, all vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. June 1 through September 30, vessels must land their fish in Gold Beach, Port Orford, or Brookings, Oregon, and within 24 hours of closure.</u> State regulations require fishers intending to transport and deliver their catch to other locations after first landing in one of these ports notify ODFW prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	<p>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border (Oregon KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • April 10-29; May 1-31; • June 1 through earlier of June 30, or a 1,000 Chinook quota; • July 11 through earlier of July 31, or a 1,000 Chinook quota; • Aug. 1 through earlier of Aug. 29, or a 1,000 Chinook quota (C.9) <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook 28 inch total length minimum size limit (B). Possession and landing limit of 100 Chinook per vessel per calendar week in April; 30 Chinook per day per vessel, and 90 Chinook per vessel per calendar week during June, July, and August. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). <u>Prior to June 1, all vessels fishing in the area must land their fish in the State of Oregon. June 1 through September 30, vessels must land their fish in Gold Beach, Port Orford, or Brookings, Oregon, and within 24 hours of closure.</u> State regulations require fishers intending to transport and deliver their catch to other locations after first landing in one of these ports notify ODFW prior to transport away from the port of landing by calling 541-867-0300 Ext. 271, with vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery.</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 5 of 9)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September 17 through earlier of September 30, or 3,000 Chinook quota. <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Possession and landing limit of 25 fish per day per vessel. All fish caught in this area must be landed within the area. See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed (C.5.). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith and Klamath rivers. When the fishery is closed between the OR/CA border and Humboldt Mt. and open to the south, vessels with fish on board caught in the open area off California may seek temporary mooring in Brookings, Oregon prior to landing in California only if such vessels first notify the Chetco River Coast Guard Station via VHF channel 22A between the hours of 0500 and 2200 and provide the vessel name, number of fish on board, and estimated time of arrival.</p>	<p>OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September 10 through earlier of September 30, or 6,000 Chinook quota. <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Possession and landing limit of 30 fish per day per vessel. All fish caught in this area must be landed within the area. See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed (C.5.). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith and Klamath rivers. When the fishery is closed between the OR/CA border and Humboldt Mt. and open to the south, vessels with fish on board caught in the open area off California may seek temporary mooring in Brookings, Oregon prior to landing in California only if such vessels first notify the Chetco River Coast Guard Station via VHF channel 22A between the hours of 0500 and 2200 and provide the vessel name, number of fish on board, and estimated time of arrival.</p>	<p>OR/CA Border to Humboldt South Jetty (California KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September 4 through earlier of September 30, or 10,000 Chinook quota. <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Possession and landing limit of 40 fish per day per vessel. All fish caught in this area must be landed within the area. See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed (C.5.). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith and Klamath rivers. When the fishery is closed between the OR/CA border and Humboldt Mt. and open to the south, vessels with fish on board caught in the open area off California may seek temporary mooring in Brookings, Oregon prior to landing in California only if such vessels first notify the Chetco River Coast Guard Station via VHF channel 22A between the hours of 0500 and 2200 and provide the vessel name, number of fish on board, and estimated time of arrival.</p>	
<p>Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.</p>	<p>Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.</p>	<p>Humboldt South Jetty to Horse Mt. Closed.</p>	
<p>Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 9 through the earlier of April 27 or a Chinook quota of 2,000; open Monday to Friday September 1-30. <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit 27 inches total length (B). Possession and landing limit of 20 Chinook per day per vessel in April. All fish caught in this area must be landed within the area. All fish must be offloaded within 24 hours of any closure (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p> <p>In 2008, the season will open April 15 for all salmon except coho, with a 27 inch total length Chinook minimum size limit. This opening could be modified following Council review at its March 2008 meeting.</p>	<p>Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 9 through the earlier of April 27 or a Chinook quota of 2,000; open Monday to Friday August 1-29 September 10 through the earlier of September 30 or a Chinook quota of 10,000 (C.9) <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit 27 inches total length in April and September; <u>28 inches total length in August</u> (B). Possession and landing limit of 20 fish per day per vessel in April; possession and landing limit of 30 fish per day per vessel in September. All fish caught in this area must be landed within the area; all fish must be offloaded within 24 hours of any closure (C1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 9 through the earlier of April 27 or a Chinook quota of 2,000; open Monday to Friday September 4 through the earlier of September 30 or a Chinook quota of 20,000 (C.9). <p>All salmon except coho. Possession and landing limit of 20 fish per day per vessel in April. Chinook minimum size limit 27 inches total length (B). Fish caught in the area must be landed in the area; all fish must be offloaded within 24 hours of any closure (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 7 of 9) 3/8/2007 3:54 PM

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)					
Area (when open)	Chinook		Coho		Pink
	Total Length	Head-off	Total Length	Head-off	
North of Cape Falcon	28.0	21.5	16.0	12.0	None
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.	28.0	21.5	16.0	12.0	None
Humbug Mt. to Horse Mt.	28.0	21.5	-	-	None
Horse Mt. To Pt. Arena	27.0	20.5	-	-	None
Pt. Arena to U.S./Mexico Border					
Prior to July 1 and September 1-30	27.0	20.5	-	-	None
July 1-August 31	28.0	21.5	-	-	None
October 1-12	26.0	19.5	-	-	None

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. Compliance with Minimum Size or Other Special Restrictions: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if the area is open. Salmon may be landed in an area that has been closed more than 96 hours only if they meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught. Salmon may be landed in an area that has been closed less than 96 hours only if they meet the minimum size, landing/possession limit, or other special requirements for the areas in which they were caught and landed.

States may require fish landing/receiving tickets be kept on board the vessel for 90 days after landing to account for all previous salmon landings.

C.2. Gear Restrictions:

- a. Single point, single shank, barbless hooks are required in all fisheries.
- b. Cape Falcon, Oregon, to the OR/CA border: No more than 4 spreads are allowed per line.
- c. OR/CA border to U.S./Mexico border: No more than 6 lines are allowed per vessel, and barbless circle hooks are required when fishing with bait by any means other than trolling.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

Trolling defined: Fishing from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions.

