

Errata Page

The following two sections were inadvertently excluded from the draft Environmental Assessment (Agenda Item H.2.b, NMFS Report).

The section references in Section 3.3.3 of Agenda Item H.2.b, NMFS Report should be corrected to refer to Sections 3.3.6.1 and 3.3.6.2.

3.3.6.1 Euphausia pacifica EFH (Fig. 16)

Larvae, juveniles and adults: From the inner boundary of the U.S. West Coast EEZ (beyond 3 nm) seaward to the 1000 fm (1,829 m) isobath, from the U.S.- Mexico north to the U.S.-Canada border, from the surface to 400 m deep, from the U.S.- Mexico north to the U.S.-Canada border (Fig. 16). Highest concentrations occur within the inner third of the EEZ, but can be advected into offshore waters in phytoplankton-rich upwelling jets (Fig. 15) that are known to occur seaward to the outer boundary of the EEZ and beyond.

3.3.6.2 Thysanoessa spinifera EFH (Fig. 17)

Larvae, juveniles and adults: From the inner boundary of the U.S. West Coast EEZ (beyond 3 nm) seaward to the 500 fm (914 m) isobath, from the U.S.- Mexico north to the U.S.-Canada border, from the surface to 100 m deep. Largest concentrations in waters less than 200 m deep, although individuals, especially larvae and juveniles, can be found far seaward of the shelf, probably advected there by upwelling jets (Figs. 15, 17).