

Excerpt from the the Fishery Management Plan for U.S. West Coast Fisheries for Highly Migratory Species (HMS FMP)

8.3.5 Management Cycle

The management cycle is a pre-determined regular schedule for council management actions with respect to HMS fisheries. Cycle differences affect the time available for fishery assessments, the timeliness of available data and of management response, and the degree to which fishers can participate in the management process.

Future developments in the fisheries do not ordinarily bring need for change in the management cycle schedule, and the management cycle is thus a fixed element of the FMP. However, should there be need to change the management schedule, e.g., because of marked changes in fishery practices, the Council can do so by vote and without a plan amendment, provided the Council gives six-month notice.

The FMP establishes a *biennial* management cycle with regulatory/statistical year *April 1 to March 31*. The schedule would be as follows:

Year 1	June	Provide update to the Council on status of the HMS fisheries; preliminary SAFE report. If necessary, Council directs HMSMT to prepare draft regulatory analysis to implement harvest levels and/or management measures.
	September	Annual SAFE document presented to Council. If necessary, Council directs HMSMT to prepare a draft regulatory analysis to implement new harvest levels and/or management measures. Council adopts for public review proposed actions addressing concerns from current and previous SAFE reports.
	November	Council adopts final action and submits to NMFS for approval.
Year 2	April	Measures become effective, and stay in effect for at least two years.

Rationale: Allows at least minimally sufficient time for data analysis, provides for timely response to fishery problems, and allows most fishers adequate access to the management process, as scheduled.

The cycle is repeated biennially, with new actions considered in September and becoming effective in April every other year. The Council would schedule HMS for the June, September, and November Council meetings.

Under this biennial cycle (or any cycle), the HMS management team would still conduct ongoing reviews of the fisheries and status of stocks and prepare an annual SAFE document for the Council. The Council would still have to prepare a stock rebuilding plan within one year of notification by the Secretary of Commerce that a stock has been declared overfished, as called for under the Magnuson-Stevens Act (*SEC. 8.2*).