Troll fishing gear defined: One or more lines that drag hooks behind a moving fishing vessel. In that portion of the fishery management area (FMA) off Oregon and Washington, the line or lines must be affixed to the vessel and must not be intentionally disengaged from the vessel at any time during the fishing operation.

Spread defined: A single leader connected to an individual lure or bait.

Circle hook defined: A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 8 of 9)	3/8/2007 3:54 PM
C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)	

- C.4. Transit Through Closed Areas with Salmon on Board: It is unlawful for a vessel to have troll or recreational gear in the water while transiting any area closed to fishing for a certain species of salmon, while possessing that species of salmon; however, fishing for species other than salmon is not prohibited if the area is open for such species, and no salmon are in possession.
- C.5. Control Zone Definitions:
- a. *Cape Flattery Control Zone* - The area from Cape Flattery (48°23'00" N. lat.) to the northern boundary of the U.S. EEZ; and the area from Cape Flattery south to Cape Alava (48°10'00" N. lat.) and east of 125°05'00" W. long.
 - b. *Columbia Control Zone* - An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06'50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15'09" N. lat., 124°06'16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat., 124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long.), and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and, on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
 - c. *Klamath Control Zone* - The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately six nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west, by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and on the south, by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately six nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
 - d. *Mandatory Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area* - The area in Washington Marine Catch Area 3 from 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long. to 48°02.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°16.50' W. long. and connecting back to 48°00.00' N. lat.; 125°14.00' W. long.
- C.6. Notification When Unsafe Conditions Prevent Compliance with Regulations: If prevented by unsafe weather conditions or mechanical problems from meeting special management area landing restrictions, vessels must notify the U.S. Coast Guard and receive acknowledgment of such notification prior to leaving the area. This notification shall include the name of the vessel, port where delivery will be made, approximate amount of salmon (by species) on board, and the estimated time of arrival.
- C.7. Incidental Halibut Harvest: During authorized periods, the operator of a vessel that has been issued an incidental halibut harvest license may retain Pacific halibut caught incidentally in Area 2A while trolling for salmon. Halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length, measured from the tip of the lower jaw with the mouth closed to the extreme end of the middle of the tail, and must be landed with the head on. License applications for incidental harvest must be obtained from the International Pacific Halibut Commission (phone: 206-634-1838). Applicants must apply prior to April 1 of each year. Incidental harvest is authorized only during May and June troll seasons and after June 30 if quota remains and if announced on the NMFS hotline (phone: 800-662-9825). ODFW and Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) will monitor landings. If the landings are projected to exceed the 41,464 pound preseason allocation or the total Area 2A non-Indian commercial halibut allocation, NMFS will take inseason action to close the incidental halibut fishery.

Option I: Beginning May 1, license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each **three** Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than **35** halibut may be landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

Options II and III: Beginning May 1, license holders may land no more than one Pacific halibut per each **two** Chinook, except one Pacific halibut may be landed without meeting the ratio requirement, and no more than **30** halibut may be landed per trip. Pacific halibut retained must be no less than 32 inches in total length (with head on).

A "C-shaped" yelloweye rockfish conservation area is an area to be avoided for salmon trolling. NMFS and the Council request salmon trollers voluntarily avoid this area in order to protect yelloweye rockfish. The area is defined in the Pacific Council Halibut Catch Sharing Plan in the North Coast subarea (Washington Marine Areas 3 and 4), with the following coordinates in the order listed:

- 48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;
- 48°18' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°11' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°11' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;
- 48°04' N. lat.; 125°11' W. long.;
- 48°04' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°00' N. lat.; 124°59' W. long.;
- 48°00' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.;
- and connecting back to 48°18' N. lat.; 125°18' W. long.

TABLE 1. Commercial troll management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 9 of 9)	3/8/2007 3:54 PM
C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS (continued)	

- C.8. Inseason Management: In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:
 - a. Chinook remaining from the May through June non-Indian commercial troll harvest guideline north of Cape Falcon may be transferred to the July through September harvest guideline on a fishery impact equivalent basis.
 - b. NMFS may transfer fish between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon if there is agreement among the areas' representatives on the SAS.
 - c. At the March 2008 meeting, the Council will consider inseason recommendations for special regulations for any experimental fisheries (proposals must meet Council protocol and be received in November 2007).
 - d. If retention of unmarked coho is permitted in the area from the U.S./Canada border to Cape Falcon, Oregon, by inseason action, the allowable coho quota will be adjusted to ensure preseason projected mortality of critical stocks is not exceeded.

- C.9. Consistent with Council management objectives:
 - a. the State of Oregon may establish additional late-season fisheries in state waters.
 - b. the State of California may establish limited fisheries in selected state waters.
 Check state regulations for details.

- C.10. For the purposes of California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG) Code, Section 8232.5, the definition of the KMZ for the ocean salmon season shall be that area from Humbug Mt., Oregon, to Horse Mt., California.

TABLE 2. Recreational management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 1 of 8)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	
<p>1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 35,750 Chinook and 140,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</p> <p>2. Recreational TAC: 17,875 Chinook and 117,600 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</p> <p>3. No Area 4B add-on fishery.</p> <p>4. Buoy 10 fishery opens Aug. 1 with an expected landed catch of _____ marked coho in August and September.</p> <p>5. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</p>	<p>1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 32,500 Chinook and 120,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</p> <p>2. Recreational TAC: 16,250 Chinook and 100,800 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</p> <p>3. No Area 4B add-on fishery.</p> <p>4. Buoy 10 fishery opens Aug. 1 with an expected landed catch of _____ marked coho in August and September.</p> <p>5. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</p>	<p>1. Overall non-Indian TAC: 26,000 Chinook and 80,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked). Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</p> <p>2. Recreational TAC: 11,200 Chinook and 67,200 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</p> <p>3. Area 4B add-on fishery of 3,000 marked coho with Chinook non-retention opens upon ocean closure (C.5).</p> <p>4. Buoy 10 fishery opens Aug. 1 with an expected landed catch of _____ marked coho in August and September.</p> <p>5. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</p>	
<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 12,230 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 1,900 Chinook. <p>Seven days per week. All salmon, except no chum retention August 1 through Sept. 16, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook, plus one additional pink salmon beginning August 1. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions (C.2). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.d) during Council managed ocean fishery. Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).</p>	<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 3 through earlier of September 16 or 10,480 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 1,725 Chinook. <p>Tuesday through Saturday. All salmon, except no chum retention August 1 through Sept. 16, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook, plus one additional pink salmon beginning August 1. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions (C.2). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.d) during Council managed ocean fishery. Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).</p>	<p>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 3 through earlier of September 16 or 6,430 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 1,200 Chinook. <p>Tuesday through Saturday. All salmon, except no chum retention August 1 through Sept. 16, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 26-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions (C.2). Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.d) during Council managed ocean fishery. Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).</p>	

TABLE 2. Recreational management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 2 of 8)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 2,960 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 800 Chinook (C5). September 22 through October 7 or 100 marked coho quota or 100 Chinook quota (C5): In the area north of 47°50'00 N. lat. and south of 48°00'00" N. lat. (C.6). Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook, plus one additional pink salmon beginning August 1. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions (C.2). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	<p>Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 3 through earlier of September 16 or 2,520 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 725 Chinook (C5). September 22 through October 7 or 100 marked coho quota or 100 Chinook quota (C5): In the area north of 47°50'00 N. lat. and south of 48°00'00" N. lat. (C.6). Tuesday through Saturday. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook, plus one additional pink salmon beginning August 1. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions (C.2). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	<p>Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 3 through earlier of September 16 or 1,690 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 450 Chinook (C5). September 22 through October 7 or 100 marked coho quota or 100 Chinook quota (C5): In the area north of 47°50'00 N. lat. and south of 48°00'00" N. lat. (C.6). Tuesday through Saturday. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 26-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions (C.2). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	
<p>Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 43,510 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 10,350 Chinook (C.6). Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	<p>Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 37,300 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 9,400 Chinook (C.6). Sunday through Thursday. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	<p>Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 16 or 25,380 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 6,500 Chinook (C.6). Sunday through Thursday. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 26-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Beginning August 1, Grays Harbor Control Zone closed (C.4.b). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5). 	

TABLE 2. Recreational management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 3 of 8)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 30 or 58,800 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 4,725 Chinook (C.6). <p>Seven days per week. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.a). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).</p>	<p>Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 30 or 50,400 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 4,300 Chinook (C.6). <p>Seven days per week through August 4, Sunday to Thursday thereafter. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 24-inch total length minimum size limit(B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.a). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).</p>	<p>Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> July 1 through earlier of September 30 or 33,600 marked coho subarea quota with a subarea guideline of 2,950 Chinook (C.6). <p>Sunday to Thursday. All salmon, two fish per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. Chinook 26-inch total length minimum size limit (B). All retained coho must be marked. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.a). Closed between Cape Falcon and Tillamook Head beginning Aug. 1. Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook recreational TAC for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).</p>	

TABLE 2. Recreational management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 4 of 8)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	South of Cape Falcon	
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	
<p>1. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 31.8%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards or other management objectives if the California Fish and Game Commission recommends a different allocation.</p> <p>2. KMZ ocean recreational fishery share: 18.1%.</p> <p>3. Klamath tribal allocation: 40,100.</p> <p>4. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked).</p>	<p>1. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 21.0%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards or other management objectives if the California Fish and Game Commission recommends a different allocation.</p> <p>2. KMZ ocean recreational fishery share: 14.9%.</p> <p>3. Klamath tribal allocation: 38,100.</p> <p>4. All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked).</p>	<p>1. Klamath River recreational fishery allocation: 24.0%. Fisheries may need to be adjusted to meet NMFS ESA consultation standards or other management objectives if the California Fish and Game Commission recommends a different allocation.</p> <p>2. KMZ ocean recreational fishery share: 14.1%.</p> <p>3. Klamath tribal allocation: 35,600</p> <p>4. Retention of unmarked coho permitted.</p>	
<p>Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Except as provided below during the selective fishery, the season will be March 15 through October 31 (C.6). All salmon except coho. Two fish per day (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mark selective fishery: Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border <p>June 23 through earlier of Sept. 16 or a landed catch of 50,000 marked coho, except that the area south of Humbug Mt. will close Sept. 10, concurrent with the KMZ season listed below.</p> <p>Open seven days per week, all salmon, two fish per day (C.1). All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip. Fishing in the Stonewall Bank groundfish conservation area restricted to trolling only on days the all depth recreational halibut fishery is open (see 70 FR 20304, and call the halibut fishing hotline 1-800-662-9825 for additional dates) (C.3, C.4.e). Open days may be adjusted inseason to utilize the available quota (C.5). All salmon except coho seasons reopen the day following the closure of the mark selective coho fishery.</p> <p>In 2008, the season will open March 15 for all salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1), Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B), and the same gear restrictions as in 2007 (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Except as provided below during the selective fishery, the season will be March 15 through October 31 (C.6). All salmon except coho. Two fish per day (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mark selective fishery: Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border <p>June 23 through earlier of Sept. 16 or a landed catch of 40,000 marked coho, except that the area south of Humbug Mt. will close Sept. 6, concurrent with the KMZ season listed below.</p> <p>Open seven days per week, all salmon, two fish per day (C.1). All retained coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Fishing in the Stonewall Bank groundfish conservation area restricted to trolling only on days the all depth recreational halibut fishery is open (see 70 FR 20304, and call the halibut fishing hotline 1-800-662-9825 for additional dates) (C.3, C.4.e). Open days may be adjusted inseason to utilize the available quota (C.5). All salmon except coho seasons reopen the day following the closure of the mark selective coho fishery.</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I.</p>	<p>Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Except as provided below during the all-salmon fishery, the season will be March 15 through September 19 (C.6). All salmon except coho. Two fish per day (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All-salmon fishery: Cape Falcon to OR/CA Border <p>June 23 through earlier of August 19 or a landed catch of 15,000 coho, except that the area south of Humbug Mt. will close July 5 through July 14, concurrent with the KMZ season listed below.</p> <p>If quota remains, September 1 through the earlier of September 7 or a landed catch of any remaining quota from the June 23 through August 19 fishery.</p> <p>Open seven days per week, all salmon, two fish per day, only one of which may be a coho with an intact adipose fin (C.1). Fishing in the Stonewall Bank groundfish conservation area restricted to trolling only on days the all depth recreational halibut fishery is open (see 70 FR 20304, and call the halibut fishing hotline 1-800-662-9825 for additional dates) (C.3, C.4.e). Open days may be adjusted inseason to utilize the available quota (C.5). All salmon except coho seasons reopen the day following the closure of the all salmon fishery.</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I.</p>	

TABLE 2. Recreational management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 5 of 8)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Except as provided above during the selective fishery, the season will be May 1 through September 4 (C.6). <p>All salmon except coho, except as noted above in the coho mark selective fishery. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Seven days per week, two fish per day (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Except as provided above during the selective fishery, the season will be May 26 through September 5 (C.6). <p>All salmon except coho, except as noted above in the coho mark selective fishery. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Seven days per week, two fish per day, no more than 8 fish in 7 consecutive days (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Humbug Mt. to OR/CA Border. (Oregon KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Except as provided above during the all-salmon fishery, the season will be May 26 through July 4 and July 15 through September 9 (C.6). <p>All salmon except coho, except as noted above in the all-salmon fishery. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Seven days per week, two fish per day, no more than 6 fish in 7 consecutive days (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p>	
<p>OR/CA Border. to Horse Mt. (California KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> May 1 through September 4 (C.6). <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Seven days per week, two fish per day (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.c). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith, Klamath, and Eel rivers.</p>	<p>OR/CA Border. to Horse Mt. (California KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> May 26 through September 5 (C.6). <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Seven days per week, two fish per day, no more than 8 fish in 7 consecutive days (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.c). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith, Klamath, and Eel rivers.</p>	<p>OR/CA Border. to Horse Mt. (California KMZ)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> May 26 through July 4 and July 15 through September 9 (C.6). <p>All salmon except coho. Chinook minimum size limit 24 inches total length (B). Seven days per week, two fish per day, no more than 6 fish in 7 consecutive days (C.1). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Klamath Control Zone closed in August (C.4.c). See California State regulations for additional closures adjacent to the Smith, Klamath, and Eel rivers..</p>	
<p>Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> February 17 through November 11. <p>All salmon except coho. Two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p> <p>In 2008, season opens February 16 (nearest Saturday to February 15) for all salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1), Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B), and the same gear restrictions as in 2007 (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)</p> <p>Same as Option I</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	<p>Horse Mt. to Point Arena (Fort Bragg)</p> <p>Same as Option I</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	
<p>Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> April 7 through November 11. <p>All salmon except coho. Two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p> <p>In 2008, the season will open April 6 for all salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1), Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B), and the same gear restrictions as in 2007 (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco)</p> <p>Same as Option I</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	<p>Point Arena to Pigeon Point (San Francisco)</p> <p>Same as Option I</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	

TABLE 2. Recreational management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 6 of 8)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
<p>Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • April 7 through October 7. <p>All salmon except coho. Two fish per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit 20 inches total length (B). See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).</p> <p>In 2008, the season will open April 6 for all salmon except coho, two fish per day (C.1), Chinook minimum size limit of 20 inches total length (B), and the same gear restrictions as in 2007 (C.2, C.3).</p>	<p>Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)</p> <p>Same as Option I</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	<p>Pigeon Point to U.S./Mexico Border (Monterey)</p> <p>Same as Option I</p> <p>In 2008, same as Option I</p>	

TABLE 2. **Recreational** management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 7 of 8) 3/8/2007 3:54 PM

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)

Area (when open)	Chinook	Coho	Pink
North of Cape Falcon			
Option I and II	24.0	16.0	None
Option III	26.0	16.0	None
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.			
Options I and III	20.0	16.0	None
Option II	24.0	16.0	None
Humbug Mt. to Horse Mountain	24.0	-	None, except 20.0 off CA
Horse Mt. to U.S./Mexico Border	20.0	-	20.0

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. Compliance with Minimum Size and Other Special Restrictions: All salmon on board a vessel must meet the minimum size or other special requirements for the area being fished and the area in which they are landed if that area is open. Salmon may be landed in an area that is closed only if they meet the minimum size or other special requirements for the area in which they were caught.

Ocean Boat Limits: Off the coast of Washington, Oregon, and California, each fisher aboard a vessel may continue to use angling gear until the combined daily limits of salmon for all licensed and juvenile anglers aboard has been attained (additional state restrictions may apply).

C.2. Gear Restrictions: All persons fishing for salmon, and all persons fishing from a boat with salmon on board, must meet the gear restrictions listed below for specific areas or seasons.

- a. U.S./Canada Border to Point Conception, California: No more than one rod may be used per angler; and single point, single shank, barbless hooks are required for all fishing gear. [Note: ODFW regulations in the state-water fishery off Tillamook Bay may allow the use of barbed hooks to be consistent with inside regulations.]
- b. Cape Falcon, Oregon, to Point Conception, California: Anglers must use no more than two single point, single shank, barbless hooks.
- c. Horse Mt., California, to Point Conception, California: Single point, single shank, barbless circle hooks (below) must be used if angling with bait by any means other than trolling, and no more than two such hooks shall be used. When angling with two hooks, the distance between the hooks must not exceed five inches when measured from the top of the eye of the top hook to the inner base of the curve of the lower hook, and both hooks must be permanently tied in place (hard tied). Circle hooks are not required when artificial lures are used without bait.

C.3. Gear Definitions:

- a. *Recreational fishing gear defined:* Angling tackle consisting of a line with no more than one artificial lure or natural bait attached. Off Oregon and Washington, the line must be attached to a rod and reel held by hand or closely attended; the rod and reel must be held by hand while playing a hooked fish. No person may use more than one rod and line while fishing off Oregon or Washington. Off California, the line must be attached to a rod and reel held by hand or closely attended. Weights directly attached to a line may not exceed four pounds (1.8 kg). While fishing off California north of Point Conception, no person fishing for salmon, and no person fishing from a boat with salmon on board, may use more than one rod and line. Fishing includes any activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish.
- b. *Trolling defined:* Angling from a boat or floating device that is making way by means of a source of power, other than drifting by means of the prevailing water current or weather conditions.
- c. *Circle hook defined:* A hook with a generally circular shape and a point which turns inward, pointing directly to the shank at a 90° angle.

TABLE 2. **Recreational** management options initially analyzed by the STT for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries, 2007. (Page 8 of 8) 3/8/2007 3:54 PM

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches) (See C.1)

C.4. Control Zone Definitions:

- a. *Columbia Control Zone*: An area at the Columbia River mouth, bounded on the west by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 (46°13'35" N. lat., 124°06'50" W. long.) and the green lighted Buoy #7 (46°15'09" N. lat., 124°06'16" W. long.); on the east, by the Buoy #10 line which bears north/south at 357° true from the south jetty at 46°14'00" N. lat., 124°03'07" W. long. to its intersection with the north jetty; on the north, by a line running northeast/southwest between the green lighted Buoy #7 to the tip of the north jetty (46°15'48" N. lat., 124°05'20" W. long. and then along the north jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line; and on the south, by a line running northeast/southwest between the red lighted Buoy #4 and tip of the south jetty (46°14'03" N. lat., 124°04'05" W. long.), and then along the south jetty to the point of intersection with the Buoy #10 line.
- b. *Grays Harbor Control Zone* - The area defined by a line drawn from the Westport Lighthouse (46° 53'18" N. lat., 124° 07'01" W. long.) to Buoy #2 (46° 52'42" N. lat., 124°12'42" W. long.) to Buoy #3 (46° 55'00" N. lat., 124°14'48" W. long.) to the Grays Harbor north jetty (46° 36'00" N. lat., 124°10'51" W. long.).
- c. *Klamath Control Zone*: The ocean area at the Klamath River mouth bounded on the north by 41°38'48" N. lat. (approximately six nautical miles north of the Klamath River mouth); on the west, by 124°23'00" W. long. (approximately 12 nautical miles off shore); and, on the south, by 41°26'48" N. lat. (approximately 6 nautical miles south of the Klamath River mouth).
- d. *The Bonilla-Tatoosh Line*: A line running from the western end of Cape Flattery to Tatoosh Island Lighthouse (48°23'30" N. lat., 124°44'12" W. long.) to the buoy adjacent to Duntze Rock (48°28'00" N. lat., 124°45'00" W. long.), then in a straight line to Bonilla Point (48°35'30" N. lat., 124°43'00" W. long.) on Vancouver Island, British Columbia.
- e. *Stonewall Bank Groundfish Conservation Area*: The area defined by the following coordinates in the order listed:
 44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°24.92' W. long.;
 44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°23.63' W. long.;
 44°28.71' N. lat.; 124°21.80' W. long.;
 44°28.71' N. lat.; 124°24.10' W. long.;
 44°31.42' N. lat.; 124°25.47' W. long.;
 and connecting back to 44°37.46' N. lat.; 124°24.92' W. long.

C.5. Inseason Management: Regulatory modifications may become necessary inseason to meet preseason management objectives such as quotas, harvest guidelines, and season duration. In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:

- a. Actions could include modifications to bag limits, or days open to fishing, and extensions or reductions in areas open to fishing.
- b. Coho may be transferred inseason among recreational subareas north of Cape Falcon on an impact neutral basis to help meet the recreational season duration objectives (for each subarea) after conferring with representatives of the affected ports and the Council's SAS recreational representatives north of Cape Falcon.
- c. Chinook and coho may be transferred between the recreational and commercial fisheries north of Cape Falcon on an impact neutral basis if there is agreement among the representatives of the SAS.
- d. If retention of unmarked coho is permitted in the area from the U.S./Canada border to Cape Falcon, Oregon, by inseason action, the allowable coho quota will be adjusted to ensure preseason projected mortality of critical stocks is not exceeded.

C.6. Additional Seasons in State Territorial Waters: Consistent with Council management objectives, the States of Washington and Oregon, and California may establish limited seasons in state waters. Oregon State-water fisheries are limited to Chinook salmon. Check state regulations for details.

TABLE 3. Management Options initially analyzed by the STT for 2007 Treaty Indian ocean troll fisheries. (Page 1 of 2)			3/8/2007 3:54 PM
A. SEASON OPTION DESCRIPTIONS			
OPTION I	OPTION II	OPTION III	
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	
<p>1. Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 35,000 Chinook and 38,000 coho.</p> <p>2. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries and stocks.</p>	<p>1. Overall Treaty-Indian TAC:30,000 Chinook and 30,000 coho.</p> <p>2. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries and stocks.</p>	<p>1. Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 20,000 Chinook and 20,000 coho.</p> <p>2. Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, or upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries and stocks.</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 17,500 Chinook quota. <p>All salmon except coho. If the Chinook quota for the May-June fishery is not fully utilized, the excess fish cannot be transferred into the later all-salmon season. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 15,000 Chinook quota. <p>All salmon except coho. If the Chinook quota for the May-June fishery is not fully utilized, the excess fish cannot be transferred into the later all-salmon season. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 10,000 Chinook quota. <p>All salmon except coho. If the Chinook quota for the May-June fishery is not fully utilized, the excess fish cannot be transferred into the later all-salmon season. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • July 1 through the earlier of September 15, or 17,500preseason Chinook quota, or 38,000 coho quota. <p>All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • July 1 through the earlier of September 15, or 15,000 preseason Chinook quota, or 30,000 coho quota. <p>All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • July 1 through the earlier of September 15, or 10,000 preseason Chinook quota, or 20,000 coho quota. <p>All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).</p>	

TABLE 3. Management Options initially analyzed by the STT for 2007 Treaty Indian ocean troll fisheries. (Page 2 of 2)

3/8/2007 3:54 PM

B. MINIMUM SIZE (Inches)

Area (when open)	Chinook		Coho		Pink
	Total Length	Head-off	Total Length	Head-off	
North of Cape Falcon	24.0 (61.0 cm)	18.0 (45.7 cm)	16.0 (40.6 cm)	12.0 (30.5 cm)	None

C. REQUIREMENTS, DEFINITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. Tribe and Area Boundaries. All boundaries may be changed to include such other areas as may hereafter be authorized by a Federal court for that tribe's treaty fishery.

S'KLALLAM - Washington State Statistical Area 4B (All)

MAKAH - Washington State Statistical Area 4B and that portion of the FMA north of 48°02'15" N. lat. (Norwegian Memorial) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.

QUILEUTE - That portion of the FMA between 48°07'36" N. lat. (Sand Pt.) and 47°31'42" N. lat. (Queets River) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.

HOH - That portion of the FMA between 47°54'18" N. lat. (Quillayute River) and 47°21'00" N. lat. (Quinault River) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.

QUINAULT - That portion of the FMA between 47°40'06" N. lat. (Destruction Island) and 46°53'18"N. lat. (Point Chehalis) and east of 125°44'00" W. long

C.2 Gear restrictions

a. Single point, single shank, barbless hooks are required in all fisheries.

b. No more than 8 fixed lines per boat.

c. No more than four hand held lines per person in the Makah area fishery (Washington State Statistical Area 4B and that portion of the FMA north of 48°02'15" N. lat. (Norwegian Memorial) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.)

C.3 Quotas

a. The quotas include troll catches by the S'Klallam and Makah tribes in Washington State Statistical Area 4B from May 1 through September 15.

b. The Makah encounter rate study will occur between May 1 and September 15. Salmon taken in the study by treaty Indian vessels will be counted towards the overall treaty Indian troll quota.

c. The Quileute Tribe will continue a ceremonial and subsistence fishery during the time frame of September 15 through October 15 in the same manner as in 2004, 2005, and 2006. Fish taken during this fishery are to be counted against treaty troll quotas established for the 2007 season (estimated harvest during the October ceremonial and subsistence fishery: 100 Chinook; 200 coho).

C.4 Area Closures

a. The area within a six nautical mile radius of the mouths of the Queets River (47°31'42" N. lat.) and the Hoh River (47°45'12" N. lat.) will be closed to commercial fishing.

b. A closure within two nautical miles of the mouth of the Quinault River (47°21'00" N. lat.) may be enacted by the Quinault Nation and/or the State of Washington and will not adversely affect the Secretary of Commerce's management regime.

TABLE 4. Chinook and coho harvest quotas and guidelines (*) for 2007 ocean salmon fishery management options initially analyzed by the STT. (Page 1 of 1)

Fishery or Quota Designation	Chinook for Option			Coho for Option		
	I	II	III	I	II	III
NORTH OF CAPE FALCON						
TREATY INDIAN OCEAN TROLL^{a/}						
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (All Except Coho)	17,500	15,000	10,000	-	-	-
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (All Species)	17,500	15,000	10,000	38,000	30,000	20,000
Subtotal Treaty Indian Ocean Troll	35,000	30,000	20,000	38,000	30,000	20,000
NON-INDIAN COMMERCIAL TROLL						
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (All Except Coho)	11,625	10,850	8,675	-	-	-
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (All Species) ^{c/}	5,950	5,400	43,252	22,400	19,200	12,800
Subtotal Non-Indian Commercial Troll	17,575	16,250	51,927	22,400	19,200	12,800
RECREATIONAL^{d/}						
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava	1,900 *	1,725 *	1,200 *	12,230	10,480	6,430 ^{c/}
Cape Alava to Queets River	900 *	825 *	550 *	3,060	2,620	1,790
Queets River to Leadbetter Pt.	10,350 *	9,400 *	6,500 *	43,510	37,300	25,380
Leadbetter Pt. to Cape Falcon ^{c/}	4,725 *	4,300 *	2,950 *	58,800	50,400	33,600
Subtotal Recreational	17,875	16,250	11,200	117,600	100,800	67,200
TOTAL NORTH OF CAPE FALCON	70,450	62,500	83,127	178,000	150,000	100,000
SOUTH OF CAPE FALCON						
COMMERCIAL TROLL (all except coho)						
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt. (Aug. and Sept)	-	-	-	-	10,000	-
Humbug Mt. to Oregon/California border (June-Sept)	7,700	5,200	3,000	-	-	-
Oregon/California Border to Humboldt S. Jetty (Sept.)	3,000	6,000	10,000	-	-	-
Ft. Bragg (April and Sept.)	2,000	12,000	22,000	-	-	-
Subtotal Troll	12,700	23,200	35,000	0	10,000	-
RECREATIONAL						
Cape Falcon to Oregon/California Border ^{d/}	-	-	-	50,000	40,000	15,000
TOTAL SOUTH OF CAPE FALCON	12,700	23,200	35,000	50,000	50,000	15,000

a/ For the Makah encounter rate study, legal sized fish retained in open periods will be included in the treaty Indian quota.

b/ The coho quota is a landed catch of coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip.

c/ Does not include Area 4B add on selective fishery of 3,000 coho marked with healed adipose fin clips.

d/ Does not include Buoy 10 fishery. Option I (13,000 marked coho in August and September), Option II (23,000 marked coho in August and September) Option III (274,000 marked coho in August and September).

TABLE 5. Projected key stock escapements (thousands of fish) or management criteria for 2007 ocean fishery options initially analyzed by the STT. ^{ai} (Page 1 of 3)

Key Stock/Criteria	Projected Ocean Escapement ^{ai} or Other Criteria (Council Area Fisheries)			Spawner Objective or Other Comparative Standard as Noted
	Option I	Option II	Option III	
CHINOOK				
Columbia Upriver Brights	182.2	183.4	183.7	57.3 Minimum ocean escapement to attain 46.0 adults over McNary Dam, with normal distribution and no mainstem harvest.
Mid-Columbia Brights	68.3	68.4	68.5	16.6 Minimum ocean escapement to attain 5.75 adults for Bonneville Hatchery and 2.0 for Little White Salmon Hatchery egg-take, assuming average conversion and no mainstem harvest.
Columbia Lower River Hatchery Tules	53.6	54.3	55.7	31.1 Minimum ocean escapement to attain 14.1 adults for hatchery egg-take, with average conversion and no lower river mainstem or tributary harvest.
Columbia Lower River Natural Tules ^{ci} (threatened)	44.3%	43.1%	41.4%	≤42.0% ESA guidance met by a total adult equivalent fishery exploitation rate on Coweeman tules (NMFS ESA consultation standard).
Columbia Lower River Wild (threatened)	9.9	10.0	10.0	5.7 MSY spawner goal for North Lewis River fall chinook (NMFS ESA consultation standard).
Spring Creek Hatchery Tules	21.3	21.9	23.1	11.1 Minimum ocean escapement to attain 7.0 adults for Spring Creek Hatchery egg-take, assuming average conversion and no mainstem harvest.
Snake River Fall (threatened) SRFI	68.5%	67.5%	61.5%	≤70.0% Of 1988-1993 base period exploitation rate for all ocean fisheries (NMFS ESA consultation standard).
Klamath River Fall	35.0	38.0	40.0	35.0 Minimum number of adult spawners to natural spawning areas.
Federally recognized tribal harvest	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0% Equals 40.1, 38.1, and 35.6 (thousand) adult fish for Yurok and Hoopa tribal fisheries.
Adult river mouth return	123.3	121.8	123.3	NA
Age 4 ocean harvest rate	15.8%	15.9%	15.8%	≤16.0% NMFS ESA consultation standard for threatened California coastal chinook.
KMZ sport fishery share	18.1%	14.9%	14.1%	17.0% 2007 Council Guidance.
CA:OR troll fishery share	51:49	62:38	59:41	50:50 2006 KFMC recommendation, no guidance for 2007.
River recreational fishery share	31.8%	21.0%	24.0%	≥15% 2007 Council Guidance. Equals 12.8, 8.0, and 8.5 (thousand) adult fish for recreational inriver fisheries.
Sacramento River Winter (endangered)	Met	Met	Met	Recreational season between Point Arena and Pigeon Point shall open no earlier than the first Saturday in April and close no later than the second Sunday in November; the recreational season between Pigeon Point and the U.S./Mexico Border shall open no earlier than the first Saturday in April and close no later than the first Sunday in October. The minimum size limit shall be at least 20 inches total length. Commercial seasons between Point Arena and the U.S./Mexico border shall open no earlier than May 1 and close no later than September 30, with the exception of an October season conducted Monday through Friday between Point Reyes and Point San Pedro, which shall end no later than October 15. The minimum size limit shall be at least 26 inches total length. (NMFS ESA consultation
Sacramento River Fall	273.7	269.4	26.7	122.0-180.0 Sacramento River fall natural and hatchery adult spawners.

TABLE 5. Projected key stock escapements (thousands of fish) or management criteria for 2007 ocean fishery options initially analyzed by the STT.^{ai} (Page 2 of 3)

Key Stock/Criteria	Projected Ocean Escapement or Other Criteria (Council Area Fisheries)			Spawner Objective or Other Comparative Standard as Noted
	Option I	Option II	Option III	
				COHO
Interior Fraser (Thompson River)	10.8%(4.1%)	10.1%(3.4%)	9.0%(2.3%)	≤10.0% Total exploitation rate for all U.S. fisheries south of the U.S./Canada border based on 2002 PSC coho agreement.
Skagit	35%(3.6%) 21.4	34%(2.9%) 21.5	34%(2.0%) 21.8	≤35.0% 2006 total exploitation rate ceiling based on 2002 PSC coho agreement ^{ci} 30.0 MSP level of adult spawners Identified in FMP.
Stillaguamish	42%(4.9%) 49.4	41%(4.0%) 49.9	40%(2.7%) 50.6	≤50.0% 2006 total exploitation rate ceiling based on 2002 PSC coho agreement ^{ci} 17.0 MSP level of adult spawners Identified in FMP.
Snohomish	44%(4.9%) 64.8	43%(4.0%) 65.5	42%(2.7%) 66.6	≤40.0% 2006 total exploitation rate ceiling based on 2002 PSC coho agreement ^{ci} 70.0 MSP level of adult spawners Identified in FMP.
Hood Canal	45%(3.8%) 30.2	44%(3.2%) 30.5	43%(2.1%) 30.9	≤65.0% 2006 total exploitation rate ceiling based on 2002 PSC coho agreement ^{ci} 21.5 MSP level of adult spawners Identified in FMP.
Strait of Juan de Fuca	12%(3.6%) 26.5	11%(3.1%) 26.7	10%(1.9%) 27.0	≤40.0% 2006 total exploitation rate ceiling based on 2002 PSC coho agreement ^{ci} 12.8 MSP level of adult spawners Identified in FMP.
Quillayute Fall	9.5	9.6	9.8	6.3-15.8 MSY adult spawner range (not annual target). Annual management objectives may be different and are subject to agreement between WDFW and the treaty tribes under U.S. District Court orders.
Hoh	4.7	4.7	4.9	2.0-5.0 MSY adult spawner range (not annual target). Annual management objectives may be different and are subject to agreement between WDFW and the treaty tribes under U.S. District Court orders.
Queets Wild	11.5	11.6	12.0	5.8-14.5 MSY adult spawner range (not annual target). Annual management objectives may be different and are subject to agreement between WDFW and the treaty tribes under U.S. District Court orders.
Grays Harbor	53.3	53.8	54.6	35.4 MSY adult spawner range (not annual target). Annual management objectives may be different and are subject to agreement between WDFW and the treaty tribes under U.S. District Court orders.
Lower Columbia River Natural (threatened)	12.8%	11.4%	8.2%	≤20.0% Marine and mainstem Columbia River fishery exploitation rate (NMFS ESA consultation standard). Value depicted is ocean fishery exploitation rate only.
Upper Columbia ^{ci}	>50%	>50%	>50%	50% Minimum percentage of the run to Bonneville Dam.
Columbia River Hatchery Early	284.0	297.7	341.3	38.7 Minimum ocean escapement to attain hatchery egg-take goal of 16.0 early adult coho, with average conversion and no mainstem or tributary fisheries.
Columbia River Hatchery Late	70.7	78.7	96.6	15.2 Minimum ocean escapement to attain hatchery egg-take goal of 9.7 late adult coho, with average conversion and no mainstem or tributary fisheries.
Oregon Coastal Natural	9.9%	10.2%	7.9%	≤20.0% Marine and freshwater fishery exploitation rate.
Northern California (threatened)	5.2%	5.6%	4.4%	≤13.0% Marine fishery exploitation rate for R/K hatchery coho (NMFS ESA consultation standard).

TABLE 5. Projected key stock escapements (thousands of fish) or management criteria for 2007 ocean fishery options initially analyzed by the STT.^{a/} (Page 3 of 3)

a/ Projections in the table assume a WCVI mortality for coho of the 2006 observed level. Southeast Alaska, North Coast BC, and WCVI troll and outside sport fisheries were assumed to have the same exploitation rates as expected preseason in 2006. Assumptions for these chinook fisheries will be changed prior to the April meeting when allowable catch levels for 2007 under the PST are known.

b/ Ocean escapement is the number of salmon escaping ocean fisheries and entering freshwater with the following clarifications. Ocean escapement for Puget Sound stocks is the estimated number of salmon entering Area 4B that are available to U.S. net fisheries in Puget Sound and spawner escapement after impacts from the Canadian, U.S. ocean, and Puget Sound troll and recreational fisheries have been deducted. Numbers in parentheses represent Council area exploitation rates for Puget sound coho stocks. For Columbia River early and late coho stocks, ocean escapement represents the number of coho after the Buoy 10 fishery. Exploitation rates for OCN coho include impacts of freshwater fisheries.

c/ Annual management objectives may be different than FMP goals, and are subject to agreement between WDFW and the treaty tribes under U.S. District Court orders. Total exploitation rate includes Alaskan, Canadian, Council area, Puget Sound, and freshwater fisheries and is calculated as total fishing mortality divided by total fishing mortality plus spawning escapement. These total exploitation rates reflect the initial base package for inside fisheries developed by state and tribal comanagers. It is anticipated that total exploitation rates will be adjusted by state and tribal comanagers during the preseason planning process to comply with stock specific exploitation rate constraints.

d/ Includes minor contributions from East Fork Lewis River and Sandy River.

e/ The fisheries in this option will need to be restructured if negotiations in the North of Falcon forum or final preseason catch expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries do not result in an SRFI at or below 0.700 as required by the NMFS ESA consultation standard.

f/ The fisheries in this option will need to be restructured if negotiations in the North of Falcon forum or final preseason catch expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries do not result in a total exploitation rate for all U.S. fisheries south of the U.S./Canada border of no more than 10.0% as required by the 2002 PSC agreement.

g/ Includes projected impacts of inriver fisheries that have not yet been shaped, but have been **reduced** from 2006 preseason levels based on 2007 abundance.

TABLE 7. Expected coastwide lower Columbia Natural (LCN) Oregon coastal natural (OCN) and Rogue/Klamath (RK) coho, and Lower Columbia River (LCR) natural tule Chinook exploitation rates by fishery for 2007 ocean fisheries management options initially analyzed by the STT. (Page 1 of 1)

Fishery	Exploitation											
	LCN Coho			OCN Coho			RK Coho			LCR Tule		
	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III
SOUTHEAST ALASKA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%	3.2%	3.3%
BRITISH COLUMBIA	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	13.7%	13.9%	14.3%
PUGET SOUND/STRAIT	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
NORTH OF CAPE FALCON												
Treaty Indian Ocean Troll	1.7%	1.3%	0.9%	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.8%	5.9%	4.1%
Recreational	5.2%	4.3%	2.8%	1.2%	1.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.5%	4.1%	3.3%
Non-Indian Troll	1.6%	1.1%	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	4.8%	3.9%
SOUTH OF CAPE FALCON												
Recreational:	2.7%	2.2%	2.1%									
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.				2.7%	2.2%	1.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Humbug Mt. OR/CA border (KMZ)				0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
OR/CA border to Horse Mt. (KMZ)				0.7%	0.6%	0.5%	2.0%	1.9%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fort Bragg				0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
South of Pt. Arena				0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Troll:	1.4%	2.1%	1.3%									
Cape Falcon to Humbug Mt.				1.4%	2.7%	1.3%	0.2%	0.6%	0.2%	5.0%	5.2%	4.9%
Humbug Mt. OR/CA border (KMZ)				0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
OR/CA border to Horse Mt. (KMZ)				0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%			
Fort Bragg				0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%			
South of Pt. Arena				0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
BUOY 10	0.9%	10.0%	10.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.5%	5.6%	7.2%
ESTUARY/FRESHWATER	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%			
TOTAL ^{a/}	12.6%	11.4%	8.2%	9.9%	10.2%	7.9%	5.2%	5.6%	4.4%	44.3%	43.1%	41.4%

a/ Total does not include Buoy 10 for LCN coho.